
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2026
OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission File Number: [001-34480](#)

VERISK ANALYTICS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

[26-2994223](#)
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

545 Washington Boulevard
Jersey City
NJ
(Address of principal executive offices)

07310-1686
(Zip Code)

[\(201\) 469-3000](#)
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange where registered</u>
Common Stock \$.001 par value	VRSK	NASDAQ Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of April 24, 2026, there were 131,021,840 shares outstanding of the registrant's Common Stock, par value \$.001.

Verisk Analytics, Inc.
Index to Form 10-Q

Table of Contents

	<u>Page Number</u>
PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)</u>	
<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	<u>26</u>
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	<u>35</u>
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	<u>35</u>
PART II — OTHER INFORMATION	
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>36</u>
<u>Item 1A. Risk Factors</u>	<u>36</u>
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>36</u>
<u>Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>37</u>
<u>Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	<u>37</u>
<u>Item 5. Other Information</u>	<u>37</u>
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	<u>37</u>
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	<u>39</u>
Exhibit 31.1	
Exhibit 31.2	
Exhibit 32.1	

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

**VERISK ANALYTICS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	(Unaudited) March 31, 2026	(Audited) December 31, 2025
	(in millions, except for share and per share data)	
ASSETS:		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 524.5	\$ 2,178.2
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$35.7 and \$33.2, respectively	554.3	422.2
Prepaid expenses	83.2	86.4
Income taxes receivable	—	48.6
Other current assets	39.9	30.0
Total current assets	<u>1,201.9</u>	<u>2,765.4</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Fixed assets, net	578.2	582.8
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	132.7	138.9
Intangible assets, net	329.0	346.6
Goodwill	1,863.1	1,878.2
Deferred income tax assets	36.1	36.6
Other noncurrent assets	457.4	447.0
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,598.4</u>	<u>\$ 6,195.5</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT) EQUITY:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 199.0	\$ 319.1
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	258.4	1,508.9
Deferred revenues	681.2	444.2
Operating lease liabilities	24.9	26.3
Income taxes payable	17.2	1.8
Total current liabilities	<u>1,180.7</u>	<u>2,300.3</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term debt	4,217.2	3,228.3
Deferred income tax liabilities	196.9	193.4
Operating lease liabilities	124.7	136.9
Other noncurrent liabilities	45.8	26.8
Total liabilities	<u>5,765.3</u>	<u>5,885.7</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		
Stockholders' (deficit) equity:		
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 544,003,038 shares issued; 131,016,125 and 138,397,709 shares outstanding, respectively	0.1	0.1
Additional paid-in capital	2,898.3	3,113.2
Treasury stock, at cost, 412,986,913 and 405,605,329 shares, respectively	(12,132.0)	(10,721.8)
Retained earnings	7,979.7	7,810.5
Accumulated other comprehensive income	86.2	107.0
Total Verisk stockholders' (deficit) equity	<u>(1,167.7)</u>	<u>309.0</u>
Noncontrolling interests	0.8	0.8
Total stockholders' (deficit) equity	<u>(1,166.9)</u>	<u>309.8</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' (deficit) equity	<u>\$ 4,598.4</u>	<u>\$ 6,195.5</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

VERISK ANALYTICS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	(in millions, except for share and per share data)	
Revenues	\$ 782.6	\$ 753.0
Operating expenses:		
Cost of revenues (exclusive of items shown separately below)	236.6	230.8
Selling, general and administrative	109.5	108.9
Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets	69.9	67.4
Amortization of intangible assets	14.4	15.8
Total operating expenses, net	430.4	422.9
Operating income	352.2	330.1
Other expense:		
Investment (loss) gain	(0.5)	2.6
Interest expense, net	(43.2)	(36.3)
Total other expense, net	(43.7)	(33.7)
Income before income taxes	308.5	296.4
Provision for income taxes	(74.3)	(64.1)
Net income	\$ 234.2	\$ 232.3
Basic net income per share attributable to Verisk:	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.66
Diluted net income per share attributable to Verisk:	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.65
Weighted-average shares outstanding:		
Basic	135,020,391	140,294,117
Diluted	135,222,570	140,939,555

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

VERISK ANALYTICS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	(in millions)	
Net income	\$ 234.2	\$ 232.3
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(21.8)	30.3
Pension and postretirement liability adjustment	1.0	0.9
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(20.8)	31.2
Comprehensive income	213.4	263.5
Less: Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	0.4
Comprehensive income attributable to Verisk	\$ 213.4	\$ 263.9

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

VERISK ANALYTICS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT) EQUITY (UNAUDITED)
For The Three Months Ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

	Common Stock Issued	Par Value	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Verisk Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
(in millions, except for share data)									
Balance, January 1, 2026	544,003,038	\$ 0.1	\$ 3,113.2	\$ (10,721.8)	\$ 7,810.5	\$ 107.0	\$ 309.0	\$ 0.8	\$ 309.8
Net income	—	—	—	—	234.2	—	234.2	—	234.2
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	(20.8)	(20.8)	—	(20.8)
Investment in noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Common stock dividend ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—	(65.0)	—	(65.0)	—	(65.0)
Treasury stock acquired (7,569,344 shares)	—	—	—	(1,401.8)	—	—	(1,401.8)	—	(1,401.8)
Treasury stock shares repurchased not yet settled	—	—	(225.1)	—	—	—	(225.1)	—	(225.1)
Net excise tax associated with share repurchases	—	—	—	(13.6)	—	—	(13.6)	—	(13.6)
Stock options exercised (77,294 shares transferred from treasury stock)	—	—	7.8	2.2	—	—	10.0	—	10.0
Performance share units ("PSUs") lapsed (34,749 shares transferred from treasury stock)	—	—	(0.9)	0.9	—	—	—	—	—
Restricted stock ("RSAs") lapsed (67,384 shares transferred from treasury stock)	—	—	(1.8)	1.8	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	18.4	—	—	—	18.4	—	18.4
Net share settlement from RSAs and PSUs (64,321 shares withheld for tax settlement)	—	—	(14.3)	—	—	—	(14.3)	—	(14.3)
Other stock issuances (8,333 shares transferred from treasury stock)	—	—	1.0	0.3	—	—	1.3	—	1.3
Balance, March 31, 2026	<u>544,003,038</u>	<u>\$ 0.1</u>	<u>\$ 2,898.3</u>	<u>\$ (12,132.0)</u>	<u>\$ 7,979.7</u>	<u>\$ 86.2</u>	<u>\$ (1,167.7)</u>	<u>\$ 0.8</u>	<u>\$ (1,166.9)</u>
Balance, January 1, 2025	544,003,038	\$ 0.1	\$ 2,994.0	\$ (10,062.4)	\$ 7,153.4	\$ 15.0	\$ 100.1	\$ 4.9	\$ 105.0
Net income	—	—	—	—	232.3	—	232.3	—	232.3
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	30.8	30.8	0.4	31.2
Investment in noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(4.5)	(4.5)
Common stock dividend ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—	(62.8)	—	(62.8)	—	(62.8)
Treasury stock acquired (760,379 shares)	—	—	45.0	(215.1)	—	—	(170.1)	—	(170.1)
Treasury stock shares repurchased not yet settled	—	—	(30.0)	—	—	—	(30.0)	—	(30.0)
Net excise tax associated with share repurchases	—	—	—	(1.3)	—	—	(1.3)	—	(1.3)
Stock options exercised (195,474 shares transferred from treasury stock)	—	—	20.0	4.9	—	—	24.9	—	24.9
PSUs lapsed (40,780 shares issued from treasury stock)	—	—	(0.6)	0.6	—	—	—	—	—
RSAs lapsed (61,175 shares transferred from treasury stock)	—	—	(1.9)	1.9	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	15.5	—	—	—	15.5	—	15.5
Net share settlement from RSAs (65,215 shares withheld for tax settlement)	—	—	(17.9)	—	—	—	(17.9)	—	(17.9)
Other stock issuances (6,109 shares transferred from treasury stock)	—	—	1.3	0.2	—	—	1.5	—	1.5
Balance, March 31, 2025	<u>544,003,038</u>	<u>\$ 0.1</u>	<u>\$ 3,025.4</u>	<u>\$ (10,271.2)</u>	<u>\$ 7,322.9</u>	<u>\$ 45.8</u>	<u>\$ 123.0</u>	<u>\$ 0.8</u>	<u>\$ 123.8</u>

(1) Refer to [Note 8](#). Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity for discussion related to quarterly cash dividends declared per share.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

