







November 2015 | NAREIT Presentation

### Forward-Looking Statements

The information in this presentation has been prepared solely for informational purposes. "We," "AMH," "AH4R," "the Company," "the REIT," "our" and "us" refer to American Homes 4 Rent, a Maryland real estate investment trust, and its subsidiaries taken as a whole.

Various statements contained in this presentation, including those that express a belief, expectation or intention, as well as those that are not statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements may include projections and estimates concerning the timing and success of our strategies, plans or intentions. Forward-looking statements are generally accompanied by words such as "estimate," "project," "predict," "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "potential," "plan," "goal" or other words that convey the uncertainty of future events or outcomes. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and assumptions about future events. These assumptions include, among others, our projections and expectations regarding: market trends in the single-family home rental industry and in the local markets where we operate, our ability to institutionalize a historically fragmented business model, our business strengths, our ideal tenant profile, the quality and location of our properties in attractive neighborhoods, the scale advantage of our national platform and the superiority of our operational infrastructure, the effectiveness of our investment philosophy and diversified acquisition strategy, our ability to create a cash flow opportunity with attractive current yields and upside from increasing rents and cost efficiencies and our understanding of our competition and general economic, demographic and real estate conditions that may impact our business. While we consider these expectations and assumptions to be reasonable, they are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, regulatory and other risks, contingencies and uncertainties, most of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control and could cause actual results to differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Investors should not place undue reliance on these



### American Homes 4 Rent (AMH) Highlights

### **Objectives** Company had 38,377 properties in 22 states, as of September 30, 2015 Scale Provides cost efficiencies and access to capital Company is fully internally managed -**Platform** acquisition, administration and property management Objective for 2015 is to stabilize portfolio **Cash Flow** Outlook 2015 Stabilize total portfolio occupancy from Occupancy 79.6% at December 2014 As stabilization is occurring, increasing rates **Rental Rates** on re-leasing opportunities **Operational** Heighten focus on each operational **Platform** discipline

	Metrics				
			As of		
	Sep-15	Jun-15	Mar-15	Dec-14	Sep-14
Occupied single-family properties	35,232	34,293	30,185	27,528	25,724
Leased single-family properties	35,617	34,903	31,183	28,250	26,161
Total single-family properties	38,377	37,491	36,588	34,599	30,877
Total leased percentage	92.8%	93.1%	85.2%	81.6%	84.7%
Total occupancy percentage	91.8%	91.5%	82.5%	79.6%	83.3%
Stabilized leased percentage	95.4%	95.8%	93.4%	92.8%	94.1%
Stabilized occupancy percentage	94.3%	94.1%	90.4%	90.5%	92.4%
Leverage	35.6%	32.7%	30.9%	26.4%	17.9%
		Three	Months E	Ended	
	Sep-15	Jun-15	Mar-15	Dec-14	Sep-14
Renewal rate	74.4%	76.6%	79.2%	73.9%	77.5%
Retention rate	66.0%	69.2%	68.1%	66.6%	68.4%
Core NOI margin %	58.6%	60.8%	63.3%	62.1%	57.3%
Core FFO per share	\$0.19	\$0.17	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.15
G&A annualized as % of total assets	0.35%	0.38%	0.37%	0.38%	0.38%

Refer to Defined Terms in our Third Quarter 2015 Supplemental Information Package for definition of terms used in this presentation





# SFR Industry Overview

**Largest Income Producing Asset Class** in the U.S.

- 14.9 million single-family rental homes in the U.S.<sup>(1)</sup>
- Historical "mom & pop" landlord model
- Institutional ownership represents only ~1% of total single-family rental market

**Macro Factors Driving Rental Demand** 

- Household formation continues to show strong growth, outpacing new housing supply
- Student and credit card debt continue to hinder ability to purchase a home
- Homeownership across all age groups has continued to fall since 2004

**Consumer Shift Toward Renting** 

- Desire for increased flexibility and mobility continue to shift consumer mindset toward renting vs. owning
- Larger down payment requirements and tight lending standards following housing crisis continue to limit ability of many to purchase a home

**Acquisition Opportunities Remain Robust and Attractive** 

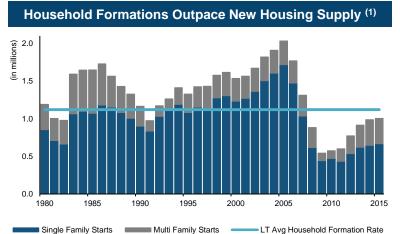
- Despite decline in REO inventory and mortgage delinquencies, acquisition opportunities remain robust with reduced competition
- Yields remain compelling and high relative to historical averages
- Purchase prices significantly below replacement costs, providing downside protection

