

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Distillate Hydrotreater Feedstock (DHT)

Section 1. Identification

Product name : Distillate Hydrotreater Feedstock (DHT)

Product code : Not available.

Synonyms : Not available.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Refinery process unit feedstock

Area of application : Industrial applications.

Manufacturer : HF Sinclair

2828 North Harwood

Suite 1300

Dallas, Texas 75201

USA

Customer Service: (214) 954-6720

e-mail address of person

: hfcsds@hollyfrontier.com

responsible for this SDS

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC® (800) 424-9300

number CCN 201319

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the : F227 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

substance or mixture H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

H315 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
H351 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -

Category 2

H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H227 - Combustible liquid.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (bone

marrow, liver, thymus) (dermal)

Precautionary statements

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Distillate Hydrotreater Feedstock (DHT) HF Sinclair **Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended: Neoprene gloves. Nitrile gloves. polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves. polyvinyl chloride (PVC) gloves. Viton® gloves.. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Response : F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. **Storage** : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and **Disposal** international regulations. Supplemental label : Heated material can cause thermal burns. elements : None known. Hazards not otherwise classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
Fuel oil, No 2	-	0 - 100	68476-30-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately fl

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention. Continue to

rinse for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or

suspected that tumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Fush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before

reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious,

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Mist/high concentrations: Inhalation may cause irritation to the nose,

throat, upper respiratory tract and lungs.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : pain or irritation; watering; redness Inhalation : respiratory tract irritation; coughing

Skin contact : irritation; redness Ingestion : nausea or vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Protection of medical

responders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, waterways, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. High pressure skin injections are serious medical emergencies. Injury will not appear serious at first. Within a few hours, tissue will become swollen, discolored and extremely painful.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. NFPA Class: Combustible liquid IIIB having a flash point higher than 93.3°C (200°F).

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ruel oil, No 2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m³, (measured as total hydrocarbons) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Recommended: Neoprene gloves. Nitrile gloves. polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves. polyvinyl chloride (PVC) gloves. Viton® gloves.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Fluid.]
Color : Amber. [Dark]

Odor : Oily.

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Odor threshold : Not available.

PH : Not available.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

: 179 to 362°C (354 to 683°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: >60°C (>140°F)

Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability: Not available.Lower and upper explosion: Not available.

limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure

: 0.093 kPa (0.7 mm Hg)

Relative vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 0.9

Density : Not available.

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

>4

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

>257°C (>495°F)Not available.Not available.Not available.Not available.

Viscosity
Flow time (ISO 2431)
Particle characteristics

SADT

. 1401

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Additional information

Physical/chemical properties comments

: Volatile: 100%

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Keep away from heat. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

 Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Fuel oil, No 2	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit	≥4.1 mg/l >4300 mg/kg >7600 mg/kg	4 hours - -

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on CONCAWE assessment of vacuum gas oils, hydrocracked gas oils, and distillate fuels.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
F uel oil, No 2	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: Based on CONCAWE assessment of vacuum gas oils, hydrocracked gas oils, and

distillate fuels. Irritating to skin.

Eyes

: Based on CONCAWE assessment of vacuum gas oils, hydrocracked gas oils, and distillate fuels. Non-irritating to the eyes.

Sensitization

P	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Route of exposure	Species	Result
F	uel oil, No 2	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: Based on CONCAWE assessment of vacuum gas oils, hydrocracked gas oils, and

distillate fuels. Not sensitizing

: No data available.

Respiratory

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on CONCAWE assessment of vacuum gas oils, hydrocracked gas oils, and

distillate fuels. No mutagenic effect.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on CONCAWE assessment of vacuum gas oils, hydrocracked gas oils, and distillate fuels. Suspected of causing cancer.

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Fuel oil, No 2	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on CONCAWE assessment of vacuum gas oils, hydrocracked gas oils, and distillate fuels. Not considered to be toxic to the reproductive system.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on CONCAWE assessment of vacuum gas oils, hydrocracked gas oils, and distillate fuels. No teratogenic effect.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	3 ,	Route of exposure	Target organs
Fuel oil, No 2	Category 2		bone marrow, liver and thymus

Aspiration hazard

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L	Distillate Hydrotreater Feedstock (DHT)	HF Sinclair
	Name	Result
	Fuel oil, No 2	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Based on CONCAWE assessment of vacuum gas oils, hydrocracked gas oils, and

distillate fuels.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure in contact with

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
istillate Hydrotreater Feedstock (DHT) Fuel oil, No 2	N/A N/A		N/A N/A	11 11	N/A N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Based on CONCAWE assessment of vacuum gas oils, hydrocracked gas oils, and

distillate fuels.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Fuel oil, No 2	-	-	Inherent

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Fuel oil, No 2	>4	-	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	NA1993	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (Fuel oil, No 2)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Fuel oil, No 2)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Fuel oil, No 2)
Transport hazard class(es)	Combustible liquid.	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

DOT Classification

: Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.

Limited quantity Yes.

Packaging instruction Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 203. Bulk: 241. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 60 L. Cargo aircraft: 220 L.

Special provisions 148, IB3, T1, TP1

IMDG

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Emergency schedules F-A, S-F Special provisions 274, 335, 969 Distillate Hydrotreater Feedstock (DHT)

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IATA

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Cargo Aircraft Only: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Limited Quantities - Passenger

Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y964. Special provisions A97, A158, A197, A215

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2**

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Fuel oil, No 2	0 - 100	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant

SARA 313

Not applicable.

State regulations

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed. **New York** : None of the components are listed. **New Jersey** : None of the components are listed.

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: FUEL OIL

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : MI components are listed or exempted.

Canada : MI components are listed or exempted.

China : MI components are listed or exempted.

Europe : MI components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined

 New Zealand
 : MI components are listed or exempted.

 Philippines
 : MI components are listed or exempted.

 Republic of Korea
 : MI components are listed or exempted.

 Taiwan
 : MI components are listed or exempted.

Turkey: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	On basis of test data
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED	Expert judgment
EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Expert judgment

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Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

AMP = Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named manufacturer, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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