VERISK ANALYTICS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
(in millions)		
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 234.2	\$ 232.3
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets	69.9	67.4
Amortization of intangible assets	14.4	15.8
Amortization of debt issuance costs and original issue discount, net of original issue premium	0.8	0.6
Provision for doubtful accounts	4.8	5.3
Stock-based compensation expense	18.4	15.6
Deferred income taxes	4.0	(9.7)
Acquisition related liability adjustment	1.1	—
Other operating	0.2	—
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable	(138.6)	(133.6)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(16.2)	11.1
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	1.8	5.6
Income taxes	64.0	141.1
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(117.2)	(44.5)
Deferred revenues	238.1	136.7
Operating lease liabilities	(8.7)	(3.7)
Other liabilities	19.4	4.7
Net cash provided by operating activities	390.4	444.7
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisitions and purchase of additional controlling interest, net of cash acquired of \$0.0 and \$0.0, respectively	—	(4.1)
Investments in non-public companies, net	(0.9)	—
Capital expenditures	(64.0)	(53.7)
Escrow release associated with acquisitions	0.5	—
Net cash used in investing activities	(64.4)	(57.8)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net of original discount	999.0	698.3
Proceeds from Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility	750.0	—
Repayment of Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility	(750.0)	—
Proceeds from Term Loan Facility	500.0	—
Repayment of Term Loan Facility	(250.0)	—
Repayment of short-term debt, inclusive of special mandatory redemption fee	(1,515.0)	—
Payment of debt issuance costs	(8.9)	(6.2)
Repurchases of common stock	(1,401.8)	(170.1)
Common stock repurchases not yet settled	(225.1)	(30.0)
Proceeds from stock options exercised	10.6	24.7
Net share settlement of taxes from RSAs and PSUs	(14.3)	(17.9)
Dividends paid	(65.5)	(63.0)
Other financing activities, net	(6.9)	(2.5)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(1,977.9)	433.3
Effect of exchange rate changes	(1.8)	0.7
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,653.7)	820.9
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	2,178.2	291.2
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 524.5	\$ 1,112.1
Supplemental disclosures:		
Income taxes paid (received)	\$ 6.1	\$ (67.4)
Interest paid	\$ 60.0	\$ 10.4
Noncash investing and financing activities:		
Finance lease additions	\$ 4.4	\$ 1.2
Operating lease (terminations) additions, net	\$ (3.7)	\$ 0.6
Fixed assets included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ —	\$ 0.1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

VERISK ANALYTICS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in millions, except for share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

1. Organization:

Verisk Analytics, Inc. (the "Company") is a strategic data analytics and technology partner to the global insurance industry. We empower clients to strengthen operating efficiency, improve underwriting and claims outcomes, combat fraud and make informed decisions about global risks, including climate change, catastrophic events, sustainability, and political issues. Through advanced data analytics, software, scientific research, and deep industry knowledge, we help build global resilience for individuals, communities, and businesses. We trade under the ticker symbol "VRSK" on the Nasdaq Global Select Market.

2. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Our accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("U.S. GAAP"). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates include acquisition purchase price allocations, the fair value of goodwill and intangibles, the realization of deferred tax assets and liabilities, acquisition-related liabilities, fair value of stock-based compensation for equity awards granted, and assets and liabilities for pension and postretirement benefits. Actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

Our condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2026 and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring items, to present fairly our financial position, results of operations, and cash flows. Our operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2026 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. Our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 have been prepared on the same basis as and should be read in conjunction with our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules of the SEC. We believe the disclosures made are adequate to keep the information presented from being misleading.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standard	Description	Effective Date	Effect on Consolidated Financial Statements or Other Significant Matters
<i>Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): In November 2024, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2024-03, Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses ("ASU No. 2024-03").</i>	The amendments in ASU No. 2024-03 require additional disclosure of the nature of expenses included in the income statement as well as disclosures about specific types of expenses included in the expense captions presented in the income statement.	The ASU is effective for the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2027, with early adoption permitted. Prospective application is required and retrospective application is permitted.	We are currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on our disclosures.
<i>Income Statement—Reporting Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Subtopic 326-20): In July 2025, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2025-05, Measurement of Credit Losses for Accounts Receivable and Contract Assets ("ASU No. 2025-05").</i>	The amendments in ASU No. 2025-05 introduce a practical expedient for all entities related to applying Subtopic 326-20 to current accounts receivable and current contract assets arising from transactions accounted for under Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers.	The ASU's amendments are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2025. Early adoption is permitted. Prospective application is required.	The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.
<i>Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): In September 2025, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2025-06, Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Internal-Use Software ("ASU No. 2025-06").</i>	The amendments in ASU No. 2025-06 make targeted improvements to Subtopic 350-40 to increase the operability of the recognition guidance considering different methods of software development.	The ASU's amendments are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. Prospective, modified, or retrospective application is permitted.	We are currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on our consolidated financial statements.
<i>Codification Improvements: In December 2025, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2025-12, Codification Improvements ("ASU No. 2025-12").</i>	The amendments in ASU No. 2025-12 provide updates for a broad range of Topics arising from technical corrections, unintended application of the Codification, clarifications, and other minor improvements.	The ASU's amendments are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026. Early adoption is permitted. Prospective and retrospective application are permitted.	The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Revenues:

Disaggregated revenues by type of service and by country are provided below for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025. No individual customer or country outside of the U.S. accounted for 10.0% or more of our consolidated revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2026 or 2025.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Insurance:		
Underwriting	\$ 552.1	\$ 532.0
Claims	230.5	221.0
Total revenues	<u>\$ 782.6</u>	<u>\$ 753.0</u>
	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Revenues:		
United States	\$ 638.4	\$ 621.5
United Kingdom	65.3	60.0
Other countries	78.9	71.5
Total revenues	<u>\$ 782.6</u>	<u>\$ 753.0</u>

Contract assets are defined as an entity's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the entity has transferred to a customer when that right is conditioned on something other than the passage of time. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, we had no contract assets.

Contract liabilities are defined as an entity's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, we had contract liabilities that primarily related to unsatisfied performance obligations to provide customers with the right to use and update the online content over the remaining contract term of \$689.9 million and \$446.2 million, respectively. Contract liabilities, which are current and noncurrent, are included in "Deferred revenues" and "Other noncurrent liabilities" in our condensed consolidated balance sheets, respectively, as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

The following is a summary of the change in contract liabilities from December 31, 2025 through March 31, 2026:

Contract liabilities at December 31, 2025	\$ 446.2
Additions to contract liabilities	1,027.4
Total revenues	(782.6)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(1.1)
Contract liabilities at March 31, 2026	<u>\$ 689.9</u>

Our most significant remaining performance obligations relate to providing customers with the right to use and update the online content over the remaining contract term. Our disclosure of the timing for satisfying the performance obligation is based on the requirements of contracts with customers. However, from time to time, these contracts may be subject to modifications, impacting the timing of satisfying the performance obligations. These performance obligations, which are expected to be satisfied within one year, comprised approximately 99% of the balance as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

We recognize an asset for incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer if we expect the benefits of those costs to be longer than one year. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, we had deferred commissions of \$81.7 million and \$77.5 million, respectively, which have been included in "Prepaid expenses" and "Other noncurrent assets" in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

4. Investments and Fair Value Measurements:

Certain assets and liabilities are reported at fair value in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Such assets and liabilities include amounts for both financial and non-financial instruments. ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements*, established a three-level fair value hierarchy to prioritize the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value, as follows:

Level 1 - Assets or liabilities for which the identical item is traded on an active exchange, such as publicly-traded instruments.

Level 2 - Assets or liabilities valued based on observable market data for similar instruments.

Level 3 - Assets or liabilities for which significant valuation assumptions are not readily observable in the market; instruments valued based on the best available data, some of which are internally-developed, and considers risk premiums that market participants would require.

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and short-term debt approximate their carrying amounts, because of the short-term nature of these instruments and are classified as Level 1. Our investments in registered investment companies, which are Level 1 assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, were \$0.7 million as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025. Our investments in registered investment companies are valued using quoted prices in active markets multiplied by the number of shares owned and were included in "Other current assets" in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

We elected not to carry our long-term debt at fair value. The carrying value of the long-term debt represents amortized cost, inclusive of unamortized premium, and net of unamortized discount and debt issuance costs. We assess the fair value of these financial instruments based on an estimate of interest rates available to us for financial instruments with similar features, our current credit rating, and spreads applicable to us. The following table summarizes the carrying value and estimated fair value of these financial instruments as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively:

	Fair Value Hierarchy	March 31, 2026		December 31, 2025	
		Carrying Value	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Value	Estimated Fair Value
Financial instruments not carried at fair value:					
Senior notes (Note 7)	Level 2	\$ 4,206.6	\$ 4,056.5	\$ 4,715.4	\$ 4,670.6

As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, we had securities without readily determinable market values of \$198.8 million and \$198.9 million, respectively, which were accounted for at cost. We do not have the ability to exercise significant influence over the investees' operating and financial policies and do not hold investments in common stock or in-substance common stock in such entities. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, we also had investments in private companies of \$30.8 million and \$29.8 million, respectively, accounted for in accordance with ASC [323-10-25](#), *The Equity Method of Accounting for Investments in Common Stock* ("ASC [323-10-25](#)"), as equity method investments. All such investments were included in "Other noncurrent assets" in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, there was no provision for credit losses related to these investments.

5. Acquisitions:

There were no acquisitions announced or completed in the first quarter of 2026.

