

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Spent Sulfuric Acid

Section 1. Identification

Product name : Spent Sulfuric Acid
Product code : Not available.
Synonyms : Not available.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : By-Product

Area of application : Industrial applications.

Manufacturer : HF Sinclair

2828 North Harwood

Suite 1300

Dallas, Texas 75201

USA

Customer Service: (214) 954-6720

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC® (800) 424-9300

number CCN 201319

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the
substance or mixture: H314SKIN CORROSION - Category 1H318SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1H317SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
H340 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1

H350 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 85% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 85%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H340 - May cause genetic defects.

H350 - May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have

been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

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rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Inhalation

Skin contact

Ingestion

: Causes severe digestive tract burns.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
sulphuric acid diethyl sulphate			7664-93-9 64-67-5
dimethyl sulphate	-	<0.2	77-78-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes.

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If

unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before

reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting

occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.Ingestion: Severely corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes severe burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : pain; watering; redness; blindness

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Inhalation : respiratory tract irritation; coughing; pulmonary edema

Skin contact: pain or irritation; redness; blistering may occur

Ingestion : stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of medical responders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: sulfur oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, waterways, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
sulphuric acid	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).	
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 10 hours.	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).	
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).	
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Thoracic fraction	
diethyl sulphate	None.	
dimethyl sulphate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin.	
	TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hours.	
	TWA: 0.52 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin.	
	TWA: 0.1 ppm 10 hours.	
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 10 hours.	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). Absorbed through skin.	
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.	
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.	

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Dark brown Odor Not available. : Not available. **Odor threshold**

pН

Melting point : Not available.

: 204 to 260°C (400 to 500°F) **Boiling point**

Flash point : Not available. : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. Lower and upper explosive Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure Vapor density : >1 [Air = 1] **Specific gravity** : 1.8

Density : Not available.

Solubility : Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reactivity

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form

explosive mixtures with air.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

alkalis

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
sulphuric acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	2140 mg/kg	-
diethyl sulphate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	706 mg/kg	=
	LD50 Oral	Rat	880 mg/kg	-
dimethyl sulphate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	45 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	205 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sulphuric acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 5 milligrams	-
diethyl sulphate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	23.6 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
dimethyl sulphate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	-

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
sulphuric acid diethyl sulphate dimethyl sulphate		2A	Known to be a human carcinogen. Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dimethyl sulphate	Category 2	Not determined	central nervous system (CNS) and heart
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Route of exposure	Target organs
dimethyl sulphate	Category 2	Not determined	kidneys and liver

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Spent Sulfuric Acid	Not applicable.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: May cause genetic defects.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2517.6 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sulphuric acid	Acute LC50 42500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Pandalus montagui - Adult	48 hours
dimethyl sulphate	Acute LC50 36 ul/L Marine water Acute LC50 7500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Agonus cataphractus Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

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Spent Sulfuric Acid HF Sinclain						
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
dimethyl sulphate	EU 301E Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test	97 % - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
dimethyl sulphate	-	-			Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
diethyl sulphate	1.14	-	low
dimethyl sulphate	0.16		low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1832	UN1832	UN1832
UN proper shipping name	Sulfuric acid, spent	SULPHURIC ACID, SPENT	Sulphuric acid, spent
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

DOT Classification

: <u>Reportable quantity</u> 1176.5 lbs / 534.12 kg [78.388 gal / 296.73 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Limited quantity No.

<u>Packaging instruction</u> Exceptions: None. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger aircraft/rail: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft: 30 L. <u>Special provisions</u> A3, A7, B2, B83, B84, IB2, N34, T8, TP2

IMDG : **Emergency schedules** F-A, S-B

Special provisions 113

IATA : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: Forbidden. Packaging instructions:

Forbidden. Cargo Aircraft Only: 30 L. Packaging instructions: 855. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: Forbidden. Packaging instructions: Forbidden.

Special provisions A1, A34

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: dimethyl sulphate

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sulphuric acid

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

llutants (HAPs)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

Listed

: Listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
sulphuric acid dimethyl sulphate	80 - 90 <0.2	Yes. Yes.	1000 500	66.3 45	1000 100	66.3 9

SARA 304 RQ : 1176.5 lbs / 534.1 kg [78.4 gal / 296.7 L]

SARA 311/312

Classification : SKIN CORROSION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract [severe]

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
sulphuric acid	80 - 90	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract [severe]
diethyl sulphate	<0.2	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract
dimethyl sulphate	<0.2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

Spent Sulfuric Acid HF Sinclair (central nervous system (CNS), heart) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (kidneys, liver) - Category 2 HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	sulphuric acid	7664-93-9	80 - 90
	diethyl sulphate	64-67-5	<0.2
	dimethyl sulphate	77-78-1	<0.2
Supplier notification	sulphuric acid	7664-93-9	80 - 90
	diethyl sulphate	64-67-5	<0.2
	dimethyl sulphate	77-78-1	<0.2

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: SULFURIC ACID

New York : The following components are listed: Sulfuric acid; Diethyl sulfate; Dimethyl sulfate;

Methyl sulfate

New Jersey : The following components are listed: SULFURIC ACID: DIHYDROGEN SULFATE:

DIETHYL SULFATE; ETHYL SULFATE; DIMETHYL SULFATE; METHYL SULFATE

: The following components are listed: SULFURIC ACID; SULFURIC ACID, DIETHYL

ESTER; SULFURIC ACID, DIMETHYL ESTER

California Prop. 65

Pennsylvania

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid, Diethyl sulfate, Dimethyl sulfate, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid	-	-
Diethyl sulfate	-	-
Dimethyl sulfate	-	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Skin Corr. 1, H314	On basis of test data
Eye Dam. 1, H318	On basis of test data
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Muta. 1, H340	Calculation method
Carc. 1A, H350	Calculation method

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named manufacturer, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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