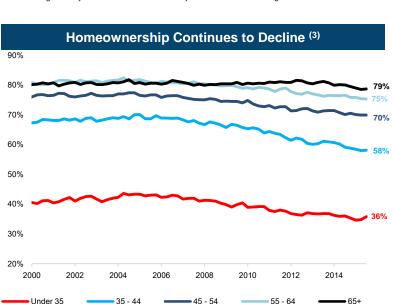
**Bullish Long Term Prospects** 

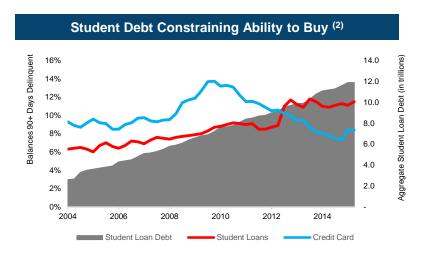
- Current rent per square foot significantly below multi-family comparables, providing opportunity to drive rent growth
- Ability and expertise to streamline and control all aspects of the business model
- As SFR market matures and operations stabilize, we believe the sector will likely become a core institutionally owned asset class focused on cash flow metrics
- Many parallels between SFR sector and other recently institutionalized sectors, including multi-family, self-storage, healthcare and datacenters, which took time to mature

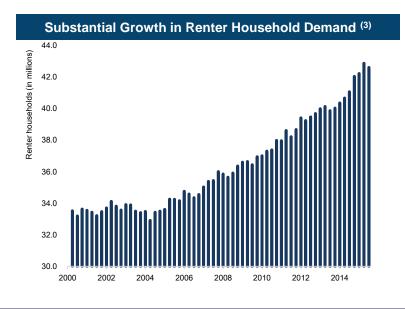


# Significant and Growing Demand for Rental Homes











Federal Reserve Bank of New York Economic Research

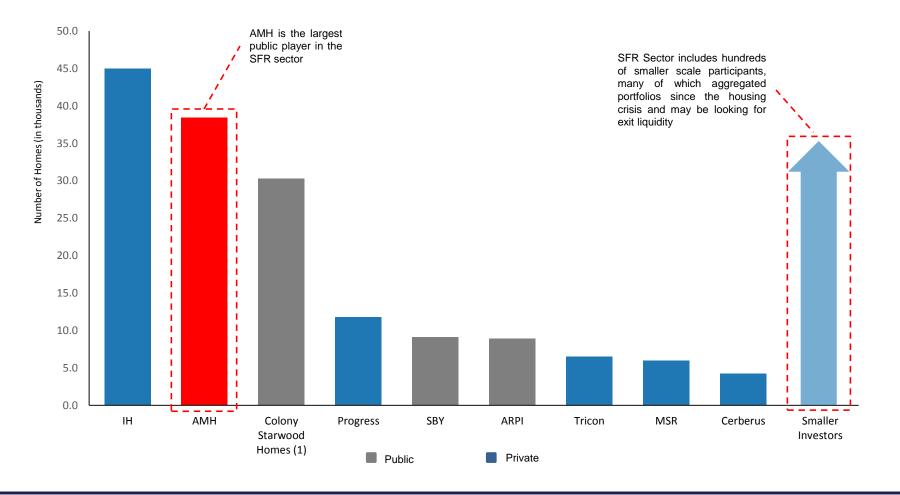
U.S. Census Bureau





### Overview of Institutional SFR Landscape

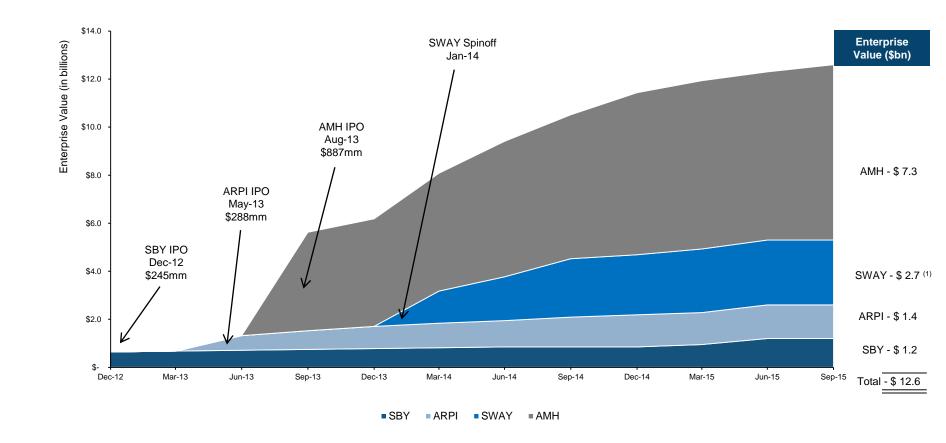
SFR sector is poised for consolidation as larger players benefit from cost of capital advantages and smaller investors face difficulty achieving scale