Acquisition Escrows and Related Liabilities

Pursuant to the related acquisition agreements, we have funded various escrow amounts to satisfy pre-acquisition indemnity and tax claims arising subsequent to the acquisition dates, as well as a portion of the contingent payment. At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the escrows amounted to \$2.2 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, and are included in "Other noncurrent assets" in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

As of March 31, 2026, the acquisitions of Morning Data Limited and Data Driven Safety, LLC included acquisition-related contingent payments, for which the sellers of these acquisitions could receive additional payments by achieving the specific predetermined revenue and EBITDA margin earn-out targets for exceptional performance. We believe that the liabilities recorded as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 reflect the best estimate of acquisition-related contingent payments. The current liability for acquisition-related contingent payments was \$2.1 million and \$9.6 million as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively. There was no associated noncurrent portion of the contingent payments as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively.

6. Income Taxes:

Our effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2026 was 24.1% compared to the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2025 of 21.6%. The increase in the effective tax rate was primarily due to lower tax benefits from equity compensation in the current period versus the prior period. The difference between statutory tax rates and our effective tax rate is primarily due to state and local taxes, partially offset by tax benefits attributable to equity compensation.

7. Debt:

The following table presents short-term and long-term debt by issuance:

	Issuance Date	Maturity Date	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt:				
Term loan facility, net of debt issuance costs of \$0.4	2/18/2026	2/19/2027	\$ 249.6	\$ —
Syndicated revolving credit facility	Various	Various	—	—
Senior notes:				
4.500% senior notes, less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$0.0	8/21/2025	8/15/2030	—	750.0
5.125% senior notes, less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$0.0	8/21/2025	2/15/2036	—	750.0
Finance lease liabilities	Various	Various	8.8	8.9
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt			<u>258.4</u>	<u>1,508.9</u>
Long-term debt:				
Senior notes:				
4.125% senior notes, inclusive of unamortized premium, and net of unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$4.4 and \$4.8, respectively	3/6/2019	3/15/2029	604.4	604.8
4.450% senior notes, less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$(4.3) and \$0.0, respectively	2/26/2026	3/15/2031	495.7	—
5.750% senior notes, less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$(6.7) and \$(7.0), respectively	3/3/2023	4/1/2033	493.3	493.0
5.250% senior notes, less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$(12.4) and \$(12.7), respectively	6/5/2024	6/5/2034	587.6	587.3
5.250% senior notes, less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$(7.1) and \$(7.3), respectively	3/11/2025	3/15/2035	692.9	692.7
5.125% senior notes, less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$(5.1) and \$0.0, respectively	2/26/2026	3/15/2036	494.9	—
5.500% senior notes, less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$(3.4) and \$(3.5), respectively	5/15/2015	6/15/2045	346.6	346.5
3.625% senior notes, less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$(8.8) and \$(8.9), respectively	5/13/2020	5/15/2050	491.2	491.1
Finance lease liabilities	Various	Various	12.3	14.7
Syndicated revolving credit facility debt issuance costs	Various	Various	(1.7)	(1.8)
Long-term debt			<u>4,217.2</u>	<u>3,228.3</u>
Total debt			<u>\$ 4,475.6</u>	<u>\$ 4,737.2</u>

Senior Notes

As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, we had senior notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$4,250.0 million and \$4,750.0 million outstanding, respectively, and were in compliance with our financial and other covenants.

On February 26, 2026, we completed the issuances of \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.450% senior notes due 2031 (the "2031 Senior Notes") and \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.125% senior notes due 2036 (the "2036 Senior Notes"). The 2031 Senior Notes will mature on March 15, 2031, and accrue interest at a fixed rate of 4.450% per annum, and the 2036 Senior Notes will mature on March 15, 2036, and accrue interest at a fixed rate of 5.125% per annum. Interest on both issuances is payable semiannually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2026. The 2031 Senior Notes and 2036 Senior Notes were issued at a discount of \$0.2 million and \$0.8 million, and we incurred debt issuance costs of \$4.1 million and \$4.4 million, respectively. The original issuance discount and debt issuance costs were recorded in "Long-term debt" in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets and these costs will be amortized to "Interest expense" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations over the life of the 2031 Senior Notes and 2036 Senior Notes. The net proceeds of the 2031 Senior Notes and 2036 Senior Notes were used to repay the amounts drawn from our syndicated revolving credit facility ("Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility") and part of the term loan facility ("Term Loan Facility"). The indenture governing the 2031 Senior Notes and 2036 Senior Notes restricts our ability to, among other things, create certain liens, enter into sale/leaseback transactions and consolidate with, sell, lease, convey or otherwise transfer all or substantially all of our assets, or merge with or into, any other person or entity.

Special Mandatory Redemption

On July 29, 2025, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire ExactLogix, Inc. ("AccuLynx"). The indenture governing the \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.500% senior notes due 2030 (the "4.500% 2030 Senior Notes") and \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.125% senior notes due 2036 (the "5.125% 2036 Senior Notes"), which were issued in connection with the AccuLynx acquisition, included a special mandatory redemption provision requiring us to redeem the 4.500% 2030 Senior Notes and 5.125% 2036 Senior Notes in full upon the occurrence of certain events, including the termination of the acquisition agreement. Upon the termination of the acquisition agreement in accordance with its terms on December 26, 2025, this provision was triggered and we notified the trustee on December 29, 2025 that we will redeem the \$1,500.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 4.500% 2030 Senior Notes and 5.125% 2036 Senior Notes in full at the special mandatory redemption price, equal to 101% of the principal amount of such notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. As a result, we recognized a total loss of \$33.9 million related to the redemption of the 4.500% 2030 Senior Notes and 5.125% 2036 Senior Notes consisting of a 1.0% redemption premium of \$15.0 million charged to "Net (loss) gain on early extinguishment of debt" and the amortization of deferred issuance costs and original issuance discounts of \$18.9 million to "Interest expense, net" within the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2025. On January 6, 2026, pursuant to the special mandatory redemption provision, we redeemed the \$1,500.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 4.500% 2030 Senior Notes and 5.125% 2036 Senior Notes in full at the special mandatory redemption price, equal to 101% of the principal amount of such notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.

Credit Facility

We have a Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility with a borrowing capacity of \$1,250.0 million with Bank of America N.A., HSBC Bank USA, N.A., The Toronto-Dominion Bank, N.A., Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A., and The Northern Trust Company. The Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes, including working capital needs and capital expenditures, acquisitions, dividend payments, and the share repurchase program (the "Repurchase Program"). As of March 31, 2026, we were in compliance with all financial and other debt covenants under our Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility. During the three months ended March 31, 2026, we drew \$750.0 million under our Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility for share repurchases under the accelerated share repurchase agreements, general corporate purposes, and the payment of related fees and expenses. We subsequently repaid the full amount prior to March 31, 2026. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the available capacity under the Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility was \$1,245.2 million and \$1,245.4 million, which takes into account outstanding letters of credit of \$4.8 million and \$4.6 million, respectively.

Term Loan Facility

On February 18, 2026, we entered into a term loan credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. The Term Loan Facility provides for a 364-day senior unsecured delayed draw term loan facility in an aggregate committed principal amount of \$500.0 million and carries an interest rate of SOFR plus 95 basis points or a base rate. The financial covenants require that, at the end of any fiscal quarter, we have a consolidated interest rate coverage ratio of not less than 3.00 to 1.00, and a maximum consolidated funded debt leverage ratio of not greater than 3.75 to 1.00. At our election, the maximum consolidated funded debt leverage ratio could be permitted to increase to 4.50 to 1.00 (no more than once) and to 4.25 to 1.00 (no more than once) in connection with the closing of a permitted acquisition. The proceeds of the Term Loan Facility were used to finance, together with \$750.0 million under the Company's existing Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility, share repurchases under the accelerated share repurchase agreements, for general corporate purposes and to pay related fees and expenses. As of March 31, 2026, the Company repaid \$250.0 million of the Term Loan Facility and had \$250.0 million outstanding under the Term Loan Facility.

8. Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity:

We have 2,000,000,000 shares of authorized common stock as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025. Our common shares have rights to any dividend declared by our Board of Directors ("Board"), subject to any preferential or other rights of any outstanding preferred stock, and voting rights to elect all current members of the Board. At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the adjusted closing price of our common stock was \$189.75 and \$223.69 per share, respectively.

We have 80,000,000 shares of authorized preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share. The preferred shares have preferential rights over the common shares with respect to dividends and net distribution upon liquidation. We did not issue any preferred shares as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

On February 13, 2026, our Board approved a cash dividend of \$0.50 per share of common stock issued and outstanding to the holders of record as of March 13, 2026. Cash dividends of \$65.5 million and \$63.0 million were paid during the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and recorded as a reduction to retained earnings.

