



STRENGTH IN RETAIL. DURABLE GROWTH.

RIO CAN
REAL VISION. SOLID GROUND.



RioCan Colossus
Greater Toronto Area, ON



SECOND QUARTER 2026

ABOUT RIOCAN

RioCan meets the everyday shopping needs of Canadians through the ownership, management and development of necessity-based retail properties in densely populated communities.

As at June 30, 2026, our portfolio is comprised of 164 properties with an aggregate net leasable area of approximately 31 million square feet.

To learn more, visit www.riocan.com

OUR PORTFOLIO

PRIME LOCATIONS IN CANADA'S MAJOR MARKETS



164
Properties



~87%
Properties with
a grocery
component⁽¹⁾



\$165K
Average Household
Income within 5km of
RioCan's portfolio⁽²⁾



~253K
Average Population
within 5km of
RioCan's portfolio⁽²⁾



94%⁽³⁾
Total fair value
from Canada's six
major markets

Toronto GTA
16.8M SF⁽⁴⁾

Edmonton
1.7M SF

Ottawa
4.3M SF

Montreal
1.6M SF

Calgary
3.6M SF

Vancouver
1.1M SF



Lawrence Allen Centre
Toronto Area, ON

(1) Based on fair value of income producing properties with a grocery component. Excludes equity-accounted investments.

(2) Source: 2026 - Trends, 2026 Environics Analytics. Data is updated annually in the second quarter, with the disclosure reflecting new statistics that become available each spring. For commercial properties only.

(3) Income producing properties at RioCan's interest. Excludes equity-accounted investments.

(4) Square footage for all cities is based on Income producing properties at RioCan's interest. Excludes equity-accounted investments.

DEDICATED ESG PROGRAM

RIOCAN'S ESG PILLARS



RESILIENT BUSINESS

Investing in climate-resilient assets and supporting best-in-class governance in an effort to future-proof RioCan.



PURPOSEFUL IMPACT

Purposefully creating value and impact for our environment, people, and communities.



STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

Collaborating with our partners to address the pertinent challenges facing our society.

Governance: operate with leading governance and risk management practices and continuously provide transparent and high-quality reporting.

Climate: ensure our operations, portfolio, and developments are resilient to the effects of climate change. Work towards decarbonizing our business to support the transition to a low-carbon economy.

Finance: use sustainable⁽¹⁾ strategies to generate long-term value for our investors and gain access to new sources of capital.

Environment: design and operate high-quality assets that minimize our environmental footprint, support the natural environment, and contribute to the circular economy.

People: attract, retain and develop a diverse and talented workforce and create a workplace where all employees are valued, included and empowered to do their best work and actively support the health, safety and well-being of our employees.

Community: enhance the communities in which we operate through purposeful design and economic and social growth initiatives.

Tenants: continuously enhance tenant experience, well-being and safety, and identify opportunities to collaborate with tenants to achieve mutual ESG objectives.

Suppliers: apply procurement and partner selection criteria that supports supply chain resilience and drives positive social and environmental change.

Industry: collaborate with industry groups and initiatives to address significant sustainability risks and opportunities facing our industry.

(1) For purposes of RioCan's ESG program and related disclosures, "sustainability" refers to RioCan's ability and efforts to manage the environmental, social, governance, and economic factors that impact its ability to create and preserve long-term value and influence the resilience, performance, and success of the organization. "Sustainable" describes actions, practices, outcomes, or performance that support these objectives.

For more information on RioCan's ESG program, please visit www.riocan.com.

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KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(In thousands of dollars, except percentages, square feet and per unit values)

FINANCIAL

Rental Revenue

Q2 2026

\$296.8M

Q2 2025 \$291.3M +1.9%

YTD 2026

\$605.1M

YTD 2025 \$588.0M +2.9%

Quarterly and year-to-date rental revenue increased mainly due to rental rate growth, development completions and asset acquisitions, higher recoveries and straight-line rent, partially offset by the impact of asset dispositions.

Commercial Same Property NOI (SPNOI) ⁽ⁱ⁾

Q2 2026

\$159.7M

Q2 2025 \$153.1M +4.3%

YTD 2026

\$315.8M

YTD 2025 \$302.1M +4.5%

Commercial SPNOI growth for the quarter and year-to-date was supported by prior leasing activity and higher-rent necessity-based retail backfills, contributing to higher cash rent year-over-year. Growth was further supported by contractual rent step-ups and positive renewal spreads.

Operating Income

Q2 2026

\$189.4M

Q2 2025 \$200.2M -5.4%

YTD 2026

\$375.5M

YTD 2025 \$402.3M -6.7%

Operating income decreased for the quarter and year-to-date primarily driven by lower residential inventory gains, as the prior year periods benefited from higher level of condominium and townhouse sale activity. Lower property management and other service fee revenue also contributed to the decrease. Higher Net Operating Income (NOI)⁽ⁱ⁾, reflecting strong underlying property fundamentals, partially offset these decreases.

Net Income

Q2 2026

\$151.2M

Q2 2025 \$145.6M +3.8%

YTD 2026

\$244.4M

YTD 2025 \$61.5M +297.4%

The increase in net income for the quarter was primarily due to higher fair value gains on investment properties, partially offset by a decrease in operating income and lower income from equity-accounted investments, both of which were impacted by lower residential inventory gains, and lower investment and other income. The increase in year-to-date net income was impacted by similar factors except current year-to-date income from equity-accounted investments was higher mainly due to prior year losses from RC-HBC LP.

Net Income Per Unit - Diluted

Q2 2026

\$0.52

Q2 2025 \$0.49 +6.1%

YTD 2026

\$0.84

YTD 2025 \$0.21 +300.0%

Net income per unit (diluted) was higher for both the quarter and year-to-date, primarily due to the factors discussed above for net income, as well as the accretive impact of unit repurchases of \$0.01 per unit for the quarter and \$0.02 per unit for the year-to-date, respectively.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(In thousands of dollars, except percentages, square feet and per unit values)

Core FFO Per Unit - Diluted *(i)

Q2 2026			YTD 2026			Core FFO per unit (diluted) increased for both the quarter and year-to-date reflecting strong underlying operating performance. Growth was primarily driven by increase in Commercial NOI, and the accretive impact of unit repurchases. These gains were partially offset by the impact of asset dispositions net of acquisitions, lower interest income and higher net interest costs.
\$ 0.40			\$ 0.78			
Q2 2025	\$0.38	+5.3%	YTD 2025	\$0.77	+1.3%	

Core FFO Payout Ratio * (i)(v)

Q2 2026		
73.8 %		
Q2 2025	71.9%	+1.9%

Core AFFO Payout Ratio * (i)(v)

Q2 2026		
89.5 %		
Q2 2025	86.6%	+2.9%

Core FFO and Core AFFO Payout Ratios increased compared to the same period last year due to lower Core FFO and Core AFFO on a rolling twelve-month basis, and the \$0.0480 per unit per annum increase in distributions that became effective February 2025, partially offset by the impact of units repurchased in 2025 and 2026.

Distributions Paid (vi)

Q2 2026			LTM 2026		
\$84.3M			\$339.6M		
Q2 2025	\$85.8M	-1.7%	LTM 2025	\$336.6M	+0.9%

LEASING - COMMERCIAL

Total Commercial Occupancy *(iii)(v)

Q2 2026	
98.1%	Committed
97.3%	In-Place
Q2 2025	
97.5%	96.8%
Committed	In-Place

Retail Occupancy *(iii)(v)

Q2 2026	
98.8%	Committed
98.0%	In-Place
Q2 2025	
98.2%	97.4%
Committed	In-Place

With retail committed occupancy of 98.8%, we consider our retail portfolio to be essentially fully leased, reflecting the continued strength and resilience of our portfolio. The spread between retail committed and in place occupancy compressed by 0.5% from Q1 2026, as previously committed space including Nations Fresh Foods at Oakville Place was taken into possession during the quarter.

Leasing Spreads *(iv)(vi)

Q2 2026			LTM 2026		
40.8%	New		45.2%	New	
20.7%	Renewal		19.4%	Renewal	
23.1%	Blended		23.8%	Blended	
Q2 2025			LTM 2025		
51.5%	17.4%	20.6%	36.0%	16.1%	19.2%
New	Renewal	Blended	New	Renewal	Blended

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(In thousands of dollars, except percentages, square feet and per unit values)

BALANCE SHEET

Selected Assets and Liabilities (iii)

Q2 2026			Q2 2026			The cash and cash equivalents on a Consolidated Basis and at RioCan's Proportionate Share both decreased from Q4 2025, respectively mainly due to cash used in financing and investing activities, partially offset by increased cash provided by operating activities.	
Consolidated Basis (vii)			RioCan's Proportionate Share (i)				
\$66.6M	Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$75.8M	Cash and Cash Equivalents			Investment properties on a Consolidated Basis decreased from Q4 2025 mainly due to asset acquisitions, development and capital expenditures, and fair value gains, partially offset by asset dispositions. At RioCan's Proportionate Share, these same factors applied but were offset by the reclassification of RC-HBC LP effective March 31, 2026, to an investment measured at fair value through profit and loss, following the cessation of equity-accounted investment accounting.
\$13.6B	Investment Properties		\$13.6B	Investment Properties			
\$7.0B	Total Debt		\$7.1B	Total Debt			
Q4 2025			Q4 2025			Total Debt on Consolidated Basis decreased from Q4 2025 mainly due to the repayments of maturing mortgages and construction lines and mortgages assumed by purchasers on investment properties sales. At RioCan's Proportionate Share, these same factors applied, with a further decrease from the reclassification effective March 31, 2026 of RC-HBC LP to an investment measured at fair value through profit and loss as noted in the paragraph above.	
\$145.0M	\$13.6B	\$7.2B	\$159.0M	\$13.8B	\$7.5B		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investment Properties	Total Debt	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investment Properties	Total Debt		

Liquidity *(i)(ii)(iii)

Q2 2026			Q2 2026			The Trust has \$0.7 billion of Liquidity to meet its financial obligations, including \$0.6 billion on the revolving unsecured operating line of credit. The decrease in Liquidity from Q4 2025 was mainly due to the timing of financing and capital recycling activities and the utilization of cash and credit facilities for investments, and construction lines for development completions. Unencumbered Assets increased from Q4 2025 as the Trust repaid certain mortgages upon maturity, enhancing financial flexibility.
\$0.7B			\$9.7B			
Q4 2025	\$1.5B	-53.3%	Q4 2025	\$9.2B	+5.4%	

Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA *(i)(ii)

Q2 2026			The increase in Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA was driven by lower Adjusted EBITDA partially offset by lower Adjusted Spot Debt. Adjusted EBITDA decreased for the rolling twelve months ended Q2 2026 when compared to the same period last year mainly due to lower residential inventory gains.
8.81x			
Q4 2025	8.64x	0.17x	

* Denotes a key performance indicator

(i) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

(ii) At RioCan's Proportionate Share.

(iii) Information presented as at the respective period end.

(iv) Based on annualized contractual base rent.

(v) The quarter-over-quarter and year-over-year changes are based on absolute changes.

(vi) LTM refers to last twelve months.

(vii) Consolidated Basis denotes the information is presented using IFRS basis of consolidation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction	Our Business and Our Business Environment	Property Portfolio Overview	Results of Operations	Asset Profile	Capital Allocation	Capital Resources and Liquidity	Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Initiatives	Other Disclosures	Non-GAAP Measures	Risks and Uncertainties
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INTRODUCTION

About this Management's Discussion and Analysis

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is provided to enable a reader to assess our results of operations and financial condition for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 (Q2 2026). This MD&A is dated August 4, 2026 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 (Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements) and our 2025 Annual Report. Unless the context indicates otherwise, references to "RioCan", "the Trust", "we", "us" and "our" in this MD&A refer to RioCan Real Estate Investment Trust and its consolidated operations. Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are based on financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). These documents, as well as additional information relating to RioCan, including our most recently filed Annual Information Form (AIF), have been filed electronically with Canadian securities regulators through the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR+) and may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website at www.sedarplus.com or RioCan's website at www.riocan.com.