### **Evolution of Public SFR REITs**

The Public SFR sector has evolved from the first IPO in late 2012 to four public players today, with a total enterprise value of approximately \$13 billion





# Benchmarking the Public REITs

### AMH has industry leading balance sheet quality, portfolio scale and market diversity

	AMERICAN 4	American Residential Properties, Inc. (NYSE: ARPI)	Silver Bay Realty Trust Corp (NYSE: SBY)	Colony Starwood Homes (NYSE: SFR) <sup>(2)</sup>
Enterprise value	\$ 7.3 bn	\$ 1.4 bn	\$ 1.2 bn	\$7.7 bn
Equity market cap (1)	\$ 4.7 bn	\$ 0.6 bn	\$ 0.6 bn	\$ 3.9 bn
Number of properties	38,377	8,938	9,074	30,305
Number of markets	41	17	13	14
Average investment cost	\$ 172,678	\$ 150,133	\$ 134,000	\$ 179,152
Average size of unit	1,965	1,827	1,639	1,843
Investment cost / sq. foot	\$ 88	\$ 82	\$ 82	\$ 97
Average rent	\$ 1,436	\$ 1,272	\$ 1,159	\$ 1,462
Average property age	13 years	18 years	26 years	28 years
Percent leased	93%	94%	95%	92%
Management structure	Internal	Internal	Internal	Internal





### **AMH Overview**

### Large, Diversified Portfolio

- 38,377 high quality homes as of September 30, 2015
- 92.8% total portfolio leased percentage as of September 30, 2015
- Properties in 22 states / 41 markets

#### Scale

- · Largest public SFR REIT with strong reputation as industry consolidator
- Well-developed national operating platform provides enhanced acquisition execution, lower renovation costs, operating efficiencies and increased brand awareness
- Scale provides liquidity, access to capital and investor familiarity

#### High Asset Quality and Tenant Focus

- Attracting quality tenants begins with best in class homes. Focus on high-quality, well-located properties in attractive neighborhoods with good schools
- Focus on tenant increases credit quality, drives higher retention and reduces maintenance costs

### Superior Operational Infrastructure

- Internalized asset and property management, with significant investment in technology further drive scale advantages
- Well-developed national operating platform with local market expertise
- Centralized leasing, customer service and maintenance call centers provide superior tenant experience and improved operational control
- Remote entry system allows tenants to tour properties at their leisure, while reducing load on local leasing team
- Standardized renovation process optimizes property onboarding and increases turn efficiency

# Experienced Management Team with Strong Alignment of Interest

- Management team with track record of successfully building and operating businesses in public markets
- Founder and senior management hold approximately \$1 billion of equity ownership



### Key Milestones Achieved to Date

# Operational Achievements

#### **Equity Capital**

#### Debt Capital Raises

#### **JV Capital**

#### Strategic M&A Activity

- 38,377 homes
- Fully-internalized in-market property management
- Centralized leasing, customer service and maintenance call centers
- Consistent inhouse technology advancements
- 93% total leased percentage and moving closer to stabilization

- 2012: \$530mm private placement
- Q1 2013: \$747mm private placement
- Q3 2013: \$887mm IPO & concurrent private placement
- Q3 2014: \$229mm public offering & \$50mm private placement
- 2013/14: Three preferred stock offerings for \$426mm total
- Q3 2015: \$300mm Class A common share repurchase program approved

- Q1 2013: \$800mm Asset-Backed Credit Facility (L+2.75%)
- Q2 2014: \$481mm
   5 year floating rate securitization
   (L+1.54%) (1)
- Q3 2014: \$488mm 10yr fixed rate securitization (4.42%)
- Q4 2014: \$528mm 10yr fixed rate securitization (4.40%)
- Q1 2015: \$553mm 10yr fixed rate securitization (4.14%) (2)
- Q3 2015: \$478mm 10yr fixed rate securitization (4.36%) (2)