Share Repurchase Program

In February 2026, we entered into Accelerated Share Repurchase ("ASR") Agreements (the "February ASR Agreements") to repurchase shares of our common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$1.5 billion with HSBC Bank USA, National Association and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. We utilized cash received from operations, proceeds from our Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan Facility for these repurchases. All ASR agreements are accounted for as a treasury stock transaction and forward stock purchase agreement indexed to our common stock. The forward stock purchase agreements are classified as equity instruments under ASC 815-40, *Contracts in Entity's Own Equity* ("ASC 815-40") and deemed to have a fair value of zero at the respective effective date. The aggregate purchase price was recorded as a reduction to stockholders' deficit in our condensed consolidated statement of changes in stockholders' deficit for the three months ended March 31, 2026. Upon the payment of the aggregate purchase price on February 23, 2026, we received an initial delivery of 6,986,302 shares of our common stock at an initial price of \$182.50, representing approximately 85 percent of the aggregate purchase price. The total number of shares purchased pursuant to the February ASR Agreements will be based on the volume-weighted average prices of our common stock on specified dates during the term of the February ASR Agreements, less a discount, and subject to adjustments pursuant to the terms and conditions of the February ASR Agreements. Final settlement under the February ASR Agreements is expected to occur during the third quarter of 2026. Upon the final settlement of the February ASR Agreements, we may be entitled to receive additional shares of our common stock or, under certain limited circumstances, be required to deliver shares to the counterparties or, at our election, pay cash to the counterparties.

In addition to the February ASR Agreements, during the three months ended March 31, 2026, we repurchased \$126.1 million of our common stock through open market repurchases. Through these open market repurchases, we received 583,042 shares at an average price of \$216.24 recorded within treasury stock. We utilized cash received from operations for these repurchases.

On February 13, 2026, our Board approved an increase to the share repurchase program authorization to \$2.5 billion, inclusive of the then remaining authorization. As of March 31, 2026, we had \$1.0 billion remaining under our share repurchase program. These repurchases for the three months ended March 31, 2026 resulted in a reduction of outstanding shares used to calculate the weighted average common shares outstanding for basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS").

During the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, we recorded total excise tax of \$13.6 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, which has been included within treasury stock, as part of the cost basis of the stock repurchased, and "Accounts payable and accrued liabilities" in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2026 and 2025.

Treasury Stock

As of March 31, 2026, our treasury stock consisted of 412,986,913 shares of common stock, carried at cost. During the three months ended March 31, 2026, we transferred 187,760 shares of common stock from the treasury shares at a weighted average treasury stock price of \$27.45 per share.

Earnings Per Share

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income attributable to Verisk by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The computation of diluted EPS is similar to the computation of basic EPS except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding, using the treasury stock method, if the dilutive potential common shares, including vested and nonvested stock options, nonvested restricted stock awards, nonvested restricted stock units, nonvested performance share units ("PSU"), and nonvested deferred stock units, had been issued.

The following is a presentation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted EPS computations for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Numerator used in basic and diluted EPS:		
Net income	\$ 234.2	\$ 232.3
Denominator:		
Weighted average number of common shares used in basic EPS	135,020,391	140,294,117
Effect of dilutive shares:		
Potential common shares issuable from stock options and stock-based awards	202,179	645,438
Weighted average number of common shares and dilutive potential common shares used in diluted EPS	<u>135,222,570</u>	<u>140,939,555</u>

The potential shares of common stock that were excluded from diluted EPS were 1,741,751 and 47,243 for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively, because the effect of including those potential shares was anti-dilutive.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following is a summary of accumulated other comprehensive income as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$ 151.0	\$ 172.8
Pension and postretirement adjustment, net of tax	(64.8)	(65.8)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>\$ 86.2</u>	<u>\$ 107.0</u>

The before-tax and after-tax amounts of other comprehensive (loss) income for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 are summarized below:

	Before Tax	Tax (Expense) Benefit	After Tax
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2026			
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$ (21.8)	\$ —	\$ (21.8)
Pension and postretirement adjustment before reclassifications	2.5	(0.7)	1.8
Amortization of net actuarial loss and prior service benefit reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income ⁽¹⁾	(1.1)	0.3	(0.8)
Pension and postretirement adjustment	1.4	(0.4)	1.0
Total other comprehensive loss	\$ (20.4)	\$ (0.4)	\$ (20.8)
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2025			
Foreign currency translation adjustment attributable to Verisk	\$ 29.9	\$ —	\$ 29.9
Foreign currency translation adjustment attributable to noncontrolling interests	0.4	—	0.4
Foreign currency translation adjustment	30.3	—	30.3
Pension and postretirement adjustment before reclassifications	2.2	(0.6)	1.6
Amortization of net actuarial loss and prior service benefit reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income ⁽¹⁾	(1.0)	0.3	(0.7)
Pension and postretirement adjustment	1.2	(0.3)	0.9
Total other comprehensive income	\$ 31.5	\$ (0.3)	\$ 31.2

- (1) These accumulated other comprehensive loss components, before tax, are included under "Cost of revenues" and "Selling, general and administrative" in our accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations. These components are also included in the computation of net periodic (benefit) cost (see [Note 10](#), Pension and Postretirement Benefits for additional details).

9. Equity Compensation Plans:

All of our outstanding stock options, restricted stock awards, deferred stock units, and PSUs are covered under our Verisk Analytics Inc. Equity Incentive Plan ("2021 Incentive Plan"). Awards under our 2021 Incentive Plan may include one or more of the following types: (i) stock options (both nonqualified and incentive stock options), (ii) stock appreciation rights, (iii) restricted stock, (iv) restricted stock units, (v) performance awards, (vi) other share-based awards, and (vii) cash. Employees, non-employee directors, and consultants are eligible for awards under our 2021 Incentive Plan. We transferred common stock under these plans from our treasury shares. As of March 31, 2026, there were 11,351,084 shares of common stock reserved and available for future issuance under our 2021 Incentive Plan. Cash received from stock option exercises for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 was \$10.6 million and \$24.7 million, respectively.

In January 2026, we granted 282,414 non-qualified stock options, 169,187 shares of restricted stock, and 62,662 PSUs to key employees. The non-qualified stock options have an exercise price equal to the adjusted closing price of our common stock on the grant date, a graded service vesting period of four years, and a ten-year contractual term. The fair value of the restricted stock is determined using the closing price of our common stock on the grant date and subject to a graded service vesting period of four years. The restricted stock is not assignable or transferable until it becomes vested. The PSUs granted consisted of 39,097 PSUs that are based on the achievement of relative total shareholder return as compared to the companies that comprise the S&P 500 index ("TSR-based PSUs") and 23,565 PSUs that are tied to the achievement of certain financial performance conditions, namely incremental return on invested capital based on net operating profit ("ROIC-based PSUs"). The TSR-based PSUs and ROIC-based PSUs have a three-year performance period, subject to the recipients' continued service. Each PSU represents the right to receive one share of our common stock and the ultimate realization is based on our achievement of certain market and financial performance criteria and may range from 0% to 200% of the recipient's target levels of 100% established on the grant date. The fair value of TSR-based PSUs is determined on the grant date using the Monte Carlo Simulation model. The fair value of ROIC-based PSUs is determined using the closing price of our common stock on the grant date. We recognize the expense of the equity awards ratably over the vesting period, which could be up to four years.

A summary of the status of the stock options, restricted stock, and PSUs awarded under our 2021 Incentive Plan as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 and changes during the interim period are presented below:

	Stock Option			Restricted Stock		PSU	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
Outstanding at December 31, 2025	1,676,340	\$ 180.40	\$ 72.6	321,947	\$ 242.66	135,916	\$ 262.39
Granted	282,414	\$ 222.05		169,759	\$ 222.05	62,662	\$ 250.54
Dividend reinvestment	—			—		377	N/A
Exercised or lapsed	(77,294)	\$ 129.83	\$ 5.8	(106,446)	\$ 225.11	(45,252)	\$ 204.30
Canceled, expired or forfeited	(11,279)	\$ 246.94		(5,594)	\$ 239.19	(1,697)	\$ 285.56
Outstanding at March 31, 2026	1,870,181	\$ 188.38	\$ 2.6	379,666	\$ 238.37	152,006	\$ 272.01
Exercisable at March 31, 2026	1,295,123	\$ 168.13	\$ 28.0				
Exercisable at December 31, 2025	1,178,052	\$ 156.76	\$ 78.8				
Nonvested at March 31, 2026	575,058			379,666		152,006	
Expected to vest at March 31, 2026	490,542			336,293		85,660 ⁽¹⁾	

(1) Includes estimated performance achievement

[Table of Contents](#)

The fair value of the stock options granted was estimated using a Black-Scholes valuation model that uses the weighted average assumptions noted in the following table for the three months ended March 31:

Option pricing model	2026	2025
	Black-Scholes	Black-Scholes
Weighted average grant price	\$ 222.05	\$ 273.81
Expected volatility	22.90%	22.00%
Risk-free interest rate	3.67%	4.37%
Expected term in years	3.7	3.5
Dividend yield	0.64%	0.62%
Weighted average grant date fair value per stock option	\$ 48.42	\$ 59.49

The expected term for the stock options granted was estimated based on studies of historical experience and projected exercise behavior. However, for certain awards granted, for which no historical exercise pattern exists, the expected term was estimated using the simplified method. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of U.S. Treasury zero coupon securities with a maturity equal to the expected term of the equity award. The volatility factor is calculated using historical daily closing prices over the most recent period commensurate with the expected term of the stock option awards. The expected dividend yield was based on our expected annual dividend rate on the date of grant.