In addition to using performance measures determined in accordance with IFRS, RioCan supplements its IFRS measures with certain non-IFRS performance measures including, without limitation, Core FFO, Core FFO per unit - diluted, Commercial Same Property NOI, NOI, Liquidity, Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA, RioCan's Proportionate Share and Unencumbered Assets, together with other measures that are discussed elsewhere in this MD&A, to aid in assessing the Trust's underlying performance and provides these measures in this MD&A so that investors may do the same. Such measures do not have any standardized definitions prescribed under IFRS generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and, therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other real estate investment trusts or enterprises. Non-GAAP measures should not be considered as alternatives to net income or comparable metrics determined in accordance with IFRS as indicators of RioCan's performance, liquidity, cash flow, and profitability. References to Consolidated Basis indicate the information is presented using IFRS basis of consolidation. Refer to the Non-GAAP Measures section of this MD&A for a list of defined Non-GAAP financial measures and reconciliations.

Unless otherwise specified, amounts are in thousands of Canadian dollars and dollar percentage changes are calculated using thousands of dollars.

Forward-Looking Information and Financial Outlook

Certain information included in this MD&A, including our financial outlook, contains forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws. Forward-looking information can generally be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "outlook", "proforma", "objective", "may", "will", "would", "expect", "intend", "estimate", "anticipate", "believe", "should", "plan", "continue", or similar expressions suggesting future outcomes or events. This information includes, but is not limited to, statements made in the *Key Performance Indicators and Selected Financial Information*, *Our Business and Our Business Environment*, *Property Portfolio Overview*, *Asset Profile*, *Capital Allocation* and *Capital Resources and Liquidity* sections in this MD&A. This MD&A includes, but is not limited to, forward-looking statements regarding increases to RioCan's Commercial SPNOI, occupancy levels, expected annual Development Spending, Portfolio Investments Spending and maintenance capital expenditures during 2026; completion of construction and estimated revenues and project costs in connection with project deliveries; estimated FFO per unit - diluted and FFO per unit growth and the FFO Payout Ratio; estimated Core FFO per unit - diluted and Core FFO per unit growth and the Core FFO Payout Ratio; continued demand for space in our target markets; RioCan's internal forecast; the creation of future value; NOI and growth from Properties Under Development ("PUD"); RioCan's property and tenant mix; return on investments; market trends and anticipated demand for retail and residential properties; our expectations regarding development of potential incremental density; anticipated net leasing activity and rental rates; management's expectations regarding future distributions; completion of future financings, cost and availability of capital, and debt levels; and other statements concerning RioCan's objectives, its strategies to achieve those objectives, as well as statements with respect to management's beliefs, plans, estimates, and intentions, and similar statements concerning anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance or expectations that are not historical facts. Our financial outlook is prepared as of the date hereof and is disclosed to assist current and future unitholders and analysts in evaluating the effectiveness of RioCan's strategic plan and readers are cautioned that it may not be suitable for any other purpose. All forward looking information contained herein, including in respect of the financial outlook, reflects management's current beliefs and is based on information currently available to management. All forward-looking information and our financial outlook in this MD&A is qualified by the following cautionary statements.

Forward-looking information and our financial outlook are not a guarantee of future events or performance and, by its nature, is based on RioCan's current estimates and assumptions about future events and financial trends, which RioCan believes may affect its financial condition, business and operations, and financial results, including, but not limited to: growth of the retail environment; a changing interest rate environment; land use intensification at reasonable costs; the Trust's ability to sell or enter into partnerships with respect to the future incremental density it has identified in its portfolio; final closing of condominium units in accordance with purchase agreements; continued access to equity and debt capital markets to meet the Trust's current and future financing needs; and the availability of investment opportunities for growth in Canada. Additional material assumptions or factors that were applied in preparing the financial outlook include stable capital management, return rates in line with management expectations on invested capital, the realization of the capital anticipated from the RioCan Living portfolio, a stable interest rate environment, economic stability and no extraordinary one-time costs. Risks and uncertainties which could cause actual events or results to differ materially from the forward-looking information or financial outlook contained in this MD&A include those described under the *Risks and Uncertainties* section in this MD&A and the Trust's AIF, as well as those related to: interest rate and financing risk; trade tariffs; operations and the financial condition of RioCan and its tenants, as well as on consumer behaviours and the economy in general; financial and liquidity risks; tenant concentrations and related risk of bankruptcy or restructuring (and the terms of any bankruptcy or restructuring proceeding); occupancy levels and defaults, including the failure to fulfill contractual obligations by the tenant or a related party thereof; lease renewals and rental increases; the ability to re-lease and find new tenants for vacant space; retailer competition; the relative illiquidity of real property; the timing and ability of RioCan to sell certain properties; the valuations to be realized on property sales relative to current IFRS values; development risk associated with construction commitments, project costs and timing, related zoning and other permit approvals and pace of lease-up or pre-sale; risks related to the residential rental business; access to debt and equity capital; credit ratings; credit risk related to our mortgages and loans receivable; joint ventures and partnerships; the Trust's ability to utilize the capital gain refund mechanism; changes in income tax legislation; unexpected costs or liabilities related to acquisitions and dispositions; environmental matters; climate change; litigation; uninsured losses; reliance on key personnel; Unitholder liability; income, sales and land transfer taxes; and cyber security.

Although the forward-looking information and financial outlook contained in this MD&A is based upon what management believes are reasonable assumptions, there can be no assurance that actual results will be consistent with this forward-looking information or the financial outlook and the actual results could differ materially from RioCan's expectations contemplated by such forward-looking information or financial outlook. The forward-looking information and financial outlook contained in this MD&A is given as of the date of this MD&A, and should not be relied upon as representing RioCan's views as of any date subsequent to the date of this MD&A. Management undertakes no obligation, except as required by applicable law, to publicly update or revise any forward-looking information, including any financial outlook, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction	Our Business and Our Business Environment	Property Portfolio Overview	Results of Operations	Asset Profile	Capital Allocation	Capital Resources and Liquidity	Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Initiatives	Other Disclosures	Non-GAAP Measures	Risks and Uncertainties
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OUR BUSINESS AND OUR BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

Business Overview

RioCan is an unincorporated "closed-end" trust governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario constituted pursuant to the amended and restated declaration of trust dated June 2, 2020 (the "Declaration of Trust"). RioCan's trust units ("Units") are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX) under the symbol REI.UN. RioCan is one of Canada's largest real estate investment trusts.

RioCan meets the everyday shopping needs of Canadians through the ownership, management and development of necessity-based retail properties in densely populated communities.

As at June 30, 2026, RioCan's total portfolio is comprised of 164 properties with an aggregate Net Leasable Area (NLA) of 31.4 million square feet. The Trust's retail portfolio accounts for 86.8% of the Trust's annualized contractual gross rent, followed by office at 10.4% and residential at 2.8%. The portfolio is comprised of 100% owned and co-owned properties as follows:

<i>(thousands of sq. ft., except where otherwise noted)</i>	NLA at RioCan's Interest (i)	Property Count
100% owned properties	27,703	130
Co-owned properties	3,745	34
Total	31,448	164

(i) Excludes 0.6 million square feet from five joint ventures, which are accounted for as equity-accounted investments.

The Trust's high-quality portfolio consists of well-located assets across Canada's six largest and most densely populated markets. Our commercial properties serve an average 253,000⁽¹⁾ people within a five-kilometre radius of each location, with an average household income of \$165,000⁽¹⁾, making the portfolio highly sought-after and difficult to replicate. As a result, RioCan can make leasing, tenant selection, and investment decisions based solely on what best supports the performance and long-term value of its properties.

Three-Year Strategic Plan

RioCan's three-year strategic plan presented at its 2025 Investor Day is centred on sustainable growth, leveraging the Trust's core retail strengths to drive long-term value. To support this focus, the Trust has substantially simplified its business through the monetization and exit of non-core activities.

At the centre of the strategy is RioCan's resilient, **productive retail core** portfolio which anchors the business, generates stable, predictable cash flows and underpins consistent performance and value creation. Building on this foundation, RioCan applies a **disciplined capital allocation** framework that prioritizes balance sheet strength and financial flexibility, enabling the Trust to pursue growth opportunities. Driving these efforts is RioCan's independent, **proven and future-focused platform**, an engine built on more than three decades of experience, innovation, and disciplined execution. This platform empowers RioCan to adapt to an evolving retail landscape, optimize operations, and deliver superior results to all Unitholders.

Productive Retail Core

RioCan's strategy is anchored in its productive retail core, the primary driver of stable, durable, and growing cash flows. The Trust's high-quality and necessity-based tenant mix, including grocery, pharmacy, fitness, liquor, and value retailers, drives consistent traffic, strong sales productivity, and performance through all market cycles. With approximately 87% of the portfolio (by fair value) including a grocery component, RioCan benefits from the resilience and dependable demand generated by grocery-anchored retail. RioCan's assets are also concentrated in Canada's largest markets, characterized by strong population density, high household incomes and sustained demand for daily-needs retail.

RioCan applies its data and experience gathered from over 31 years of operating in Canadian retail markets to identify and capture revenue opportunities across the portfolio focusing on renewal and re-leasing decisions, optimizing tenant mix at the asset level, and closing the gap between current and market rents. Average net rent per square foot on new leases continues to increase, underscoring the strength of RioCan's retail core and sustained demand across our portfolio. This momentum reflects the successful execution of the Trust's leasing strategy, which continues to capture embedded mark-to-market opportunities across the portfolio.

RioCan's strengths are reinforced by favourable conditions in the broader Canadian retail real estate environment, which remains attractive due to limited available square footage and structurally high barriers to new supply. Physical retail continues to play a central role in the consumer experience and is synergistic with e-commerce sales. As retailers optimize store formats and increasingly seek and accept flexible layouts, demand for well-located productive centres, such as those within RioCan's portfolio, continues to grow. We believe these market dynamics, combined with RioCan's well-located properties, strategic approach to leasing, and tenant profile support predictable cash-flow growth and resilience through market cycles.

(1) Source: 2026 - Trends, 2026 Environics Analytics. Data is updated annually in the second quarter, with the disclosure reflecting new statistics that become available each spring.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction	Our Business and Our Business Environment	Property Portfolio Overview	Results of Operations	Asset Profile	Capital Allocation	Capital Resources and Liquidity	Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Initiatives	Other Disclosures	Non-GAAP Measures	Risks and Uncertainties
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Disciplined Capital Allocation

The second pillar of RioCan's strategy is a disciplined capital allocation framework designed to deploy capital toward opportunities that deliver the highest risk-adjusted returns while safeguarding balance sheet strength.

Balance sheet strength forms the core of RioCan's capital allocation strategy and shapes all capital deployment decisions. Every decision is subjected to a disciplined review to ensure key credit metrics remain within targeted ranges. Balance sheet strength provides flexibility to pursue high-return opportunities and uphold RioCan's investment-grade position, which ensures continued access to low-cost debt capital. Financial resilience also enables the Trust to navigate macroeconomic volatility without compromising its long-term strategy or growth. The Trust discontinued all new mixed-use construction starts as of 2023 and is winding down mixed-use development spend in 2026, with remaining capital expenditures limited to the completion of existing projects.

RioCan continues to simplify and strengthen its portfolio by recycling capital from non-core holdings and lower-growth or fully optimized assets, including the repatriation of capital from the sale of residential rental properties and condominiums. Repatriated capital is intentionally allocated across a range of priorities with the aim of delivering the highest risk-adjusted return. These priorities include debt repayment, reinvestment in the Trust's retail portfolio, unit repurchases and selective retail acquisitions. All capital investments undergo rigorous evaluation against strict underwriting criteria and return thresholds, ensuring a consistent focus on value creation and balance sheet management.

The Trust's Core FFO Payout Ratio is maintained at a level that allows for the reinvestment of retained earnings, further strengthening RioCan's financial position and enabling sustainable growth. RioCan leverages strong, established lender relationships and diverse capital sources to support its operations and growth objectives. The Trust also will continue to establish capital partnerships with recognized investors to diversify risk, deploy capital efficiently and realize value from zoned excess density.

Collectively, these measures preserve financial flexibility and position RioCan to pursue growth opportunities prudently and effectively while maintaining a disciplined focus on value creation.

Proven & Future-Focused Platform

The third pillar of RioCan's strategy is its proven and future-focused operating platform, built over 30 years of Canadian commercial real estate experience. This platform integrates the strengths of RioCan's people, well-established processes, data-driven insights and evolving technology capabilities to deliver operational excellence across the portfolio.

RioCan leverages extensive data to maximize property performance through informed leasing, tenant mix and asset optimization decisions, while identifying value creation opportunities. In addition, this data informs zoning priorities, site advancement and near-term monetization opportunities across the development portfolio, enabling RioCan to direct capital to the highest-value opportunities while limiting significant capital outlays. In parallel, the Trust continues to advance its technology and cybersecurity roadmap to further improve efficiency, support business operations, and mitigate risk.