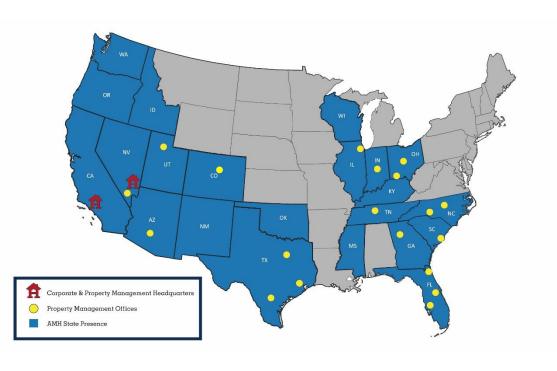
- 2012: \$750mm JV between former AMH sponsor and Alaska Permanent Fund
- Q2 2013: AMH acquires Alaska Permanent Fund JV for \$904mm in equity consideration
- Q1 2014: Formed NPL JV with JCRI and other 3<sup>rd</sup> party capital
- Q2 2014: Formed additional JV with Alaska Permanent Fund

- Q3 2014: Acquired 1,372 home Beazer portfolio for \$257mm in total cash and equity consideration
- Q4 2014: Acquired 914 home Ellington portfolio for \$126mm in allcash transaction
- 2014/15: Acquired numerous small portfolios from local aggregators
- Continue to evaluate a significant pipeline of strategic opportunities



### National High Quality Portfolio in Attractive Markets

Large, high quality portfolio on national scale provides operating efficiencies and downside protection through geographic diversity



#### **Investment Case - Selected Markets**

#### **Dallas-Fort Worth**

- Strong net inbound migration
- Robust job growth
- Tremendous rental demand

#### **Indianapolis**

- Higher levels of distressed neighborhoods resulting in bigger discounts to replacement cost
- Strong rental demand

#### Atlanta (Northside)

- Long term growth prospects
- Strong schools
- Tremendous rental demand

#### **Houston**

- Continued strong rental demand
- Local economy growing more diverse

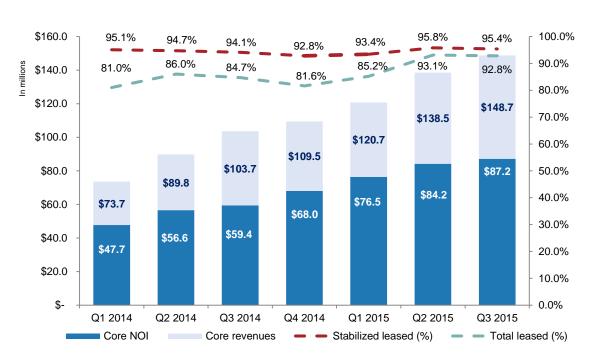


### Third Quarter 2015 Operational Update

#### Q3 2015 Overview

- As of September 30, 2015:
  - Properties owned: 38,377
  - Portfolio leased percentage: 92.8%
  - Portfolio occupancy percentage: 91.8%
  - Stabilized leased percentage: 95.4%
  - Stabilized occupancy percentage: 94.3%
- Total portfolio increased by 886 homes
- Maintained solid tenant renewal rate of 74.4% and tenant retention rate of 66.0%

#### **Quarterly Leasing, Core Revenues and Core NOI Increases**



Continued strong growth in cash flow from operations and portfolio leased percentage moving closer to stabilization



# Q3 2015 QTD Performance Highlights

#### Q3 2015 QTD Highlights

- Core FFO of \$49.3mm, or \$0.19 per FFO share, a 28.3% increase compared to Q3 2014 QTD
- NOI from initially leased properties of \$87.2mm, a 46.6% increase over Q3 2014 QTD
- Consistently strong Core NOI margin of 59%