Intrinsic value for stock options is calculated based on the exercise price of the underlying awards and the adjusted closing price of our common stock as of the reporting date. Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation were recorded as income tax benefit in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. This tax benefit is calculated as the excess of the intrinsic value of options exercised and restricted stock lapsed in excess of compensation recognized for financial reporting purposes. The weighted average remaining contractual terms were 5.9 years and 4.6 years for the outstanding and exercisable stock options, respectively, as of March 31, 2026.

As of March 31, 2026, there was \$134.7 million of total unrecognized compensation costs, exclusive of the impact of vesting upon retirement eligibility, related to nonvested stock-based compensation arrangements granted under our 2021 Incentive Plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.78 years.

Our U.K. Sharesave Plan offers qualifying employees in the United Kingdom the opportunity to own shares of our common stock. Employees who elect to participate are granted stock options, of which the exercise price is equal to the average of the closing price on the five trading days immediately preceding the plan invitation date discounted by 5%, and enter into a savings contract, the proceeds of which are then used to exercise the options upon the three-year maturity of the savings contract. We did not grant any stock options under this plan for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025. As of March 31, 2026, there were 436,709 shares of common stock reserved and available for future issuance under our U.K. Sharesave Plan.

Our ESPP offers eligible employees the opportunity to purchase shares of our common stock at a discount of its fair market value at the time of purchase. During the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, we issued 6,846 and 4,695 shares of common stock at a weighted discounted price of \$180.26 and \$282.74 for the ESPP, respectively. As of March 31, 2026, there were 1,135,220 shares of common stock reserved and available for future issuance under our ESPP.

10. Pension and Postretirement Benefits:

We maintain a frozen qualified defined benefit pension plan for certain employees through membership in our Pension Plan for Insurance Organizations (the "Pension Plan"), a multiple-employer trust. We also apply a cash balance formula to determine future benefits. Under the cash balance formula, each participant has an account, which is credited annually based on the interest earned on the previous year-end cash balance. We also have a frozen non-qualified supplemental cash balance plan ("SERP") for certain employees. The SERP is funded from our general assets. During the first quarter of 2026 and as of December 31, 2025, the investment guidelines on our Pension Plan assets targeted an investment allocation of 40% to equity securities and 60% to debt securities. We also provide certain healthcare and life insurance benefits to certain qualifying active and retired employees. Our Postretirement Health and Life Insurance Plan (the "Postretirement Plan"), which has been frozen, is contributory, requiring participants to pay a stated percentage of the premium for coverage.

The components of net periodic (benefit) cost for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 are summarized below:

	Pension Plan and SERP		Postretirement Plan	
	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Interest cost	\$ 3.8	\$ 3.7	\$ —	\$ 0.1
Expected return on plan assets	(6.7)	(6.2)	—	(0.1)
Amortization of prior service cost	0.1	0.1	—	—
Amortization of net actuarial loss	0.9	0.9	0.1	0.1
Net periodic (benefit) cost	<u>\$ (1.9)</u>	<u>\$ (1.5)</u>	<u>\$ 0.1</u>	<u>\$ 0.1</u>
Employer contributions, net	<u>0.8</u>	<u>\$ 0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>\$ (2.4)</u>

11. Segment Reporting:

Operating segments are components of an enterprise for which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. Our President and CEO is identified as the CODM.

Based on our business strategy along with the verticals we currently service, we have determined that we have one operating segment and one reportable segment, Insurance. The CODM uses EBITDA and consolidated net income to set budgets, evaluate margins, review actual results and in deciding whether to reinvest profits into the business, pursue acquisitions, pay dividends and/or engage in other capital management transactions. Consolidated net income is the U.S. GAAP measure of segment profit is regularly reviewed by the CODM to allocate resources and assess performance. The CODM does not regularly review or manage any significant expenses on a standalone basis, as such expenses are not separately identifiable or material at the segment level. For the quarter ended March 31, 2026, please refer to the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for information regarding revenues, expenses, and the measure of profit and loss, which is net income. The CODM regularly reviews the Consolidated Statements of Operations. See [Note 3, Revenues](#) for information on disaggregated revenues by type of service and by country.

Long-lived assets by country are provided below:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Long-lived assets:		
U.S.	\$ 2,365.9	\$ 2,278.4
U.K.	650.6	659.8
Other countries	380.0	491.9
Total long-lived assets	<u>\$ 3,396.5</u>	<u>\$ 3,430.1</u>

12. Related Parties:

We consider our stockholders that own more than 5.0% of the outstanding stock within the class to be related parties as defined within ASC 850, *Related Party Disclosures*. For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, we had no material transactions with related parties owning more than 5.0% of the entire class of stock.

13. Commitments and Contingencies:

We are a party to legal proceedings, investigations, examinations, subpoenas, third party requests, government requests, regulatory proceedings and other claims with respect to a variety of matters in the ordinary course of business, including the matters described below (collectively, “Ongoing Matters”). With respect to Ongoing Matters, we are unable, at the present time, to determine the ultimate resolution of or provide a reasonable estimate of the range of possible loss attributable to Ongoing Matters or the impact these matters may have on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows. Although we believe we have strong defenses and have appealed adverse rulings to us, we could in the future incur judgments or enter into settlements of claims that could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

Telematics Litigation

As of April 19, 2024, various Plaintiffs filed a total of twenty separate putative class action lawsuits, sixteen against General Motors LLC (“GM”), OnStar LLC (“OnStar”), LexisNexis Risk Solutions, Inc. (“LexisNexis”) and Verisk Analytics Inc. in the United States District Courts for the Northern District of Georgia, the Eastern District of Michigan, Central District of California, District of New Jersey, Southern District of New York, Northern District of Alabama, Northern District of Illinois and District of South Carolina, and four against Hyundai Motor America (“Hyundai”) and Verisk in the Central District of California and District of New Jersey, all of which have been dismissed to date. The Complaints generally allege that the auto manufacturer Defendants collected consumers’ driver behavior data through vehicle software, transmitted it to LexisNexis and Verisk, and that LexisNexis and Verisk shared the data with auto insurance companies, without the individuals’ knowledge or consent. Plaintiffs seek certification of both nationwide classes of individuals and subclasses of various state residents who had their vehicle driving data collected by Defendants and shared with a third party without their consent. The Plaintiffs also seek actual, statutory and punitive damages, injunctive relief, as well as reasonable attorneys’ fees and other costs. On June 7, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation transferred all GM-related lawsuits to the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia (In Re: Consumer Vehicle Driving Data Tracking Litigation, MDL Case No. 1:24-md-03115-TWT). All discovery proceedings have been stayed. The matters pending against Verisk in the MDL were voluntarily dismissed on December 13, 2024, and a new putative class action, Adam Dinitz, et al. v. Verisk Analytics, Inc. (“Dinitz”), was filed in the District of New Jersey federal court, Case No. 24-11157, to include those dismissed matters and additional named Plaintiffs. Dinitz was transferred to the Northern District of Georgia to be part of the consolidated MDL. A related amended Master Consolidated class action Complaint was also filed in the MDL on December 13, 2024. Defendants filed their motions to dismiss Plaintiffs’ claims on April 14, 2025. On October 2, 2025, several Plaintiffs brought a lawsuit alleging similar claims against GM, OnStar, LexisNexis, and Verisk in the matter, McBride, et al v. General Motors, et al., in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of California, Case No. 3:25-cv-02619-AJB-MMP. On October 10, 2025, those Plaintiffs filed a Notice of Potential Tag Along, seeking a transfer of their lawsuit to the MDL proceeding. The transfer Order was finalized on October 28, 2025. At this time, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the liability related to these and other associated matters, as they are still in their early stages.

Indemnification Claim

In December 2023, we received a Notice of Indemnification claim from the current owner of our former healthcare data analytics subsidiary, which was divested in 2016, relating to an ongoing tax investigation by the Nepalese tax authorities. Pursuant to the 2016 sale agreement, we are subject to indemnification obligations with respect to certain pre-closing tax liabilities of the divested entity. At this time, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the liability related to this matter, as it is still in its early stages.

Commercial Litigation

We are a party to contractual disputes that involve alleged breaches of contract or disagreements regarding performance or interpretation. While we dispute the allegations in these matters and intend to defend our position vigorously, the ultimate outcome of such disputes is inherently uncertain. The resolution of one or more of these matters could, individually or in the aggregate, result in liabilities, damages, settlement costs, or other losses that may be material to our consolidated financial position.

On February 12, 2024, Plaintiffs filed a lawsuit, DDS Striker Holdings LLC and Data Driven Holdings LLC against Verisk Analytics, Inc. and Insurance Service Office, in the Superior Court of Delaware, Case No. N24C-02-130 VLM CCLD. Plaintiffs allege claims for breach of contract, breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, fraudulent inducement, common law fraud, and civil conspiracy in connection with their inability to meet the post-closing earn-out targets negotiated as part of our acquisition of Data Driven Safety, LLC. Plaintiffs seek rescissory, out-of-pocket and punitive damages, as well as attorney's fees, costs and other expenses. We filed a motion to dismiss Plaintiffs' claims, which was fully briefed as of June 21, 2024, and was partially denied on August 29, 2024. The parties finalized settlement on February 17, 2026 and the case was dismissed with prejudice on February 27, 2026.