A performance-driven culture of excellence underpins these efforts. As an ESG leader within the Canadian real estate sector, RioCan continuously improves and monitors its progress, embedding ESG initiatives across its operations to strengthen the organization and assets while delivering long-term Unitholder value. Industry-leading people and culture practices further support execution by ensuring talent remains a key driver of success.

Together, these capabilities reinforce RioCan's operating platform and position the Trust for long-term sustainable growth and superior performance in an evolving market.

Economic Environment

The operating environment remains strong for RioCan, even as the Canadian economy continues to navigate a period of volatility shaped by inflation expectations, interest rate fluctuations and geopolitical events. Against this macroeconomic backdrop, we believe the strength of the Trust's necessity-based portfolio provides stability across market cycles.

Market fundamentals for necessity-based retail continue to benefit from a structurally constrained supply of well-located real estate, particularly in Canada's major markets. With minimal supply of new retail and sustained tenant demand, the Trust is well positioned to execute its strategy and deliver durable growth.

Transaction activity in the Canadian retail real estate sector reflects this dynamic. High-quality assets are generally held for the long term, and when such assets do come to market, pricing has remained resilient, supported by investor demand for reliable and growing cash flows associated with this asset class.

Capital markets conditions remain stable, with credit available across the Canadian financial markets, although lenders have become more selective, differentiating between asset classes, locations, and borrower profiles. RioCan maintains established lender relationships and access to diverse funding sources to manage financing risk. Heightened geopolitical concerns have increased economic volatility in Canada, resulting in higher exposure to interest rate risk. To mitigate this risk, RioCan maintains a relatively high fixed to floating debt ratio, may use derivatives to lock in long-term fixed interest rates, and maintains a well-distributed debt maturity profile. Ample Liquidity and a large Unencumbered Asset pool provide additional financial flexibility to the Trust in the current economic environment. Equity capital markets conditions have shown signs of improvement, fuelled by increased mergers and acquisitions activities this year, reflecting broad recognition of the strength of the sector's operating fundamentals and the scarcity of quality retail real estate. These dynamics support a lower cost of equity capital and signal renewed investor interest in the asset class.

Together, the Trust's necessity-based portfolio and balance sheet strength provide flexibility to navigate volatile economic conditions, including shifts in discretionary consumer spending.

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Financial Outlook

In 2026, the transition to providing guidance on Core FFO reflects RioCan's shift to a simpler, retail-focused business model. Core FFO isolates the high-quality, durable income generated by RioCan's core retail portfolio. A reconciliation of Core FFO to Net Income is included in the *Non-GAAP Financial Measures* section of this MD&A.

RioCan manages its portfolio and capital structure to focus on long-term Core FFO per Unit growth and deliver on its commitment to optimize Total Unitholder Return. With our sound strategic plan, high quality retail portfolio, disciplined approach to capital allocation and proven and future-focused platform, we expect to generate resilient income and grow Core FFO to support sustainable distributions and increased net asset value (NAV).

Based on strong year-to-date leasing results, the Trust now expects Commercial Same Property NOI growth to exceed its original guidance range, underpinned by sustained leasing momentum across its retail portfolio and continued execution of the strategy outlined at its 2025 Investor Day. This change in Commercial Same Property NOI growth guidance is not expected to materially impact the Trust's previously communicated Core FFO per unit - diluted guidance range for 2026 or the 2026-2028 targets.

	Revised Financial Outlook 2026	Original Financial Outlook 2026	2026-2028 Targets
Core FFO per unit - diluted (i)	\$1.60 to \$1.62 (unchanged)	\$1.60 to \$1.62	≥3.5% CAGR (ii)
Commercial SPNOI growth (iii)	4.0% to 4.5%	3.5% to 4.0%	≥3.5%

- (i) Based on Commercial SPNOI growth assumptions outlined in the table above, and the reinvestment of Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living together with levered retained cash flow, in accordance with the Trust's capital allocation framework targeting unlevered internal rate of return (IRR) of at least 9%. Unlevered IRR is derived from a 10-year discounted cash flow model, assuming an initial yield on cost of approximately 7% plus growth thereafter. Assumes a weighted average interest rate of approximately 4.5% for financing activities compared to approximately 3% for maturing debt.
- (ii) Cumulative annual growth rate.
- (iii) The original financial outlook for 2026 Commercial SPNOI growth of 3.5% to 4.0% reflects expected growth contributions of approximately 75% from contractually secured growth, 20% from mark-to-market growth on renewals and 5% growth from strategic initiatives, based on assumptions of committed occupancy of approximately 97% to 98%, a 90% retention ratio on renewals and blended leasing spreads of approximately 15%. Renewals are based on lease expiries included in the Lease Expiries table in the *Property Portfolio Overview - Property Operations - Commercial* section of the Trust's December 31, 2025 MD&A. Revised Commercial SPNOI growth of 4.0% to 4.5% for 2026 is based on an increased blended leasing spread assumption of approximately 20%, reflecting a favourable leasing environment and the continued demand for RioCan's portfolio. All other assumptions in the original financial outlook for 2026 and the 2026-2028 targets remain unchanged.

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PROPERTY PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW

Property Operations - Total Portfolio

Operating statistics in this section are based on 100% owned and co-owned properties, and exclude equity-accounted investments.

Net Leasable Area (NLA) and Property Count

RioCan's portfolio of net leasable area and properties consisted of the following as at June 30, 2026:

(thousands of sq. ft., except where otherwise noted)	NLA at RioCan's Interest				Total Portfolio	
	Retail	Office	Total Commercial	Residential Rental (iii)	NLA	Property Count
Total NLA (i) (ii)	28,334	2,502	30,836	612	31,448	164

- (i) Includes income producing properties (IPP) NLA that was occupied or available for occupancy on or before June 30, 2026. Includes completed properties under development NLA with a rent commencement date after June 30, 2026.
- (ii) Excludes two income producing properties or 31 thousand square feet of IPP NLA that are owned through joint ventures and reported under equity-accounted investments. Includes 211 thousand NLA of Projects Under Construction, except for 134 thousand square feet of NLA currently included in the NLA of income producing properties.
- (iii) See the *Property Portfolio Overview - Property Operations - Residential Rental* section of this MD&A for further details. Includes 71 thousand square feet of legacy residential rental NLA that are excluded from the metrics disclosed in the *Property Portfolio Overview - Property Operations - Residential Rental* section of this MD&A.

Total Portfolio

At RioCan's Interest	% of NLA of income producing properties		% of total fair value of income producing properties	
As at June 30	2026	2025	2026	2025
Greater Toronto Area (i)	53.6 %	51.9 %	58.0 %	56.8 %
Ottawa (ii)	13.7 %	14.8 %	12.0 %	12.9 %
Calgary	11.4 %	11.4 %	12.0 %	12.1 %
Montreal	5.0 %	6.3 %	2.6 %	4.1 %
Edmonton	5.3 %	5.2 %	4.9 %	4.8 %
Vancouver (iii)	3.5 %	3.4 %	4.9 %	4.7 %
Other	7.5 %	7.0 %	5.6 %	4.6 %
Total Portfolio	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

- (i) Area extends north to Newmarket, Ontario; west to Hamilton, Ontario; and east to Oshawa, Ontario.
- (ii) Area extends from Nepean and Vanier to Gatineau, Quebec.
- (iii) Area extends east to Abbotsford, British Columbia.

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Property Mix

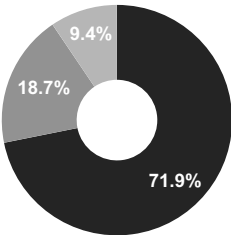
The Trust operates a variety of income producing property formats or classes to best serve the daily shopping needs of the communities in which it operates. In all asset types, RioCan includes necessity-based retailers to provide communities with a convenient location for their every day visits. The Trust has identified the following three major categories of property classes:

Category	Description
Grocery Anchored Centre	Assets with a grocery anchor tenant or shadow grocery anchor ⁽ⁱ⁾ . Properties anchored or shadow-anchored by Walmart or Costco are included in this category to the extent they include a grocery offering. Examples of properties with grocery anchors include Clarkson Crossing and RioCan Durham Centre.
Mixed-Use/Urban	Assets with more than one type of use (retail, office, residential mixed-use assets) located in major markets and non mixed-use assets located in high-density, transit-oriented urban areas. Examples of these properties include The Well and Yonge Eglinton Centre.
Open Air Centre and Other	Community shopping centres which generally include high-quality anchor tenants such as pharmacy, liquor, home improvement and/or a bank branch. Examples of these properties include RioCan Warden and RioCan Thickson Ridge.

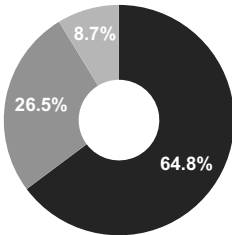
(i) A shadow anchor is a retail store that is adjacent or in close proximity to an owned property that generates a great deal of traffic and attracts business to a property of the Trust, but the underlying property/land for this retail store is not owned by the Trust.

As at June 30, 2026, RioCan's portfolio of income producing properties consisted of the following:

NLA by Property Mix



Fair Value by Property Mix



~87%
properties with a
grocery component ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾

■ Grocery Anchored Centre ■ Mixed-Use / Urban (i) ■ Open Air Centre and Other

(i) Mixed-Use/Urban includes approximately 0.6 million square feet of residential rental NLA and the corresponding fair value.

(ii) Percentage of fair value of income producing properties at RioCan's interest.

The Trust's portfolio is primarily comprised of formats that are attractive to tenants and are resilient to economic fluctuations and evolving retail trends. Approximately 87% of our properties have a grocery component compared to approximately 85% as at June 30, 2025. This increase reflects the expansion of grocery presence at properties including Georgian Mall, Oakville Place and Clarkson Village.

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Property Operations - Commercial

Top 30 Commercial Tenants

RioCan's rental income is supported by a diversified and well-balanced portfolio, underpinned by geographic diversification, staggered lease maturities and multiple revenue sources. The Trust benefits from a broad tenant base, with no single tenant accounting for a significant portion of gross revenue, and a meaningful share of rental income generated by national and anchor tenants. As at June 30, 2026, RioCan's 30 largest commercial tenants measured by annualized contractual gross rent are as follows:

Rank	Tenant name	Percentage of total annualized contractual gross rent	Number of locations	NLA (thousands of sq. ft.)	Percentage of total IPP NLA	Weighted average remaining lease term (years) (i)
1	Canadian Tire Corporation (ii)	5.0 %	55	1,831	6.0 %	7.5
2	The TJX Companies, Inc. (iii)	4.5 %	63	1,835	6.0 %	5.7
3	Loblaws/Shoppers Drug Mart (iv)	4.3 %	55	1,394	4.5 %	7.8
4	Metro/Jean Coutu (v)	2.6 %	34	1,315	4.3 %	8.2
5	Cineplex (vi)	2.4 %	14	808	2.6 %	4.0
6	Dollarama	2.0 %	70	693	2.3 %	6.7
7	Sobeys/Safeway (vii)	2.0 %	23	813	2.6 %	10.5
8	Walmart	1.9 %	11	1,399	4.6 %	5.1
9	Shopify	1.5 %	2	275	0.9 %	9.9
10	GoodLife Fitness	1.5 %	23	542	1.8 %	8.4
11	Michaels	1.4 %	22	481	1.6 %	7.0
12	Recipe Unlimited (viii)	1.3 %	61	301	1.0 %	6.6
13	Staples/Business Depot	1.2 %	23	470	1.5 %	5.2
14	TD Bank	1.1 %	41	198	0.6 %	4.7
15	PetSmart	1.1 %	23	353	1.1 %	7.0
16	Value Village	1.0 %	16	405	1.3 %	7.9
17	Rona Inc.	1.0 %	6	780	2.5 %	4.1
18	Chapters/Indigo	0.9 %	13	274	0.9 %	5.5
19	Bank Of Montreal	0.9 %	29	157	0.5 %	5.1
20	Restaurant Brands International (ix)	0.7 %	59	139	0.5 %	6.3
21	Liquor Control Board of Ontario (LCBO)	0.7 %	21	177	0.6 %	6.4
22	DSW/The Shoe Company	0.7 %	27	209	0.7 %	4.1
23	Royal Bank Of Canada	0.7 %	16	104	0.3 %	11.0
24	LA Fitness	0.7 %	6	265	0.9 %	10.8
25	Best Buy	0.6 %	9	217	0.7 %	4.2
26	Leon's/The Brick	0.6 %	8	226	0.7 %	4.2
27	The Bank Of Nova Scotia	0.6 %	22	113	0.4 %	3.4
28	Gap Inc. (x)	0.5 %	19	173	0.6 %	4.4
29	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	0.5 %	19	104	0.3 %	3.7
30	Genuine Canadian Corp. (xi)	0.5 %	24	111	0.4 %	3.5
Top 30 Commercial Tenants		44.4 %	814	16,162	52.7 %	6.7
Total commercial portfolio						7.8

(i) Weighted average remaining lease term based on annualized contractual gross rent.