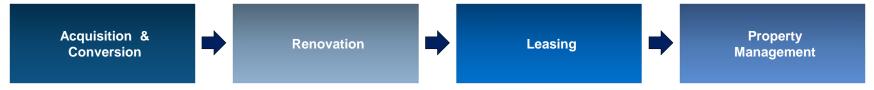
#### **Same-Home Results**

	7	Three Mor			
	S	Sep 30,	S	Sep 30,	
(In thousands, except property and per property data)		2015		2014	% Change
Number of Same-Home properties		20,963		20,963	
Leased percentage as of period end		95.2%		93.5%	
Occupancy percentage as of period end		94.3%		92.5%	
Average leased percentage		95.6%		93.9%	
Average occupancy percentage		94.6%		93.1%	
Average scheduled monthly rent (1)	\$	1,438	\$	1,407	
Core Net Operating Income from Same-Home Properties:					
Rents from single-family properties	\$	84,612	\$	81,292	4.1%
Fees from single-family properties		1,206		754	59.9%
Bad debt		(1,301)		(1,677)	(22.4%)
Core revenues from Same-Home properties		84,517		80,369	5.2%
Property tax		14,649		13,721	6.8%
HOA fees, net of tenant charge-backs		1,828		1,739	5.1%
R&M and turnover costs, net of tenant charge-backs		9,724		10,936	(11.1%)
Insurance		1,127		1,437	(21.6%)
Property management		7,550		7,698	(1.9%)
Core property operating expenses from Same-Home properties		34,878		35,531	(1.8%)
Core NOI from Same-Home properties	\$	49,639	\$	44,838	10.7%
Core NOI from Same-Home properties margin		58.7%		55.8%	





### Operational Life Cycle



# Growth engine to achieve scale across national platform

- Acquisition channels:
  - Auction
  - Broker / MLS
  - NPL
  - M&A / portfolio
- Diversified footprint
  - 22 states / 41 markets
  - Growing population
  - Strong demographics
- Dedicated team
  - All acquisitions underwritten / executed by AMH personnel

- Comprehensive inspection and renovation process
- Utilize 3,000 contractors nationwide
- Achieve substantial discounts through scale
   bargaining power on national contracts
- Standardized renovation process optimizes property onboarding and increases turn efficiency

# Operational optimization to create stable, growing cash flow

- Best in class, state of the art call center
- Combination of inperson and automated showings
- Centralized tenant underwriting ensuring consistent high quality tenant base
- · Centralized lease writing

- Centralized tenant maintenance and national maintenance call center
- Centralized collections and receivable management
- Field personnel in all markets to serve tenants



# Marketing and Leasing – Stabilizing Occupancy & Optimizing Rents

#### **Leasing Channels**









#### **Tenant Underwriting**

Showings

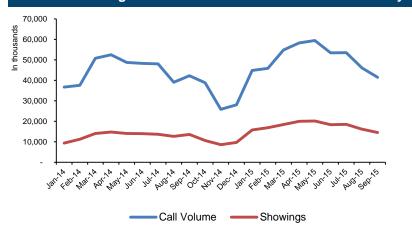
- Rental history
- Credit history
- · Criminal records
- Minimum 3x Income / Rent

#### Average Household

- 2.0 adults, 1.3 children, 0.7 pets
- \$85,000 household income
- 5x Income / Rent

Ongoing analysis and optimization of tenant underwriting parameters to yield best in class tenant base

#### National Leasing Call Center – Provides Control & Scalability



#### **Leasing Volume**

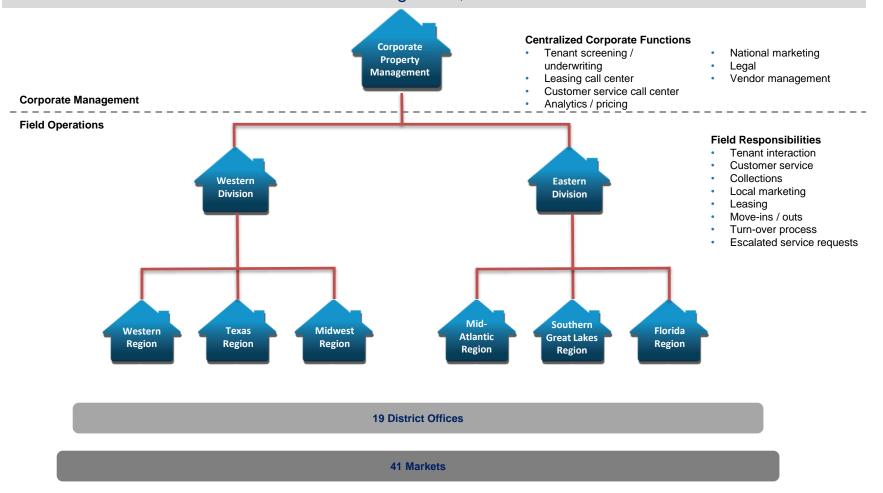


■ Initial ■ New ■ Renewal



### Property Management – Centralized control, with local touch

Scalable internal property management platform with more than 500 personnel. Designed to provide benefit of centralized management, with local tenant interaction