Data Privacy Litigation

On or about February 8, 2024, Plaintiffs filed a lawsuit, Atlas Data Privacy Corp., et al. v. Verisk Analytics, Inc., et al., in the Superior Court of New Jersey, Middlesex County, Case No. MID-L-000903-24, alleging violations of Daniel's Law. Atlas claims to be an "assignee" of claims of approximately 19,640 individuals who are "covered persons" under Daniel's Law, allegedly enacted to provide judicial and law enforcement officers and their family members with the right to prevent disclosure of their personal information and to enforce those rights against uncooperative data brokers. It is alleged that Defendants have violated Daniel's Law by failing to respond and comply with their written request to Defendants to cease publicly disclosing or re-disclosing their protected information. Plaintiffs seek actual damages in the amount of \$1,000 per violation under the statute, punitive damages, injunctive relief ordering compliance with Daniel's Law, permanent injunctive relief, including the appointment of a qualified independent expert to ensure compliance with Daniel's Law, and reasonable attorney's fees and costs. On June 21, 2024, the court issued a "lack of prosecution" warning to Atlas, advising that the case will be dismissed without prejudice if service is not effectuated by August 20, 2024. The case was dismissed without prejudice on August 26, 2024. On October 11, 2024, Plaintiffs served Verisk with the Summons and Complaint, indicating their intent to revise the lawsuit. We filed a motion to dismiss, and alternatively, a request to stay the case pending a ruling on constitutionality of Daniel's Law by the 3rd Circuit in a separate Atlas lawsuit. The New Jersey Attorney General's Office moved to intervene and also sought a stay pending a constitutionality decision by the New Jersey Supreme Court in a separate matter. The court issued an Order staying all discovery until further ordered by the court. On November 4, 2025, Plaintiffs filed an application to classify and consolidate the pending 111 Daniel's Law cases into a Multi-County Litigation ("MCL"). On January 4, 2026, Verisk joined in opposition to the MCL application. At this time, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the liability related to this matter, as the case is still in its early stages.

Trade Secrets Litigation

On March 14, 2024, JP Morgan Chase Bank ("JPMC") filed a lawsuit, JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association v. Argus Information & Advisory Services Inc., Verisk Analytics, Inc. and Trans Union LLC, in the District of Delaware federal court, Case No. 1:24-cv-00348-SB, alleging that Defendants misappropriated JPMC's trade secret data in violation of federal and state laws. JPMC seeks lost profits, unjust enrichment, a reasonable royalty, exemplary damages, attorney fees and costs, as well as an injunction against Defendants to enjoin any further improper conduct allegedly stemming from Argus' data use practices. Following a partial denial of our motion to dismiss the initial complaint, JPMC amended its complaint on September 5, 2025 to add new allegations supporting state law-based trade secrets claims. On October 17, we filed a motion to dismiss the amended complaint, which remains pending. Discovery is ongoing. At this time, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the reasonably possible loss related to this matter, as the case is still in its early stages.

Mergers and Acquisitions Litigation

On July 29, 2025, Verisk Analytics, Inc. and ExactLogix, Inc. (d/b/a “AccuLynx”) signed an Agreement and Plan of Merger for a transaction under which Verisk would acquire AccuLynx. On December 26, 2025, Verisk terminated the Agreement. On that same day, AccuLynx sent a letter to Verisk alleging that the termination was a breach of the Agreement. Thereafter, on January 3, 2026, AccuLynx sent a demand letter seeking Verisk’s compliance with the terms of the Agreement or payment in lieu thereof. Verisk filed a declaratory judgment action on January 7, 2026, in the Delaware Court of Chancery asking the court to determine that Verisk’s termination of the Agreement is valid and effective in accordance with the terms of the Agreement. On January 21, 2026, AccuLynx filed counterclaims alleging that Verisk breached the Merger Agreement. On January 30, 2026, the Delaware Chancery Court granted AccuLynx’s motion to expedite the litigation, with trial to take place from June 23 to 26, 2026. Discovery is ongoing. At this time, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the liability related to this matter, as the case is still in its early stages.

14. Subsequent Events:

On April 27, 2026, our Board of Directors approved a cash dividend of \$0.50 per share of common stock issued and outstanding, payable on June 30, 2026, to holders of record as of June 15, 2026.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our historical financial statements and the related notes included in our annual report on Form 10-K (“2025 10-K”) dated and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 18, 2026. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those discussed in or implied by any of the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including but not limited to those listed under “Risk Factors” and “Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” in our 2025 10-K and those listed under Item 1A in Part II of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

We are a leading data analytics provider serving clients in the insurance markets. Using advanced technologies to collect and analyze billions of records, we draw on unique data assets and deep domain expertise to provide innovations that may be integrated into client workflows. We offer predictive analytics and decision support solutions to clients in rating, underwriting, claims, catastrophe and weather risk, global risk analytics, and many other fields. In the U.S., and around the world, we help clients protect people, property, and financial assets.

Our clients use our solutions to make better decisions about risk and opportunities with greater efficiency and discipline. We refer to these products and services as “solutions” due to the integration among our services and the flexibility that enables our clients to purchase components or the comprehensive package. These solutions take various forms, including data, statistical models, or tailored analytics, all designed to allow our clients to make more logical decisions. We believe our solutions for analyzing risk positively impact our clients’ revenues and help them better manage their costs.

Executive Summary

Key Performance Metrics

Revenue growth. We use year-over-year revenue growth as a key performance metric. We assess revenue growth based on our ability to generate increased revenue through increased sales to existing customers, sales to new customers, sales of new or expanded solutions to existing and new customers, and strategic acquisitions of new businesses.

We use year-over-year EBITDA growth as metrics to measure our performance. EBITDA and EBITDA margin are non-GAAP financial measures. EBITDA is defined as net income before interest expense, provision for income taxes, and depreciation and amortization of fixed and intangible assets. We calculate EBITDA margin as EBITDA divided by revenues. The respective nearest applicable GAAP financial measures are net income and net income margin. Although EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure, EBITDA is frequently used by securities analysts, lenders, and others in their evaluation of companies; EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for an analysis of our operating income, net income, or cash flow from operating activities reported under GAAP. Management uses EBITDA and EBITDA margin in conjunction with traditional GAAP operating performance measures as part of its overall assessment company performance. We believe these measures are useful and meaningful because they help us allocate resources, make business decisions, allow for greater transparency regarding our operating performance, and facilitate period-to-period comparisons. Some of these limitations involved in the use of EBITDA are:

- EBITDA does not reflect our cash expenditures, or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments.
- EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs.
- Although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized often will have to be replaced in the future and EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements.
- Other companies in our industry may calculate EBITDA differently than we do, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure.

EBITDA growth. We use EBITDA growth as a measure of our ability to balance the size of revenue growth with cost management and investing for future growth. EBITDA growth allows for greater transparency regarding our operating performance and facilitate period-to-period comparison.

EBITDA margin. We use EBITDA margin as a performance measure to assess segment performance and scalability of our business. We assess EBITDA margin based on our ability to increase revenues while controlling expense growth.

Revenues

We earn revenues through agreements for hosted subscriptions, advisory/consulting services, and for transactional solutions, recurring and non-recurring. Subscriptions for our solutions are generally paid in advance of rendering services either quarterly or in full upon commencement of the subscription period, which is usually for one year and automatically renewed each year. As a result, the timing of our cash flows generally precedes our recognition of revenues and income and our cash flow from operations tends to be higher in the first quarter as we receive subscription payments. Examples of these arrangements include subscriptions that allow our customers to access our standardized coverage language, our claims fraud database, or our actuarial services throughout the subscription period. In general, we experience minimal revenue seasonality within the business. For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, approximately 84% and 83% of our insurance revenues were derived from hosted subscriptions through agreements (generally one to five years) for our solutions, respectively.

We also provide advisory/consulting services, which help our customers get more value out of our analytics and their subscriptions. In addition, certain of our solutions are paid for by our customers on a transactional basis, recurring and non-recurring. For example, we have solutions that allow our customers to access property-specific rating and underwriting information to price a policy on a commercial building, or compare a property & casualty insurance or a workers' compensation claim with information in our databases, or use our repair cost estimation solutions on a case-by-case basis. For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, approximately 16% and 17% of our insurance revenues were derived from providing transactional and advisory/consulting solutions, respectively.

Operating Costs and Expenses

Personnel expenses are the major component of both our cost of revenues and selling, general and administrative expenses. Personnel expenses, which represented approximately 57% and 56% of our total operating expenses (excluding gains/losses related to dispositions) for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively, include salaries, benefits, incentive compensation, equity compensation costs, sales commissions, employment taxes, recruiting costs, and outsourced temporary agency costs.

We assign personnel expenses between two categories, cost of revenues and selling, general and administrative expense, based on the actual costs associated with each employee. We categorize employees who maintain our solutions as cost of revenues, and all other personnel, including executive managers, salespeople, marketing, business development, finance, legal, human resources, and administrative services, as selling, general and administrative expenses. A significant portion of our other operating costs, such as facilities and communications, is also either captured within cost of revenues or selling, general and administrative expenses based on the nature of the work being performed.