(ii) Canadian Tire Corporation includes Canadian Tire, PartSource, Mark's, Sport Chek, Sports Experts, National Sports, Atmosphere and Party City.

(iii) The TJX Companies, Inc. includes Winners, HomeSense and Marshalls.

(iv) Loblaws/Shoppers Drug Mart includes No Frills, Fortinos, Zehrs Markets, Joe Fresh, Maxi and T&T Supermarket, among others.

(v) Metro/Jean Coutu includes Super C, Loeb, Food Basics and Adonis.

(vi) Cineplex includes Galaxy Cinemas.

(vii) Sobeys/Safeway includes Farm Boy, Longo's and FreshCo.

(viii) Recipe Unlimited includes Montana's, Harvey's, Swiss Chalet, Kelseys, The Keg and East Side Mario's, among others.

(ix) Restaurant Brands International includes Tim Hortons, Burger King, Popeyes and Firehouse Subs.

(x) Gap Inc. includes The Gap, Old Navy and Banana Republic banners.

(xi) Genuine Canadian Corp. includes Carter's and OshKosh B'gosh.

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Occupancy by Markets and Usages

The committed (tenants that have signed leases) and in-place (tenants that are in possession of their space) occupancy rates for our commercial property portfolio at RioCan's interest are as follows:

At RioCan's Interest	Committed Occupancy		In-Place Occupancy	
As at June 30	2026	2025	2026	2025
Greater Toronto Area (i)	97.6 %	97.0 %	96.9 %	96.1 %
Ottawa (ii)	98.5 %	97.8 %	98.0 %	97.6 %
Calgary	98.4 %	98.5 %	98.4 %	97.6 %
Montreal	99.6 %	98.5 %	99.6 %	98.4 %
Edmonton	97.3 %	98.5 %	97.3 %	97.2 %
Vancouver (iii)	99.5 %	99.7 %	98.1 %	98.3 %
Other	99.5 %	96.9 %	95.6 %	96.9 %
Total Commercial Occupancy	98.1 %	97.5 %	97.3 %	96.8 %

(i) Area extends north to Newmarket, Ontario; west to Hamilton, Ontario; and east to Oshawa, Ontario.

(ii) Area extends from Nepean and Vanier to Gatineau, Quebec.

(iii) Area extends east to Abbotsford, British Columbia.

The following table summarizes the Trust's committed and in-place occupancy rates by retail and office as at June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025.

As at		June 30, 2026			June 30, 2025		
		Retail	Office	Total Commercial (i)	Retail	Office	Total Commercial
Total Commercial Portfolio	Committed Occupancy	98.8%	90.4%	98.1%	98.2%	90.5%	97.5%
	In-Place Occupancy	98.0%	89.7%	97.3%	97.4%	90.2%	96.8%

(i) The spread between committed and in-place occupancy of 80 basis points reflects the impact of executed deals where tenants have not yet taken possession, reflecting the space that is contractually leased, but not yet generating income.

Committed occupancy increased by 60 basis points and in-place occupancy increased by 50 basis points, when compared to the same period last year, respectively. Compared to Q1 2026, committed occupancy increased by 20 basis points and in-place occupancy increased by 70 basis points, respectively.

Retail committed and in-place occupancy each improved by 60, respectively, when compared to the same period last year. When compared to Q1 2026, retail committed and in-place occupancy increased by 20 and 70 basis points, respectively.

The year-over-year increase in in-place occupancy primarily benefited from Nations Fresh Foods at Oakville Place taking possession of its space during Q2 2026. Former HBC premises at Oakville Place and Georgian Mall have been leased to high-quality national tenants, at rents materially above the prior tenancy. As tenants take possession, in-place occupancy is expected to increase, narrowing the spread between committed and in-place occupancy and supporting future rental revenue.

Compared to the same period last year, office committed occupancy decreased by 10 basis points and in-place occupancy decreased by 50 basis points. Since Q4 2025, the spread between office committed and in-place occupancy narrowed by 100 basis points, as certain tenants took possession of office space at The Well. The spread is expected to continue to narrow, supporting future rental revenue.

Future Lease Commencements

On a prospective basis, RioCan expects to generate approximately \$8.7 million of annualized gross incremental rent from tenants that have signed leases but have not taken possession of the space as at June 30, 2026. This calculation is based on year one base rent and operating cost recoveries, but excludes operating costs capitalized while a property is under redevelopment.

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Average Net Rent

The portfolio weighted average net rent per occupied square foot for our income producing properties is as follows:

As at June 30		2026	2025
Average net rent per occupied square foot (i)	\$	23.58	\$ 22.86
Retail	\$	23.21	\$ 22.52
Office	\$	28.40	\$ 26.89

(i) Net rent is primarily contractual base rent pursuant to tenant leases.

Average net rent per occupied square foot increased when compared to the prior year mainly due to contractual rent steps, mark-to-market increases on new deals and renewals, vacancies and dispositions during the intervening period with below-average rents. RioCan's leasing strategy prioritizes securing leases that incorporate annual contractual rent escalations to support predictable, sustainable growth in net operating income.

New Leasing Activity

(in thousands, except per sqft amounts)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
New Leasing NLA at 100% - IPP & PUD	136	154	417	389
Average net rent per square foot - IPP & PUD (i)	\$ 37.73	\$ 29.74	\$ 33.36	\$ 30.06
IPP	\$ 36.62	\$ 29.01	\$ 32.29	\$ 28.51
PUD (ii)	\$ 64.00	\$ 175.55	\$ 41.98	\$ 61.10

(i) Net rent is primarily contractual base rent pursuant to tenant leases. New leasing activity includes new square footage that has not previously been tenanted and existing square footage leased to a new tenant.

(ii) Reflects contributions from select, well-located mixed-use assets with food hall and/or quick-service restaurant tenants.

Average net rent per square foot for new leasing for the quarter was \$14.15 or 60% above our portfolio average net rent per occupied square foot. This performance reflects the continued strength of market demand and our disciplined leasing approach, which targets mark-to-market rent upside while maintaining strong tenant quality.

Renewal Leasing Activity

(in thousands, except percentage and per sqft amounts)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Square feet renewed at market rental rates (at 100%)	652	838	1,238	1,452
Square feet renewed at fixed rental rates (at 100%)	223	323	481	479
Total square feet renewed (at 100%)	875	1,161	1,719	1,931
Average net rent per square foot (i)	\$ 28.01	\$ 26.09	\$ 28.16	\$ 27.08
Renewal leasing spread in average net rent (ii)	\$ 4.80	\$ 3.88	\$ 4.76	\$ 4.01
Retention ratio	92.5%	91.6%	92.4%	92.3%

(i) Net rent is primarily contractual base rent pursuant to tenant leases.

(ii) Represents increase in average net rent per square foot for renewal leasing.

Approximately 75% of the total square footage of total renewals in the quarter were executed at current market rates.

The retention ratio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 remained strong, reflecting the continued appeal of the Trust's properties to existing tenants. While the Trust is keen to recycle weaker tenancies, it benefits from striking an appropriate balance between productive turnover, which enhances tenant quality and rental rates, and retaining high-performing tenants where capital requirements and downtime are minimized. In light of the strong leasing spreads achieved during the period, management is confident this balance has been effectively maintained.

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Leasing Spreads

	Three months ended June 30		Twelve months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
New leasing spread (i)	40.8%	51.5%	45.2%	36.0%
Renewal leasing spread	20.7%	17.4%	19.4%	16.1%
Blended leasing spread (ii)	23.1%	20.6%	23.8%	19.2%
Fixed	5.2%	6.5%	5.5%	5.9%
Market	27.0%	23.5%	28.4%	21.5%

- (i) The new leasing spread excludes any units that have not previously been tenanted (such as a newly completed development) or that have been vacant for longer than two years. The quarterly new leasing spread is calculated for properties owned by the Trust as of each quarter end date. The rolling twelve-month leasing spread is the weighted average net rent of the quarterly new leasing spread as reported over the respective period. For further clarity, net rent on new leases signed on new square footage from new development projects is included in the average net rent per square foot for new leases but is excluded in calculating the new leasing spread given that there is no base to compare to for such new developments.
- (ii) The blended leasing spread is the weighted average net rent leasing spread for both renewal leasing and new leasing for each period indicated.

RioCan continued to capitalize on mark-to-market opportunities, achieving an average blended leasing spread of 27.0% on new and renewed leases completed at current market rates in the quarter. Market rent renewals are based on prevailing conditions and contrast with fixed-rate renewals which maintain previously agreed rental terms.

Lease Expiries

Lease expiries for the next five years are as follows:

(in thousands, except per sqft and percentage amounts)

		For the years ending						
	Total Commercial IPP NLA	2026 (i)	2027	2028	2029	2030	Thereafter	Vacant
At RioCan's interest								
Square feet	30,725	967	3,725	3,713	4,954	3,592	13,189	585
Square feet expiring/Portfolio NLA		3.1%	12.1%	12.1%	16.1%	11.7%	43.0%	1.9%
Average net rent per occupied square foot at expiry		\$ 25.22	\$ 23.48	\$ 24.54	\$ 24.12	\$ 24.89	\$ 26.46	\$ —

- (i) Lease expiries for the remaining six months of 2026.

Contractual Rent Increases

Certain of our leases provide periodic increases in rates during the lease terms which contribute to growth in Commercial Same Property NOI. Contractual rent increases in each year for the next five years for our properties are as follows:

(thousands of dollars)

	For the years ending				
At RioCan's interest	2026 (i)	2027	2028	2029	2030
Contractual rent increases	\$ 7,940	\$ 12,070	\$ 8,611	\$ 7,417	\$ 5,914

- (i) Increases for the remaining six months of 2026.

The contractual rent increases presented above are calculated based on in-place leases as at June 30, 2026 and are on a year-over-year incremental increase basis. The contractual rent increases in 2026 and 2027 reflect a greater proportion of market-based rent resets arising from new leasing and renewals completed in 2026, compared with the outer years. The schedule above is presented on a cash rent basis and reflects year-over-year changes in contractual rent based on the timing of rent increases, rather than annualized amounts.

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Property Operations - Residential Rental

RioCan's residential brand, RioCan Living™, includes purpose-built residential rental buildings developed or acquired by RioCan and condominium and townhouse developments, as further discussed in the *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* and *Capital Allocation* sections of this MD&A.

RioCan Living's residential rental portfolio consists of five buildings or 1,553 residential rental units (at 100%) in operation, with a fair value of \$0.4 billion including property under development as at June 30, 2026.

The ongoing monetization of RioCan Living continues to unlock value from the residential rental portfolio, providing additional flexibility to redeploy capital in line with the Trust's long-term strategy.

In Q1 2026, RioCan sold its 50% interest in Underwood in Calgary, Alberta. During the second quarter, RioCan sold its 50% interest in FourFifty The Well and 100% interest in Bellevue Phase One and Two. In addition, the Trust entered into two conditional agreements to sell its interests in two RioCan Living income producing properties for combined estimated gross proceeds of \$205.7 million.

The forward purchase agreement for Bellevue Phase Three was terminated on June 30, 2026.

See the *Asset Profile - Acquisitions and Dispositions* and the *Capital Resources and Liquidity - Liquidity - Contractual Commitments* sections of this MD&A for further details.

Occupancy and Leasing

As at June 30, 2026		Occupancy		Leasing
Residential Rental Buildings in Operation	Number of total units (i)	% of occupied units	% of leased units	
<u>Stabilized (3 properties)</u>	1,041	97.4 %	98.1 %	
<u>In lease-up</u>				
4th Street Lofts	272	65.1 %	70.6 %	
Bridge (ii)	240	65.2 %	70.4 %	

(i) Number of units are at 100% ownership interest and all buildings are 50% owned.

(ii) Construction was completed in February 2026. Pre-leasing commenced in August 2025 and first move-ins started in September 2025. The number of units includes seven guest suites.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Summary of Selected Financial Information

The following table summarizes key selected financial information that is based on or derived from, and should be read in conjunction with, the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the Trust for the respective years indicated in the table.