### NOI and Core NOI Reconciliation

	Three Months Ended									
	Sep 30, 2015		,	Jun 30, 2015		Mar 31, 2015		Dec 31, 2014		Sep 30, 2014
Net loss	\$	(19,938)	\$	(8,398)	\$	(8,265)	\$	(9,992)	\$	(12,796)
Remeasurement of Preferred shares		3,000		(580)		(120)		3,810		1,750
Remeasurement of Series E units		525		(2,143)		(1,838)		1,007		(3,588)
Depreciation and amortization		67,800		59,221		53,664		47,205		44,855
Acquisition fees and costs expensed		4,153		4,236		5,908		6,465		14,550
Noncash share-based compensation expense		913		734		696		691		751
Interest expense		23,866		22,003		15,670		9,379		5,112
General and administrative expense		6,090		6,276		6,131		5,879		5,291
Property operating expenses for vacant										
single-family properties and other		2,522		4,456		5,972		4,129		3,885
Other revenues		(1,771)		(1,644)		(1,365)		(543)		(372)
Initially Leased Property NOI		87,160		84,161		76,453		68,030		59,438
Tenant charge-backs		19,881		11,962		8,372		5,621		4,282
Expenses reimbursed by tenant charge-backs		(19,881)		(11,962)		(8,372)		(5,621)		(4,282)
Bad debt expense excluded from operating expenses		2,220		1,514		1,271		1,262		2,044
Bad debt expense included in revenues		(2,220)		(1,514)		(1,271)		(1,262)		(2,044)
Initially Leased Property Core NOI	\$	87,160	\$	84,161	\$	76,453	\$	68,030	\$	59,438

Initially Leased Property NOI is a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure that we define as rents and fees from single-family properties and tenant charge-backs, less property operating expenses for leased single-family properties. Initially Leased Property Core NOI is also a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure that we define as rents and fees from single-family properties, net of bad debt expense, less property operating expenses for initially leased single-family properties, excluding expenses reimbursed by tenant charge-backs and bad debt expense.

Initially Leased Property NOI and Core NOI also exclude remeasurement of preferred shares, remeasurement of Series E units, depreciation and amortization, acquisition fees and costs expensed, noncash share-based compensation expense, interest expense, general and administrative expense, property operating expenses for vacant single-family properties and other, and other revenues.



### FFO and Core FFO Reconciliation

		Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended			
	Sep 30, 2015		Sep 30, 2014		Sep 30, 2015		Sep 30, 2014	
Net loss attributable to common shareholders		(28,616)	\$	(21,747)	\$	(64,103)	\$	(47,673)
Adjustments:								
Noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership		3,123		3,583		10,853		11,438
Depreciation and amortization of real estate assets		66,218		43,153		174,288		113,773
FFO attributable to common share and unit holders	\$	40,725	\$	24,989	\$	121,038	\$	77,538
Adjustments:				_				
Acquisition fees and costs expensed		4,153		14,550		14,297		15,921
Noncash share-based compensation expense		913		751		2,343		1,895
Remeasurement of Series E units		525		(3,588)		(3,456)		4,112
Remeasurement of preferred shares		3,000		1,750		2,300		2,348
Core FFO attributable to common share and unit holders	\$	49,316	\$	38,452	\$	136,522	\$	101,814
Weighted-average number of FFO shares and units (1)	265,691,012		256,170,943		265,737,484		24	4,874,904
Per FFO share and unit:								
FFO attributable to common share and unit holders	\$	0.15	\$	0.10	\$	0.46	\$	0.32
Core FFO attributable to common share and unit holders	\$	0.19	\$	0.15	\$	0.51	\$	0.42

FFO attributable to common share and unit holders is a non-GAAP financial measure that we calculate in accordance with the White Paper on FFO approved by the Board of Governors of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), which defines FFO as net income or loss calculated in accordance with GAAP, excluding extraordinary items, as defined by GAAP, gains and losses from sales of depreciable real estate, plus real estate-related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs and depreciation of non-real estate assets), and after adjustment for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures.

Core FFO attributable to common share and unit holders is a non-GAAP financial measure that we use as a supplemental measure of our performance. We compute this metric by adjusting FFO attributable to common share and unit holders for (1) acquisition fees and costs expensed incurred with recent business combinations and the acquisition of individual properties, (2) noncash share-based compensation expense and (3) noncash fair value adjustments associated with remeasuring our Series E units liability and preferred shares derivative liability to fair value.