While we expect to grow our headcount over time to take advantage of our market opportunities, we believe that the economies of scale in our operating model will allow us to grow our personnel expenses at a lower rate than revenues. Historically, our EBITDA margin has improved because we have been able to increase revenues without a proportionate corresponding increase in expenses. However, part of our corporate strategy is to invest in new solutions and new businesses, which may offset margin expansion.

Cost of Revenues. Our cost of revenues consists primarily of personnel expenses. Cost of revenues also includes the expenses associated with the acquisition, disposition and verification of data, the maintenance of our existing solutions, and the development and enhancement of our next-generation solutions. Our cost of revenues excludes depreciation and amortization.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Our selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel costs. A portion of the other costs such as facilities, insurance, and communications are also allocated to selling, general and administrative expenses based on the nature of the work being performed by the employee. Our selling, general and administrative expenses exclude depreciation and amortization.

Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations

	Three Months Ended		Percentage Change
	March 31,		
	2026	2025	
(in millions, except for share and per share data)			
Statement of operations data:			
Total revenues	\$ 782.6	\$ 753.0	3.9%
Operating expenses:			
Cost of revenues (exclusive of items shown separately below)	236.6	230.8	2.5%
Selling, general and administrative	109.5	108.9	0.6%
Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets	69.9	67.4	3.7%
Amortization of intangible assets	14.4	15.8	(8.9)%
Total operating expenses, net	430.4	422.9	1.8%
Operating income	352.2	330.1	6.7%
Other income (expense):			
Investment (loss) gain	(0.5)	2.6	(119.2)%
Interest expense, net	(43.2)	(36.3)	19.0%
Total other expense, net	(43.7)	(33.7)	29.7%
Income before income taxes	308.5	296.4	4.1%
Provision for income taxes	(74.3)	(64.1)	15.9%
Net income	\$ 234.2	\$ 232.3	0.8%
Basic net income per share attributable to Verisk	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.66	4.2%
Diluted net income per share attributable to Verisk	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.65	4.8%
Cash dividends declared per share	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.45	11.1%
Weighted average shares outstanding:			
Basic	135,020,391	140,294,117	(3.8)%
Diluted	135,222,570	140,939,555	(4.1)%

The financial operating data below sets forth the information we believe is useful for investors in evaluating our overall financial performance:

Other data:			
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$ 436.0	\$ 415.9	4.8%
The following is a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA:			
Net income	\$ 234.2	\$ 232.3	0.8%
Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets and intangible assets	84.3	83.2	1.3%
Interest expense, net	43.2	36.3	19.0%
Provision for income taxes	74.3	64.1	15.9%
EBITDA	\$ 436.0	\$ 415.9	4.8%
EBITDA Margin	55.7%	55.2%	

- (1) EBITDA is a financial measure that management uses to evaluate the performance of our business. "EBITDA" is defined as net income before interest expense, provision for income taxes, and depreciation and amortization of fixed and intangible assets.

Although EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure, EBITDA is frequently used by securities analysts, lenders, and others in their evaluation of companies. Management uses EBITDA in conjunction with GAAP operating performance measures as part of its overall assessment of company performance. EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for an analysis of our operating income, net income, or cash flows from operating activities reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are:

- EBITDA does not reflect our cash expenditures, or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- Although depreciation and amortization are noncash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized often will have to be replaced in the future and EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements; and
- Other companies in our industry may calculate EBITDA differently than we do, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure.

Consolidated Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2026 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2025

Revenues

Revenues were \$782.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$753.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$29.6 million or 3.9%. Our underwriting revenue increased \$20.1 million or 3.8%. Our claims revenue increased \$9.5 million or 4.3%.

Our revenue by category for the periods presented is set forth below:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Percentage change	Percentage change excluding recent acquisitions/disposition
	2026	2025		
	(in millions)			
Underwriting	\$ 552.1	\$ 532.0	3.8%	6.0%
Claims	230.5	221.0	4.3%	4.3%
Total Insurance	<u>\$ 782.6</u>	<u>\$ 753.0</u>	3.9%	5.5%

Our recent acquisitions (Simplitium and SuranceBay within the underwriting category of the Insurance segment) and disposition (Verisk Marketing Solutions ("VMS") within the underwriting category of our Insurance segment) resulted in a net decrease in revenue of \$10.9 million, while the remaining Insurance revenues increased \$40.5 million or 5.5%. Our underwriting revenue increased \$31.0 million or 6.0%, primarily due to an annual increase in prices derived from continued enhancements to the models and content of the solutions within our forms, rules and loss cost services, as well as selling expanded solutions to new and existing customers within catastrophe and risk solutions, specialty business solutions and life solutions. Our claims revenue increased \$9.5 million or 4.3%, primarily due to annual price increases in anti-fraud analytics and increased sales in casualty solutions.

Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues was \$236.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to \$230.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$5.8 million or 2.5%. Our recent acquisitions and disposition accounted for a net decrease of \$5.3 million in cost of revenues. The remaining increase of \$11.1 million or 5.0% was primarily due to increases in salaries and employee benefits, information technology and data expenses.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$109.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to \$108.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$0.6 million or 0.6%. Our recent acquisitions and disposition accounted for a net decrease of \$2.7 million in selling, general, and administrative expenses. The remaining increase of \$3.3 million or 3.3% was primarily due to higher salaries and employee benefit expenses, partially offset by reductions in professional consulting fees.

Depreciation and Amortization of Fixed Assets

Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets were \$69.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to \$67.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$2.5 million or 3.7%. The increase was primarily due to internally developed software projects that were completed and placed into service.

Amortization of Intangible Assets

Amortization of intangible assets was \$14.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and \$15.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, a decrease of \$1.4 million or 8.9%. The decrease was primarily due to the disposition of VMS, partially offset by a \$2.2 million increase due to our 2025 acquisitions.

Investment (Loss) Gain

Investment loss was \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to a gain of \$2.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, a change of \$3.1 million. The loss was primarily due to the impact of foreign currencies.

Interest Expense, net

Interest expense, net was \$43.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to \$36.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$6.9 million or 19.0%. The increase was primarily driven by higher interest expense related to the issuance of our 2031 and 2036 Senior Notes in February 2026, as well as the accelerated interest payments associated with the special mandatory redemption of the 4.500% 2030 Senior Notes and 5.125% 2036 Senior Notes, partially offset by higher interest income.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes was \$74.3 million and the effective tax rate was 24.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$64.1 million and 21.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate was primarily due to lower tax benefits from equity compensation in the current period versus the prior period. The difference between statutory tax rates and our effective tax rate is primarily due to state and local taxes, partially offset by tax benefits attributable to equity compensation.

Net Income Margin

Net income was \$234.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to \$232.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$1.9 million or 0.8%. The net income margin was 29.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to 30.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The decrease in net income margin was primarily driven by the increases in our effective tax rate and net interest expense, discussed above.

EBITDA Margin [1]

EBITDA was \$436.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to \$415.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The EBITDA margin for our consolidated results was 55.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to 55.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The increase in EBITDA margin was mainly driven by revenue growth and cost discipline.

[1] Note: Consolidated EBITDA margin, a non-GAAP measure, is calculated as a percentage of consolidated revenue. A reconciliation from net income to EBITDA is presented on page 29.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, we had cash and cash equivalents and available-for-sale securities totaling \$525.2 million and \$2,178.9 million, respectively. We maintain our cash and cash equivalents in higher credit quality financial institutions in order to limit the amount of credit exposure. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, a vast majority of our domestic cash and cash equivalents is with TD Bank, N.A. and JPMorgan Chase N.A.. Subscriptions for our solutions are billed and generally paid in advance of rendering services either quarterly or in full upon commencement of the subscription period, which is usually for one year. Subscriptions are automatically renewed at the beginning of each calendar year. We have historically generated significant cash flows from operations. As a result of this factor, as well as the availability of funds under our Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility, we expect that we will have sufficient cash to meet our working capital and capital expenditure needs and to fuel our future growth plans.

We have historically managed the business with a working capital deficit due to the fact that, as described above, we offer our solutions and services primarily through annual subscriptions or long-term contracts, which are generally prepaid quarterly or annually in advance of the services being rendered. When cash is received for prepayment of invoices, we record an asset (cash and cash equivalents) on our balance sheet with the offset recorded as a current liability (deferred revenues). This current liability is deferred revenue that does not require a direct cash outflow since our customers have prepaid and are obligated to purchase the services. In most businesses, growth in revenue typically leads to an increase in the accounts receivable balance causing a use of cash as a company grows. Unlike these businesses, our cash position is favorably affected by revenue growth, which results in a source of cash due to our customers prepaying for most of our services.

We have also historically used a portion of our cash for repurchases of our common stock from our stockholders. During the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, we repurchased \$1,626.9 million (inclusive of \$225.1 million in treasury stock not yet settled) and \$200.1 million (inclusive of \$30.0 million in treasury stock then not yet settled), respectively, of our common stock. The repurchase of our common stock was funded using cash from operations, and proceeds from our Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan Facility, and cash from operations. For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, we also paid dividends of \$65.5 million and \$63.0 million, respectively.