(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Revenue	\$ 304,355	\$ 361,654	\$ 626,661	\$ 717,485
Net income	\$ 151,237	\$ 145,615	\$ 244,399	\$ 61,459
Operating income	\$ 189,436	\$ 200,200	\$ 375,489	\$ 402,279
Net Operating Income (NOI) (i)	\$ 188,566	\$ 180,741	\$ 371,246	\$ 359,426
Net Operating Income NOI (RioCan's Proportionate Share) (i)	\$ 188,939	\$ 183,584	\$ 372,032	\$ 367,269
Core FFO (i)	\$ 115,323	\$ 111,290	\$ 228,273	\$ 227,391
FFO (i)	\$ 114,818	\$ 138,506	\$ 232,598	\$ 284,070
Core AFFO (i)	\$ 94,082	\$ 91,800	\$ 188,238	\$ 188,659
AFFO (i)	\$ 93,577	\$ 119,038	\$ 192,570	\$ 245,221
Weighted average Units outstanding (in thousands)				
Basic	291,117	296,093	291,313	296,873
Diluted	291,305	296,093	291,450	296,873
Per unit basis				
Net income - basic	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.21
Net income - diluted	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.21
Core FFO - diluted (i)	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.77
FFO - diluted (i)	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.80	\$ 0.96
Core AFFO - diluted (i)	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.64
AFFO - diluted (i)	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.83
Unitholder distributions	\$ 0.2895	\$ 0.2895	\$ 0.5790	\$ 0.5750
Core FFO Payout Ratio (i) (ii)	73.8%	71.9%	73.8%	71.9%
FFO Payout Ratio (i) (ii)	67.7%	60.5%	67.7%	60.5%
Core AFFO Payout Ratio (i) (ii)	89.5%	86.6%	89.5%	86.6%
AFFO Payout Ratio (i) (ii)	80.6%	70.7%	80.6%	70.7%

As at	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Investment properties	\$ 13,605,045	\$ 13,628,959
Total assets	\$ 14,673,472	\$ 14,894,392
Total debt	\$ 6,991,695	\$ 7,152,708
Total equity	\$ 7,177,174	\$ 7,157,263
Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share (i) (iii)	8.81	8.64
Weighted average contractual interest rate (iv)	4.20 %	4.05 %
Weighted average effective interest rate (iv) (v)	4.16 %	4.04 %
Net book value per unit	\$ 24.65	\$ 24.37

- (i) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.
- (ii) Calculated on a trailing twelve-month basis.
- (iii) Adjusted EBITDA is on a rolling twelve-month basis. Adjusted Spot Debt is as of respective period end.
- (iv) For hedged floating rate debt, the interest rate reflects the fixed rate in the interest swap.
- (v) Inclusive of bond forward hedges.

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The Q2 2026 variances discussed in the following sections compare the respective 2026 results to the same comparable periods in 2025, unless otherwise noted.

Revenue

The revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Rental revenue	\$ 296,802	\$ 291,254	\$ 5,548	\$ 605,063	\$ 587,995	\$ 17,068
Residential inventory sales	5,615	66,333	(60,718)	16,583	121,275	(104,692)
Property management and other service fees	1,938	4,067	(2,129)	5,015	8,215	(3,200)
Revenue	\$ 304,355	\$ 361,654	\$ (57,299)	\$ 626,661	\$ 717,485	\$ (90,824)

The rental revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Base rent	\$ 183,564	\$ 184,535	\$ (971)	\$ 367,947	\$ 362,943	\$ 5,004
Realty tax and insurance recoveries	55,774	53,912	1,862	112,557	107,617	4,940
Common area maintenance recoveries	48,479	47,295	1,184	109,090	104,090	5,000
Percentage rent	1,695	1,613	82	2,600	3,193	(593)
Straight-line rent	4,761	2,164	2,597	6,796	4,403	2,393
Lease cancellation fees	480	117	363	2,184	2,324	(140)
Parking revenue	2,049	1,618	431	3,889	3,425	464
Rental revenue	\$ 296,802	\$ 291,254	\$ 5,548	\$ 605,063	\$ 587,995	\$ 17,068

Q2 2026

The decrease in revenue was mainly due to lower residential inventory sales and lower property management and other service fees, partially offset by higher rental revenue.

Residential inventory sales decreased as the prior year benefited from higher level of condominium and townhouse sale activity.

Rental revenue increased mainly from higher recoveries and higher straight-line rent, partially offset by lower base rent. Base rent increases from rental growth, development completions and asset acquisitions were more than offset by the impact of asset dispositions completed since Q2 2025.

Property management and other service fees decreased primarily due to lower financing fees related to RC-HBC LP.

YTD 2026

The declines in revenue, residential inventory sales and property management and other services fees are attributable to the same reasons noted above in Q2 2026.

The increase in rental revenue was mainly due to higher base rent, higher recoveries, and higher straight-line rent. Base rent increases from rental growth, development completions and asset acquisitions were partially offset by the impact of asset dispositions completed since Q2 2025.

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Operating Income and Net Operating Income (NOI)

The operating income and NOI for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Operating income	\$ 189,436	\$ 200,200	\$ (10,764)	\$ 375,489	\$ 402,279	\$ (26,790)
NOI (i)	\$ 188,566	\$ 180,741	\$ 7,825	\$ 371,246	\$ 359,426	\$ 11,820
NOI (RioCan's Proportionate Share) (i)	\$ 188,939	\$ 183,584	\$ 5,355	\$ 372,032	\$ 367,269	\$ 4,763
NOI						
Commercial	\$ 184,075	\$ 171,722	\$ 12,353	\$ 362,243	\$ 342,931	\$ 19,312
Residential (ii)	4,491	9,019	(4,528)	9,003	16,495	(7,492)
Total NOI	\$ 188,566	\$ 180,741	\$ 7,825	\$ 371,246	\$ 359,426	\$ 11,820

(i) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

(ii) Includes \$3.2 million and \$7.1 million of non-recoverable operating costs from residential operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$5.2 million and \$10.2 million, respectively).

Q2 2026

The decrease in operating income was mainly due to \$16.2 million in lower residential inventory gains, as the prior year benefited from higher level of condominium and townhouse sale activity, and \$2.1 million lower property management and other service fee revenue, partially offset by higher rental revenue, net of rental operating costs.

NOI increased \$7.8 million primarily from the aforementioned higher rental revenue, net of rental operating costs.

The increase in commercial NOI was largely due to Commercial Same Property NOI growth of 4.3% or \$6.6 million, \$2.9 million higher NOI due to asset acquisitions net of the impact of dispositions, \$1.8 million higher straight-line rent, \$0.7 million higher NOI from completed developments, and \$0.4 million higher lease cancellation fees.

Residential NOI decreased primarily due to the disposition of RioCan's ownership interest in RioCan Living properties since Q3 2025.

YTD 2026

The decrease in operating income was mainly due to \$35.1 million lower residential inventory gains, as the prior year benefited from higher level of condominium and townhouse sale activity, \$3.2 million in lower property management and other service fee revenue, partially offset by higher rental revenue, net of rental operating costs.

NOI increased \$11.8 million primarily from the aforementioned higher rental revenue, net of rental operating costs.

The increase in commercial NOI was largely due to Commercial Same Property NOI growth of 4.5% or \$13.7 million, \$3.3 million higher NOI due to asset acquisitions net of the impact of dispositions, \$1.2 million higher NOI from properties under de-leasing, \$0.9 million higher straight-line rent, and \$0.3 million higher NOI from completed developments.

Residential NOI decreased primarily due to same reason noted above in Q2 2026.

Same Property NOI

Same Property NOI for the commercial and residential portfolios for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	% change	2026	2025	% change
Commercial Same Property NOI (i)	\$ 159,713	\$ 153,081	4.3 %	\$ 315,819	\$ 302,099	4.5 %
Residential Same Property NOI (i)	2,247	2,333	(3.7)%	4,361	4,584	(4.9)%
Same Property NOI (i)	\$ 161,960	\$ 155,414	4.2 %	\$ 320,180	\$ 306,683	4.4 %

(i) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

Q2 2026

Commercial Same Property NOI increased by 4.3% due to contractual rent steps, higher rent upon renewal, new leasing activity and tenants in possession transitioning to cash rent. Cash rent steadily increased following the replacement of transitional tenants that were filled with stronger and more resilient tenants.

Residential Same Property NOI decreased by 3.7% due to softer rental demand and increased competition from an influx of new supply, which resulted in lower rents, higher vacancies and higher concessions across major markets.

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YTD 2026

Commercial Same Property NOI increased by 4.5% due to same reasons noted above in Q2 2026.

Residential Same Property NOI decreased by 4.9% due to same reasons noted above in Q2 2026.

Other Income (Loss)

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Interest income	\$ 7,233	\$ 9,671	\$ (2,438)	\$ 15,257	\$ 21,073	\$ (5,816)
Income (loss) from equity-accounted investments	(2,660)	4,809	(7,469)	(843)	(199,257)	198,414
Fair value gain on investment properties, net	51,981	15,929	36,052	75,502	1,151	74,351
Investment and other income (loss), net	(4,588)	1,155	(5,743)	(40,614)	3,579	(44,193)
Other income (loss)	\$ 51,966	\$ 31,564	\$ 20,402	\$ 49,302	\$ (173,454)	\$ 222,756

Q2 2026

Interest income was lower primarily due to lower effective interest rates and lower average mortgages and loans receivable outstanding, partially offset by a \$0.5 million increase in condominium interim occupancy fees related to interest.

Income from equity-accounted investments decreased by \$7.5 million when compared to the same period in 2025. The decrease was primarily from \$6.8 million lower residential inventory gains from the sale of condominium units within the equity-accounted investments and \$2.9 million loss from the disposition of remaining 25.0% interest in class B Units of RC Yorkville LP (12.5% interest in the 11YV project) during the quarter, partially offset by \$1.4 million lower share of losses from RC-HBC LP when compared to the same period in 2025. Refer to the *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* section of this MD&A for further details.

The Trust recognized net fair value gains of \$52.0 million on investment properties including assets held for sale, compared to net fair value gains of \$15.9 million in the same period last year. Refer to the *Asset Profile - Property Valuations* section of this MD&A for further details.

Investment and other income decreased by \$5.7 million when compared to the same period in 2025, mainly from \$6.3 million higher transaction losses related to disposed properties.

YTD 2026

Interest income decreased mainly due to lower effective interest rates and lower average mortgages and loans receivable outstanding, partially offset by a \$2.0 million increase in condominium interim occupancy fees related to interest.

Income from equity-accounted investments increased by \$198.4 million when compared to the same period in 2025. The increase was primarily from \$207.8 million lower share of losses from RC-HBC LP when compared to the same period in 2025, as a result of Hudson's Bay Company ULC (HBC) filing for creditor protection under the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act (CCAA) in March 2025, partially offset by \$7.7 million lower residential inventory gains from the sale of condominium units within the equity-accounted investments, and \$2.9 million loss from the disposition of remaining 25.0% interest in class B Units of RC Yorkville LP (12.5% interest in the 11YV project). Refer to the *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* sections of this MD&A for further details.

The Trust recognized net fair value gains of \$75.5 million on investment properties including assets held for sale, compared to net fair value gains of \$1.2 million in the same period last year. Refer to the *Asset Profile - Property Valuations* sections of this MD&A for further details.

Investment and other income decreased by \$44.2 million when compared to the same period in 2025, mainly from a \$32.9 million fair value loss on loans receivable from RC-HBC LP, \$3.4 million provision for credit losses on loans receivable from RC-HBC LP and \$10.1 million higher transaction losses related to disposed properties. The fair value loss and provision for credit losses on loans receivable from RC-HBC LP were offset by fair value gains on the acquisition of RC-HBC LP's 50% interest of Georgian Mall and Oakville Place in Q1 2026. Refer to the *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* section of this MD&A for further details.

Other Expenses

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Interest costs, net	\$ 71,143	\$ 69,989	\$ 1,154	\$ 143,052	\$ 136,669	\$ 6,383
General and administrative	12,824	11,346	1,478	25,117	21,739	3,378
Internal leasing costs	3,226	3,242	(16)	6,671	6,498	173
Transaction and other costs	2,972	1,572	1,400	5,552	2,460	3,092
Other expenses	\$ 90,165	\$ 86,149	\$ 4,016	\$ 180,392	\$ 167,366	\$ 13,026

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Interest Costs

(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Total interest	\$ 75,049	\$ 76,937	\$ (1,888)	\$ 151,201	\$ 150,832	\$ 369
Interest costs capitalized (i)	(3,906)	(6,948)	3,042	(8,149)	(14,163)	6,014
Interest costs, net	\$ 71,143	\$ 69,989	\$ 1,154	\$ 143,052	\$ 136,669	\$ 6,383
Capitalized interest as percentage of total interest	5.2%	9.0%	(3.8)%	5.4%	9.4%	(4.0)%

(i) Includes amounts capitalized to properties under development and residential inventory.

Q2 2026

Total interest costs decreased mainly due to lower average debt balances, partially offset by higher average cost of debt.

Interest costs capitalized to properties under development and residential inventory decreased \$3.0 million due to lower development activity and lower interest rates. Interest was capitalized at a weighted average effective interest rate of 4.05% for the three months ended June 30, 2026 (three months ended June 30, 2025 – 4.16%).

YTD 2026

Total interest costs increased mainly due to higher average cost of debt, partially offset by lower average debt balances. As at June 30, 2026, the weighted average effective interest rate of our total debt is 4.16% (June 30, 2025 – 4.03%).

Interest costs capitalized to properties under development and residential inventory decreased \$6.0 million due to the same reasons noted above in Q2 2026. Interest was capitalized at a weighted average effective interest rate of 4.05% for the six months ended June 30, 2026 (six months ended June 30, 2025 – 4.17%).

General and Administrative (G&A)

(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Non-recoverable salaries and benefits, net	\$ 5,597	\$ 4,939	\$ 658	\$ 13,001	\$ 9,832	\$ 3,169
Unit-based compensation expense	2,338	1,526	812	3,702	3,489	213
Depreciation and amortization	400	314	86	793	629	164
Other G&A expense (i)	3,537	4,567	(1,030)	6,314	7,789	(1,475)
G&A expense before Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) implementation / IT transformation costs	11,872	11,346	526	23,810	21,739	2,071
ERP implementation and IT transformation costs (ii)	952	—	952	1,307	—	1,307
Total G&A expense (iii)	\$ 12,824	\$ 11,346	\$ 1,478	\$ 25,117	\$ 21,739	\$ 3,378
Adjusted G&A Expense as a percentage of Rental Revenue (iv)	4.1%	4.0%	0.1%	3.7%	3.7%	—%

(i) Primarily includes information technology costs, public company costs, travel, marketing, legal and professional fees, as well as trustee costs.

(ii) ERP implementation and IT transformation costs include salaries and benefits, and consultant and licensing costs. IT transformation costs include certain IT initiatives related to new ERP modules and the implementation of a data management strategy.

(iii) G&A expenses are presented net of recoverable expenses and expenses capitalized to development and residential inventory.

(iv) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

Q2 2026

G&A expenses increased primarily due to a \$1.5 million increase in compensation costs and a \$1.0 million increase in ERP implementation and IT transformation costs in the current quarter, partially offset by a \$1.0 million decrease in other G&A expenses mainly from lower professional fees and accrual adjustments.

Adjusted G&A Expense as a percentage of Rental Revenue increased mainly as a result of higher Adjusted G&A Expense.

YTD 2026

G&A expenses increased primarily due to a \$3.4 million increase in compensation costs, including a \$1.9 million increase in restructuring charge recognized year over year, a \$1.3 million increase in ERP implementation costs and IT transformation costs, partially offset by a \$1.5 million decrease in other G&A expenses mainly due to the same reasons noted above in Q2 2026.

The increase in the restructuring charge was primarily due to the Q1 2026 reduction and consolidation of resources related to development construction functions as the Trust focuses on its retail core portfolio.

Adjusted G&A Expense as a percentage of Rental Revenue was consistent with prior year period.

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Internal Leasing Costs and Transaction Costs

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Internal leasing costs (i)	\$ 3,226	\$ 3,242	\$ (16)	\$ 6,671	\$ 6,498	\$ 173
Transaction and other costs (ii)	\$ 2,972	\$ 1,572	\$ 1,400	\$ 5,552	\$ 2,460	\$ 3,092

(i) Comprised of the payroll costs of our internal leasing department and related administration costs.

(ii) Includes property disposition costs and marketing costs related to condominium and townhouse projects which are expensed as incurred before condominium sales revenue are recognized into income.

Q2 2026

Transaction and other costs increased by \$1.4 million when compared to the same period in 2025, primarily from \$1.0 million higher disposition costs, \$0.9 million higher aborted deal costs, partially offset by \$0.5 million lower marketing costs.

YTD 2026

Transaction and other costs increased by \$3.1 million when compared to the same period in 2025 mainly due to a \$2.3 million higher disposition costs, \$0.9 million higher aborted deal costs, \$0.6 million provision for guarantee losses related to the RC-HBC LP, partially offset by \$0.8 million lower marketing costs.

Net Income Attributable to Unitholders

(thousands of dollars, except per unit amounts)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Net income attributable to Unitholders	\$ 151,237	\$ 145,615	\$ 5,622	\$ 244,399	\$ 61,459	\$ 182,940
Net income attributable to Unitholders (basic)	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.63
Net income attributable to Unitholders (diluted)	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.63

Q2 2026

Net income attributable to Unitholders increased largely as a result of a \$20.4 million higher other income, inclusive of a \$36.1 million favourable change in fair value on investment properties, a \$7.5 million decrease in income from equity-accounted investments, \$5.7 million lower investment and other income, and \$2.4 million lower interest income. This was partially offset by a \$10.8 million decrease in operating income primarily from lower residential inventory gains, and \$4.0 million higher other expenses from higher net interest costs, higher G&A and higher transaction and other costs. Refer to the *Results of Operations - Operating Income and Net Operating Income (NOI)*, *Results of Operations - Other Income (Loss)*, *Results of Operations - Other Expenses*, and *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* sections of this MD&A for further details.

YTD 2026

Net income attributable to Unitholders increased largely as a result of a \$222.8 million higher other income inclusive of a \$74.4 million favourable change in fair value on investment properties, a \$198.4 million increase in income from equity-accounted investments primarily from lower share of losses from RC-HBC LP, partially offset by \$32.9 million fair value loss on loans receivable from RC-HBC LP, \$7.9 million lower transaction gains, and \$3.4 million in provisions for credit losses on loans receivable from RC-HBC LP, and \$5.8 million lower interest income. This was partially offset by \$26.8 million decrease in operating income due to the same reasons noted above in Q2 2026, and \$13.0 million higher other expenses from higher transaction and other costs, higher net interest costs, and higher G&A. Refer to the *Results of Operations - Operating Income and Net Operating Income (NOI)*, *Results of Operations - Other Income (Loss)* and *Results of Operations - Other Expenses*, and *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* sections of this MD&A for further details.

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Funds From Operations (FFO)

Core FFO and FFO are non-GAAP financial measures of operating performance. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information.

(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Core FFO	\$ 115,323	\$ 111,290	\$ 4,033	\$ 228,273	\$ 227,391	\$ 882
FFO	\$ 114,818	\$ 138,506	\$ (23,688)	\$ 232,598	\$ 284,070	\$ (51,472)
Core FFO per unit - diluted	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.01
FFO per unit - diluted	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.47	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.80	\$ 0.96	\$ (0.16)
Weighted average number of Units - basic (in thousands)	291,117	296,093	(4,976)	291,313	296,873	(5,560)
Weighted average number of Units - diluted (in thousands)	291,305	296,093	(4,788)	291,450	296,873	(5,423)
Core FFO Payout Ratio (i)				73.8%	71.9%	1.9%
FFO Payout Ratio (i)				67.7%	60.5%	7.2%

(i) Calculated on a twelve-month trailing basis. For a definition of the Trust's Unitholder distributions as a percentage of Core FFO and FFO, refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A.

Q2 2026

Core FFO increased by \$4.0 million and FFO decreased by \$23.7 million when compared to the same period last year. On a diluted per unit basis, Core FFO increased by \$0.02 or 5.3% and FFO decreased by \$0.08 or 17.0% compared to same period last year.

The \$4.0 million increase in Core FFO was mainly due to \$7.8 million higher NOI, which was partially offset by \$1.5 million lower interest income, \$1.2 million higher net interest costs, \$0.8 million higher transaction costs and \$0.5 million higher G&A expenses. The increase in NOI was primarily from Commercial Same Property NOI growth of 4.3% or \$6.6 million, \$2.9 million higher commercial NOI due to asset acquisitions net of the impact of dispositions, \$1.8 million higher straight-line rent, \$0.7 million higher NOI from completed commercial developments, and \$0.4 million higher lease cancellation fees, partially offset by \$4.5 million lower residential NOI mainly from the disposition of RioCan's ownership interest in RioCan Living properties since Q3 2025.

The \$23.7 million decrease in FFO resulted mainly from a \$10.8 million decrease in operating income mainly due to lower residential inventory gains and lower property management and other service fees partially offset by higher NOI, \$9.1 million lower FFO from equity-accounted investment, \$2.4 million decrease in interest income and \$1.2 million higher net interest costs. Refer to the *Results of Operations - Operating Income and Net Operating Income (NOI)*, *Results of Operations - Other Income (Loss)*, *Results of Operations - Other Expenses*, and *Non-GAAP Measures* sections of this MD&A for further details.

YTD 2026

Core FFO increased by \$0.9 million and FFO decreased by \$51.5 million when compared to last year. On a diluted per unit basis, Core FFO increased by \$0.01 or 1.3% and FFO decreased by \$0.16 or 16.7% compared to same period last year.

The \$0.9 million increase in Core FFO resulted mainly from \$11.8 million higher NOI, which was partially offset by \$6.4 million higher net interest costs, \$3.9 million lower interest income and \$0.5 million higher transaction costs. The increase in NOI was primarily from Commercial Same Property NOI growth of 4.5% or \$13.7 million, \$3.3 million higher commercial NOI due to asset acquisitions net of the impact of dispositions, \$1.2 million higher NOI from properties under de-leasing, \$0.9 million higher straight-line rent, and \$0.3 million higher NOI from completed commercial developments, partially offset by \$7.5 million lower residential NOI mainly from the disposition of RioCan's ownership interest in RioCan Living properties since Q3 2025.

The \$51.5 million decrease in FFO was primarily due to a \$26.8 million decrease in operating income mainly due to lower residential inventory gains and lower property management and other service fees partially offset by higher NOI, \$12.7 million lower FFO from equity-accounted investments, \$6.4 million higher net interest costs, \$5.8 million lower interest income, and \$2.1 million higher G&A expenses, partially offset by \$2.0 million higher investment and other income. Refer to the *Results of Operations - Operating Income and Net Operating Income (NOI)*, *Results of Operations - Other Income (Loss)* and *Results of Operations - Other Expenses*, and *Non-GAAP Measures* sections of this MD&A for further details.

Core FFO Payout Ratio and FFO Payout Ratio

For the twelve-month period ended June 30, 2026, the Core FFO Payout Ratio and FFO Payout Ratio were 73.8% and 67.7% compared to 71.9% and 60.5% in 2025, respectively. The increase in the Core FFO Payout Ratio and FFO Payout Ratio relative to last year is due to lower Core FFO and lower FFO on a rolling twelve-month basis, respectively, and \$0.0480 per unit per annum increase in distributions effective February 2025, partially offset by the impact of units repurchased in 2025 and 2026.

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Adjusted Funds From Operations (AFFO)

Core AFFO and AFFO are non-GAAP financial measures of operating performance. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information.

(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Core AFFO	\$ 94,082	\$ 91,800	\$ 2,282	\$ 188,238	\$ 188,659	\$ (421)
AFFO	\$ 93,577	\$ 119,038	\$ (25,461)	\$ 192,570	\$ 245,221	\$ (52,651)
Core AFFO per unit - diluted	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.01
AFFO per unit - diluted	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.40	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.83	\$ (0.17)
Weighted average number of Units - basic (in thousands)	291,117	296,093	(4,976)	291,313	296,873	(5,560)
Weighted average number of Units - diluted (in thousands)	291,305	296,093	(4,788)	291,450	296,873	(5,423)
Core AFFO Payout Ratio (i)				89.5%	86.6%	2.9%
AFFO Payout Ratio (i)				80.6%	70.7%	9.9%

(i) Calculated on a twelve-month trailing basis. For a definition of the Trust's Unitholder distributions as a percentage of Core AFFO and AFFO, refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A.

Q2 2026

Core AFFO increased by \$2.3 million and AFFO decreased by \$25.5 million over the comparable period. On a diluted per unit basis, Core AFFO increased by \$0.01 or 3.2% and AFFO decreased by \$0.08 or 20.0%.