Financing and Financing Capacity

We had total debt, excluding finance lease liabilities, unamortized discounts and premium, and debt issuance costs of \$4,500.0 million and \$4,750.0 million at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively, and we were in compliance with our financial and other covenants. The debt at March 31, 2026, primarily consists of senior notes issued in 2026, 2025, 2024, 2023, 2020, and 2015. Interest on the senior notes is payable semi-annually each year. The unamortized discount and debt issuance costs were recorded as "Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt" and "Long-term debt" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, and will be amortized to "Interest expense" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations within this Form 10-Q over the life of the respective senior notes. The indenture governing the senior notes restricts our ability to, among other things, create certain liens, enter into sale/leaseback transactions, and consolidate with, sell, lease, convey, or otherwise transfer all or substantially all of our assets, or merge with or into, any other person or entity. We have made, and may from time to time in the future make, optional repayments on our debt obligations, which may include repurchases or exchanges of our outstanding notes, depending on various factors, such as market conditions. Any such repurchases may be effected through privately negotiated transactions, market transactions, tender offers, redemptions or otherwise. See [Note 7](#) for additional information on our financing activities.

We have a syndicated revolving credit facility ("Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility") with a borrowing capacity of \$1,250.0 million with Bank of America N.A., HSBC Bank USA, N.A., The Toronto-Dominion Bank, N.A., Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A., and The Northern Trust Company. The Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes, including working capital needs and capital expenditures, acquisitions, dividend payments, and the share repurchase program (the "Repurchase Program"). As of March 31, 2026, we were in compliance with all financial and other debt covenants under our Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility. During the three months ended March 31, 2026, we drew \$750.0 million under our Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility for share repurchases under the accelerated share repurchase agreements, general corporate purposes, and to pay related fees and expenses, and subsequently repaid the full amount prior to March 31, 2026. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the available capacity under the Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility was \$1,245.2 million and \$1,245.4 million, which takes into account outstanding letters of credit of \$4.8 million and \$4.6 million, respectively.

On February 18, 2026, we entered into a term loan credit agreement (the "Term Loan Facility") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. The Term Loan Facility provides for a 364-day senior unsecured delayed draw term loan facility in an aggregate committed principal amount of \$500.0 million and carries an interest rate of SOFR plus 95 basis points or a base rate. The financial covenants require that, at the end of any fiscal quarter, we have a consolidated interest rate coverage ratio of not less than 3.00 to 1.00, and a maximum consolidated funded debt leverage ratio of not greater than 3.75 to 1.00. At our election, the maximum consolidated funded debt leverage ratio could be permitted to increase to 4.50 to 1.00 (no more than once) and to 4.25 to 1.00 (no more than once) in connection with the closing of a permitted acquisition. Proceeds of the Term Loan Facility, together with the \$750.0 million borrowed under the Company's existing Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility, were used to finance share repurchases under the accelerated share repurchase agreements, to fund general corporate purposes, and to pay related fees and expenses. As of March 31, 2026, the company repaid \$250.0 million of the Term Loan Facility and had \$250.0 million outstanding under the Term Loan Facility.

Cash Flow

The following table summarizes our cash flow data:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Percentage change
	2026	2025	
	(in millions)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 390.4	\$ 444.7	(12.2)%
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (64.4)	\$ (57.8)	11.4%
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	\$ (1,977.9)	\$ 433.3	(556.5)%

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$390.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$444.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, a decrease of \$54.3 million, or 12.2%. The decrease in operating cash flow was primarily driven by a tax refund received in the prior year that did not recur in the current year, as well as higher interest payments. The increase in interest payments was the result of higher debt balances in the quarter offset in part by higher interest income earned on cash.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$64.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$57.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$6.6 million, or 11.4%. The increase was primarily due to an increase of \$10.3 million in capital expenditures, partially offset by the purchase of an additional controlling interest of \$4.1 million in the prior year.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$1,977.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$433.3 million of net cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase in cash outflows of \$2,411.2 million. The increase in financing cash outflows is primarily due to an increase of \$1,426.8 million of common stock repurchases (inclusive of treasury stock not yet settled). Additionally, there was a net repayment of debt of \$266.0 million in the three months ended March 31, 2026, compared to debt proceeds of \$698.3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2025.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Contractual Obligations

There have been no material changes to our contractual obligations outside the ordinary course of our business from those reported in our annual report on Form 10-K and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 18, 2026.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Our management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based on our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. These estimates are based on historical experience and on other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates, including those related to stock-based compensation, internally developed software, goodwill and intangible assets, pension and other postretirement benefits, and income taxes. Actual results may differ from these assumptions or conditions. Some of the judgments that management makes in applying its accounting estimates in these areas are discussed under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our annual report on Form 10-K dated and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 18, 2026. Since the date of our annual report on Form 10-K, there have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risks at March 31, 2026 have not materially changed from those discussed under Item 7A in our annual report on Form 10-K dated and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 18, 2026.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We are required to maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives at the reasonable assurance level.

Our management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. Based upon the foregoing assessments, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of March 31, 2026, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are party to legal proceedings with respect to a variety of matters in the ordinary course of business. See Part I Item 1, [Note 13](#), Commitments and Contingencies, to our condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2026 for a description of our significant current legal proceedings.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There has been no material change in the information provided under the heading “Risk Factors” in our annual report on Form 10-K dated and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 18, 2026.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

We did not have any unregistered sales of equity securities during the period covered by this report.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Under the Repurchase Program, we may repurchase stock in the market or as otherwise determined by us. These authorizations have no expiration dates and may be suspended or terminated at any time. On February 13, 2026, our Board of Directors approved to increase the total share repurchase authorization of \$2.5 billion, inclusive of the then existing remaining authorization. As of March 31, 2026, we had \$1.0 billion in remaining authorization available to repurchase shares. Our share repurchases for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 are set forth below:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (in millions)
January 1, 2026 through January 31, 2026	477,666	\$ 219.31	477,666	\$ 862.8
February 1, 2026 through February 28, 2026	7,091,678 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 182.79	7,091,678	\$ 1,000.0
March 1, 2026 through March 31, 2026	—	\$ —	—	\$ 1,000.0
	<u>7,569,344⁽²⁾</u>		<u>7,569,344</u>	

- (1) In February 2026, we entered into ASR agreements (the "February ASR Agreements") to repurchase shares of our common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$1.5 billion with HSBC Bank USA, National Association and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. The February ASR Agreements are accounted for as treasury stock transactions and forward stock purchase agreements indexed to our common stock. Upon the payment of the aggregate purchase price on February 23, 2026, we received an initial delivery of 6,986,302 shares of our common stock at an initial price of \$182.50, representing approximately 85 percent of the aggregate purchase price. The total number of shares purchased pursuant to the February ASR Agreements will be based on the average of the volume-weighted average prices of our common stock on specified dates during the term of the February ASR Agreements, less a discount, and subject to adjustments pursuant to the terms and conditions of the February ASR Agreements. Final settlement under the February ASR Agreements is expected to occur during the third quarter of 2026.
- (2) For the three months ended March 31, 2026, we repurchased \$126.1 million of our common stock through open market repurchases. Through these open market repurchases, we received 583,042 shares at an average price of \$216.24 recorded within treasury stock.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

Rule 10b5-1 and Non-Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangements

During the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2026, the following Section 16 officers and directors adopted, modified or terminated a “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” (as defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K of the Exchange Act):

- Bruce Hansen, Independent Chair of the Board of Directors, adopted a new trading plan on February 20, 2026 (with the first trade under the new plan scheduled for a date on or after May 22, 2026). The trading plan will be effective until June 30, 2026 to sell up to 4,671 shares of common stock.

There were no “non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangements” (as defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K of the Exchange Act) adopted, modified or terminated during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2026 by Section 16 officers and directors. Each of the Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangements is in accordance with our Insider Trading Policy and actual sale transactions made pursuant to such trading arrangements will be disclosed publicly in Section 16 filings with the SEC in accordance with applicable securities laws, rules and regulations.

Item 6. Exhibits

See Exhibit Index.

EXHIBIT INDEX

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
1.1	Underwriting Agreement, dated February 23, 2026, by and among Verisk Analytics, Inc. and BofA Securities, Inc. and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as representatives of the underwriters named therein, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 1.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 26, 2026.
4.1	Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated February 26, 2026, between Verisk Analytics, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. as successor to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Trustee, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 26, 2026.
10.1	Term Credit Agreement, dated as of February 18, 2026, among Verisk Analytics, Inc., the lenders party thereto, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 23, 2026.
10.2	Form of Confirmation for the February ASR Agreements, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 23, 2026.
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Verisk Analytics, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.*
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of Verisk Analytics, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.*
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Verisk Analytics, Inc. pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.*
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.*
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.*
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase.*
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.*
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.*
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).*

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished and not filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Verisk Analytics, Inc.
(Registrant)

Date: April 29, 2026

By: /s/ Elizabeth D. Mann

Elizabeth D. Mann

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized
Officer)