The \$2.3 million increase in Core AFFO and the \$25.5 million decrease in AFFO were primarily due to the same reasons noted above in Q2 2026 Core FFO and Q2 2026 FFO, respectively, except that the impact of higher straight-line rent was excluded for both. Refer to the *Results of Operations - Funds From Operations (FFO)* section of this MD&A for further details.

YTD 2026

Core AFFO decreased by \$0.4 million and AFFO decreased by \$52.7 million over the comparable period. On a diluted per unit basis, Core AFFO increased by \$0.01 or 1.6% and AFFO decreased by \$0.17 or 20.5%.

The \$0.4 million decrease in Core AFFO and \$52.7 million decrease in AFFO were primarily due to the same reasons noted above in YTD 2026 Core FFO and YTD 2026 FFO, respectively, except that the impact of higher straight-line rent was excluded and higher internal leasing costs were included for both. Refer to the *Results of Operations - Funds From Operations (FFO)* section of this MD&A for further details.

Core AFFO Payout Ratio and AFFO Payout Ratio

For the twelve-month period ended June 30, 2026, the Core AFFO Payout Ratio was 89.5% and AFFO Payout Ratio was 80.6% compared to 86.6% and 70.7% in 2025, respectively. The increase in Core AFFO Payout Ratio and AFFO Payout Ratio compared to last year was primarily due to lower Core AFFO and lower AFFO on a rolling twelve-month basis, respectively, and \$0.0480 per unit per annum increase in distributions effective February 2025, partially offset by units repurchased in 2025 and 2026.

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ASSET PROFILE

Investment Properties

The following table presents a continuity schedule for the change in carrying values of our investment properties for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026:

	Three months ended June 30, 2026			Six months ended June 30, 2026		
	Income producing properties	Properties under development	Total (iii)	Income producing properties	Properties under development	Total (iii)
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 13,235,253	\$ 603,053	\$ 13,838,306	\$ 13,091,329	\$ 584,130	\$ 13,675,459
Acquisitions	—	—	—	130,684	14,672	145,356
Dispositions	(233,974)	—	(233,974)	(280,474)	—	(280,474)
Development expenditures (iv) (v)	—	25,588	25,588	—	44,573	44,573
Capital expenditures: (vi)						
Recoverable and non-recoverable expenditures (iv)	3,334	—	3,334	7,151	—	7,151
Leasing commissions and tenant improvements (iv)	18,131	—	18,131	32,959	—	32,959
Transfers, net (i)	79,899	(79,899)	—	85,505	(85,505)	—
Fair value gain (loss), net	52,523	(542)	51,981	85,172	(9,670)	75,502
Straight-line rent (ii)	4,761	—	4,761	6,796	—	6,796
Transfers to finance lease receivables	(1,618)	—	(1,618)	(1,392)	—	(1,392)
Other changes	536	—	536	1,115	—	1,115
Balance, end of period	\$ 13,158,845	\$ 548,200	\$ 13,707,045	\$ 13,158,845	\$ 548,200	\$ 13,707,045
Investment properties				\$ 13,056,845	\$ 548,200	\$ 13,605,045
Properties held for sale				102,000	—	102,000
				\$ 13,158,845	\$ 548,200	\$ 13,707,045

- (i) During the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, transfers from PUD to IPP totalled \$82.0 million and \$92.2 million, respectively, reflecting completed developments, and transfers from IPP to PUD totalled \$2.1 million and \$6.7 million, respectively, reflecting the commencement of active development on certain IPP during the period.
- (ii) Included in investment properties is \$145.9 million of net rents receivable arising from the recognition of rental revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term (December 31, 2025 - \$139.2 million).
- (iii) Included in investment properties are seven properties held as right-of-use (ROU) assets as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - seven properties).
- (iv) During the comparative three and six months ended June 30, 2025, development expenditures were \$34.1 million and \$75.5 million, respectively, recoverable and non-recoverable expenditures were \$4.9 million and \$9.3 million, respectively, and leasing commissions and tenant improvements were \$19.5 million and \$38.0 million, respectively.
- (v) Refer to *Capital Allocation - Development Spending* section of this MD&A for more details.
- (vi) Refer to *Asset Profile - Maintenance Capital Expenditures on Income Producing Properties* and *Capital Allocation - Portfolio Investments Spending* sections of this MD&A for more details.

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Property Valuations

Investment Property Valuation

The Trust recorded net fair value gains of \$52.0 million and \$75.5 million, including assets held for sale, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively. The fair value gains for the quarter and year-to-date were mainly driven by higher stabilized NOI from rent steps, rent increases upon renewal and new leasing deals.

Capitalization Rates

The weighted average capitalization rate is based on the location and quality of the properties and takes into account market data at the valuation date. The table below provides details of the change in the weighted average capitalization rate (weighted by Stabilized NOI):

Weighted Average Capitalization Rate	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Beginning of period	5.49 %	5.40 %	5.45 %	5.41 %
Impact of dispositions	0.02 %	0.01 %	0.02 %	— %
Impact of acquisitions	— %	(0.01)%	0.03 %	(0.01)%
Development yield	— %	(0.01)%	— %	(0.01)%
Other adjustments	— %	— %	0.01 %	— %
End of period	5.51 %	5.39 %	5.51 %	5.39 %

At June 30, 2026, the weighted average capitalization rate of the Trust's investment portfolio increased by 2 basis points and 6 basis points when compared to March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025. The weighted average capitalization rate increased by 12 basis points compared to the prior year period, primarily reflecting changes in portfolio composition resulting from residential rental property dispositions and retail acquisitions completed in Q1 2026. The underlying capitalization rates applied to the Trust's retail portfolio remained generally consistent with prior periods. The carrying value of investment properties reflects the Trust's best estimate for the highest and best-use as at June 30, 2026.

Valuation Processes

RioCan measures the vast majority of its investment properties, including co-owned properties, using valuations prepared by its internal valuation team which utilizes appraisal methodologies largely consistent with the practices employed by third-party appraisers.

Depending on the property asset type and location, management may opt to obtain independent third-party valuations from accredited valuation professionals for purposes of adopting such appraised values in the case of land parcels or assessing the reasonableness of its internal investment property valuations. The Trust conducts an average of five external appraisals on investment properties on a quarterly basis or 20 investment properties a year, plus a selection of external land valuations, which are done every fourth quarter on our excess land and greenfield sites.

Please refer to the Trust's 2025 Audited Annual Consolidated Financial Statements for the description of its valuation methodology.

Acquisitions and Dispositions

Acquisitions

Acquisitions for the six months ended June 30, 2026 are as follows:

<i>(in thousands of dollars or sq. ft., except where otherwise noted)</i>			Purchase price (i) (At RioCan's interest)				
Property name and location	Date acquired	Ownership interest acquired	IPP	PUD	Total Acquisitions (ii)	Debt assumed	NLA acquired at RioCan's interest
Q2 2026 - No Acquisitions							
Q1 2026							
Georgian Mall, Barrie, ON (iii)	January 5	50.0 %	\$ 79,979	\$ 1,147	\$ 81,126	\$ 52,969	245
Oakville Place, Oakville, ON (iii)	January 5	50.0 %	50,705	13,525	64,230	42,951	223
			\$ 130,684	\$ 14,672	\$ 145,356	\$ 95,920	468
Total 2026 acquisitions			\$ 130,684	\$ 14,672	\$ 145,356	\$ 95,920	468

(i) Purchase price includes transaction costs of \$4.9 million in aggregate.

(ii) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information.

(iii) Purchase price for Georgian Mall and Oakville Place is net of available cash on hand, plus allocated receivership and transaction costs. Consideration for Georgian Mall includes settling the \$26.0 million mezzanine loan balance outstanding through a credit bid and the assumption of existing debt of \$53.0 million, while Oakville Place includes \$20.0 million in cash proceeds and the assumption of existing debt of \$43.0 million.

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Dispositions

Dispositions for the six months ended June 30, 2026 are as follows:

<i>(in thousands of dollars or sq. ft., except where otherwise noted)</i>			Gross sales proceeds (At RioCan's interest)				
Property name and location	Date disposed	Ownership interest disposed	IPP	PUD	Total	Debt associated with property (i)	NLA disposed at RioCan's Interest
Q2 2026							
Bellevue Apartments - Phase One and Two, Montreal, QC	June 30	100.0 %	\$ 45,985	\$ —	\$ 45,985	\$ 40,177	115
FourFifty The Well, Toronto, ON (ii)	June 25	50.0 %	187,989	—	187,989	145,162	196
			\$ 233,974	\$ —	\$ 233,974	\$ 185,339	311
Q1 2026							
The Underwood Apartments, Calgary, AB (ii)(iii)	March 31	50.0 %	\$ 46,500	\$ —	\$ 46,500	\$ 31,375	87
			\$ 46,500	\$ —	\$ 46,500	\$ 31,375	87
Total 2026 dispositions			\$ 280,474	\$ —	\$ 280,474	\$ 216,714	398

(i) Excludes debt associated with property repaid prior to or on closing.

(ii) RioCan disposed its remaining ownership interest in these properties.

(iii) RioCan provided a vendor take-back mortgage of \$10.0 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust completed the sale of its interests in four RioCan Living income producing properties: The Underwood Apartments in Calgary, Alberta, FourFifty The Well in Toronto, Ontario and Bellevue Phase One and Two in Montreal, Quebec. Aggregate gross sales proceeds were \$280.5 million at a weighted average capitalization rate of 3.79%⁽³⁾. In addition, subsequent to quarter end, up to August 4, 2026, the Trust entered into two conditional agreements to sell its interest in two RioCan Living income producing properties for estimated gross proceeds of \$205.7 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living⁽¹⁾ was \$423.5 million. This includes gross proceeds of \$280.5 million from RioCan Living dispositions as noted above, \$143.0 million of gross proceeds from residential inventory sales including equity-accounted joint ventures, primarily from the collection of accounts receivable during 2026 related to 2025 inventory sales.

On a cumulative basis for the eighteen months ended June 30, 2026, Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living – proforma⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ was \$1.26 billion or 96% of the \$1.3 billion (2025 to 2026) target. This includes gross proceeds of \$687.1 million from the sales of 11 residential rental properties, \$364.8 million of gross proceeds from residential inventory sales including RioCan's share in equity-accounted joint ventures and the two conditional agreements noted above for combined estimated gross proceeds of \$205.7 million.

Total Capital Repatriation - pro forma⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ consists of Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living – pro forma plus proceeds and anticipated proceeds from other asset dispositions. On a cumulative basis, for the eighteen months ended June 30, 2026, proceeds from other asset dispositions were \$114.7 million, and anticipated proceeds from other firm deals or deals closed subsequent to quarter end through to August 4, 2026 were \$29.1 million, both including RioCan's share in equity-accounted joint ventures, bringing Total Capital Repatriation - pro forma to \$1.4 billion.

(1) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information.

(2) Includes conditional sales agreements. Conditional sales agreements are subject to finalization, due diligence and customary closing conditions and may not be completed as anticipated, within the expected timeframe, or at all.

(3) Capitalization rate is based on in-place NOI calculated on a trailing 12 month basis when the related sale agreement becomes firm.

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Residential Inventory

The following table shows the changes in the aggregate carrying value of RioCan's residential inventory for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026:

	Three months ended June 30, 2026	Six months ended June 30, 2026
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 235,633	\$ 236,745
Repossession of units (i)	1,466	8,420
Dispositions (ii)	(4,902)	(12,900)
Development recoveries (ii) (iii)	(851)	(941)
Impairment	(26)	(4)
Balance, end of period	\$ 231,320	\$ 231,320

- (i) Certain condominium units were repossessed to settle defaulted amounts due on condominium final closings. The units were recorded at the lower of the contractual amount due and fair value of the condominium unit at the time of repossession.
- (ii) During three and six months ended June 30, 2025, dispositions were \$45.5 million and \$86.0 million, respectively, and development expenditures were \$14.9 million and \$59.1 million, respectively.
- (iii) During three and six months ended June 30, 2026, includes \$1.0 million and \$0.1 million development expenditures related to pipeline advancement, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$3.1 million and \$9.5 million, respectively).

Mortgages and Loans Receivable

Contractual mortgages and loans receivable as at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025 are comprised of the following:

	Weighted average				
(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Contractual interest rate (i)	Effective interest rate (i)	Terms to maturity (in years) (i)	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
As at					
Mezzanine financing and other	9.40%	9.40%	0.9	\$ 160,881	\$ 251,446
Vendor take-back	3.39%	5.26%	1.3	80,806	86,885
Total				\$ 241,687	\$ 338,331
Floating rate loans (ii) (iii)	9.50%	9.50%	0.7	\$ 137,730	\$ 181,026
Fixed rate loans (iv)	4.59%	6.06%	1.4	103,957	157,305
Total				\$ 241,687	\$ 338,331
Weighted average contractual interest rate		7.37%			7.48%
Weighted average effective interest rate		8.02%			7.94%
Weighted average terms to maturity (years)		1.0			0.8

- (i) Information presented as at June 30, 2026.
- (ii) As at December 31, 2025, contractual interest rates and effective interest rates were 9.01% and 9.01%, respectively.
- (iii) Certain floating-rate mortgages and loans receivable are subject to prime rate floor and cap limits and, as at June 30, 2026, \$57.9 million of the total mortgages and loans receivable were subject to such contractual limits, all of which were earning interest at the prime rate floor. No mortgages or loans receivable were earning interest at their contractual prime rate cap. (December 31, 2025 - \$55.1 million of the total mortgages and loans receivable were subject to such contractual limits, all of which were earning interest at the prime rate floor. No mortgages or loans receivable were earning interest at their contractual prime rate cap.
- (iv) As at December 31, 2025, weighted average contractual interest rates and effective interest rates were 5.74% and 6.71%, respectively.

As at June 30, 2026, mortgages and loans receivable amounted to \$241.7 million, compared to \$338.3 million at December 31, 2025, and are presented net of an allowance for credit losses of \$19.9 million related to RC-HBC LP mezzanine loan and Debtor-In-Possession financing (DIP Loan) receivables (December 31, 2025 - \$16.5 million related to RC-HBC LP mezzanine loan and DIP Loan receivables). Mortgages and loans receivable are either directly or indirectly secured by real property, and as at June 30, 2026, \$79.5 million are full recourse to or guaranteed by the project/property sponsors.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, \$39.2 million of mezzanine loan and DIP Loan receivables were repaid (including \$0.5 million interest accrued and \$8.9 million advanced during 2026) and a \$3.4 million of provision for credit losses was recognized. In Q1 2026, \$20.0 million of a mortgage receivable from RC-HBC LP measured at fair value was repaid and a fair value loss of \$32.9 million was recognized on this loan. The fair value loss in Q1 2026, was more than offset by the fair value gains in the Trust on investment property from the acquisition of the RC-HBC LP's 50% interest in Georgian Mall and Oakville Place. Refer to the *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* section of this MD&A for further details.

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As at June 30, 2026, one mezzanine loan receivable and DIP Loan receivable from RC-HBC LP measured at amortized cost totalling \$1.5 million, net of allowances (December 31, 2025 - two secured mezzanine loans receivable and DIP Loan receivable of \$34.8 million, net of allowances) are included in the table above and the mortgage receivable measured at fair value had a carrying value of \$ nil (December 31, 2025 - \$51.5 million).

RioCan's Declaration of Trust and certain credit agreements contain provisions that have the effect of limiting the investment in mortgages receivable under specific circumstances. Refer to Note 26 of the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025 (2025 Audited Annual Consolidated Financial Statements) for further details.

Joint Arrangements

Joint arrangement activities represent real estate investments in which RioCan has joint control and either owns an undivided interest in the assets and liabilities with its co-owners (co-ownership or joint operations) or ownership rights to the residual equity of a separate entity holding the property interests that are accounted for as equity-accounted investments (EAI JV). RioCan has 34 properties in joint operations and five properties in five joint ventures (December 31, 2025 - 38 properties in joint operations and six properties in six joint ventures). RioCan enters into co-ownership arrangements and joint ventures to leverage its portfolio of prime locations to efficiently raise capital and earn management fees for its expertise in managing IPP. The Trust's co-ownership arrangements are governed by co-ownership agreements. The Trust's joint venture arrangements are typically governed by limited partnership agreements and/or shareholders' agreements. RioCan's standard joint arrangements provide exit and transfer provisions, including, but not limited to, buy/sell and/or right-of-first offers or refusals that allow for the unwinding of these joint arrangements should the circumstances necessitate.

Generally, the Trust is only liable for its proportionate share of the obligations of the joint arrangements in which it participates, except in limited circumstances. Credit risk may arise in the event that co-owners default on the payment of their proportionate share of such obligations. The joint arrangement agreements will typically provide RioCan with an option to remedy any non-performance by a defaulting co-owner/partner. These credit risks are mitigated as the Trust has recourse against the assets under its joint arrangement agreements in the event of default by its co-owners/partners, in which case the Trust's claim would be against both the underlying real estate investments and the co-owners/partners that are in default. In addition, RioCan has provided guarantees on debt totalling \$119.3 million as at June 30, 2026 on behalf of co-owners/partners (December 31, 2025 - \$351.3 million). These guarantees are expected to decrease as certain development projects are completed. Refer to the *Capital Resources and Liquidity - Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements - Guarantees* section of this MD&A for further details.

In addition to the five joint ventures, the Trust has significant influence over four limited partnerships (December 31, 2025 - five limited partnerships), and, as a result, these are also equity-accounted investments. The total aggregate carrying value of equity-accounted investments was \$155.8 million as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$159.6 million), of which the largest equity-accounted investments were PR Bloor Street LP at \$57.2 million and the combined WhiteCastle New Urban Fund LPs at \$53.5 million (December 31, 2025 - \$55.8 million and \$53.0 million, respectively). In addition to its net equity in equity-accounted investments, RioCan has guaranteed certain debt in proportion to its ownership interest within equity-accounted investments to third-party lenders in the aggregate amount of \$72.1 million (December 31, 2025 - \$123.9 million). For clarity, the \$72.1 million of debt is included in the calculation of Total Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share.

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Selected Financial Information of Joint Ventures and Other Equity-Accounted Investments

Total Assets

(thousands of dollars)						Total assets as at December 31, 2025
As at June 30, 2026	IPP	PUD	Residential Inventory	Other (i)	Total Assets	
Joint operations:						
Total assets of proportionately consolidated joint operations	\$2,039,917	\$ 132,037	\$ 131,574	\$ 79,679	\$2,383,207	\$ 2,926,414
Equity-accounted joint ventures:						
PR Bloor Street LP	—	2,519	102,565	612	105,696	104,349
RC (Queensway) LP	2,463	1,353	12,671	6,591	23,078	70,093
RC Yorkville LP (iv)	—	—	—	—	—	12,913
RCLC King and Sherbourne LP	8,967	7,927	—	5,988	22,882	22,960
RioCan-Fieldgate LP	—	2,273	18,316	139	20,728	20,244
Dawson-Yonge LP	10,211	—	—	164	10,375	10,334
Total assets of equity-accounted joint ventures (ii)	\$ 21,641	\$ 14,072	\$ 133,552	\$ 13,494	\$ 182,759	\$ 240,893
RC-HBC LP (iii)	—	—	—	—	—	142,063
Other equity-accounted investments (ii)	—	—	116,459	12,471	128,930	131,186
Total assets of equity-accounted investments (ii)	\$ 21,641	\$ 14,072	\$ 250,011	\$ 25,965	\$ 311,689	\$ 514,142
Total joint operations and equity-accounted investments (ii)	\$2,061,558	\$ 146,109	\$ 381,585	\$ 105,644	\$2,694,896	\$ 3,440,556

- (i) Primarily includes amounts due on condominium closings, cash and cash equivalents, rents receivable and other operating expenditures recoverable from tenants.
- (ii) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information.
- (iii) On March 31, 2026, RioCan ceased to account for the RC-HBC LP as an equity-accounted investment, and the investment was reclassified to an investment measured at fair value through profit and loss. Refer to the *RC-HBC LP* section below for more information.
- (iv) Ceased to be an equity-accounted joint venture upon RioCan disposing its remaining 25.0% interest in class B Units of RC Yorkville LP on May 12, 2026. Refer to the *RC Yorkville LP* section below for more information.

Total NOI

NOI of proportionately consolidated joint operations and NOI of joint operations and equity-accounted investments are non-GAAP financial measures. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information.

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Joint Operations:				
Total NOI from proportionately consolidated joint operations	\$ 25,836	\$ 32,931	\$ 52,029	\$ 64,323
Equity-accounted investments:				
Joint ventures:				
Dawson-Yonge LP	159	139	304	259
RCLC King and Sherbourne LP	42	47	89	115
RC Yorkville LP	—	12	—	2
RioCan-Fieldgate LP	1	2	(1)	—
RC (Queensway) LP	(22)	6	7	—
PR Bloor Street LP	20	55	34	(22)
Total NOI of equity-accounted joint ventures	\$ 200	\$ 261	\$ 433	\$ 354
RC-HBC LP (ii)	—	2,533	27	7,333
Other equity-accounted investments	173	49	326	156
Total NOI of equity-accounted investments (i)	\$ 373	\$ 2,843	\$ 786	\$ 7,843
Total NOI of joint operations and equity-accounted investments	\$ 26,209	\$ 35,774	\$ 52,815	\$ 72,166

- (i) Total FFO from equity-accounted investments was \$(1.6) million and \$1.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$7.6 million and \$13.7 million, respectively), of which \$2.9 million loss was from the disposition of remaining 25.0% interest in class B Units of RC Yorkville LP (12.5% interest in the 11YV project) for the current quarter and year-to-date. FFO from equity-accounted investments was \$0.1 million and \$1.0 million related to the gain on sale of condominium units for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$6.9 million and \$8.7 million, respectively). FFO from equity-accounted investments contributed from RC-HBC LP operations was \$nil and \$0.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$0.5 million and \$3.0 million, respectively).
- (ii) On March 31, 2026, RioCan ceased to account for the RC-HBC LP as an equity-accounted investment, and the investment was reclassified to an investment measured at fair value through profit and loss. Refer to the *RC-HBC LP* section below for more information.

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RC-HBC LP

As of June 30, 2026, RC-HBC LP is in receivership proceedings and had two remaining sole-tenanted properties (December 31, 2025 - six sole-tenanted properties and 50% interest in two co-owned multi-tenanted properties). During Q1 2026, the Yorkdale leasehold interest was disclaimed and RioCan acquired the two co-owned multi-tenanted properties, Georgian Mall and Oakville Place, realizing on its security on January 5, 2026. See below for more details on these acquisitions. During Q2 2026, RC-HBC LP sold three sole-tenanted properties.

On March 31, 2026, RioCan reclassified its investment in the RC-HBC LP to an investment measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) and ceased equity-accounted investment accounting, as the third-party lenders were working with the receiver to monetize the remaining sole-tenanted properties. Consequently, RC-HBC LP assets and debt are no longer included in RioCan's Proportionate Share amounts.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses⁽¹⁾ were \$nil and \$36.9 million, respectively, reflecting Q1 2026 fair value losses on a mortgage receivable and the write-down of the DIP Loan, both related to disclaiming the Yorkdale leasehold interest, and additional provision for guarantee losses on the Ottawa mortgage, which was settled on April 10, 2026. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures - Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses* section of this MD&A for further details.

Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses on a year-to-date basis, were largely offset by fair value gains recorded by the Trust on investment properties of \$39.3 million in Q1 2026 from the aforementioned acquisitions of the RC-HBC LP's 50% interest in Georgian Mall and Oakville Place for \$81.1 million and \$64.2 million, respectively, net of available cash on hand, plus allocated receivership and transaction costs. RioCan settled the purchase price through the assumption of first mortgages on these properties, settling the \$26.0 million balance of the Georgian Mall mezzanine loan through a credit bid and \$20.0 million in cash proceeds in respect of Oakville Place, which is security for the RioCan mortgage receivable from the Yorkdale leasehold. Both former HBC spaces were re-leased to high-quality national tenants, including Sobeys, Mark's and GoodLife at Georgian Mall and Nations Fresh Foods at Oakville Place, at rents that are 171% above the former HBC tenancy.

The allowances, provisions, effective interest rate and fair value adjustments have been recognized based on current risk assessments, available information, and the fair value of security interests.

Prior to reclassifying the investment in RC-HBC LP to an investment measured at FVTPL, RioCan earned \$0.5 million in fees in respect of certain financing services, property management fees and other consulting fees provided to the RC-HBC LP from January 1, 2026 to March 31, 2026 (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$1.8 million and \$3.6 million, respectively).

For more information on the RC-HBC LP, refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A and to Note 4 in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

RC (Queensway) LP

On May 20, 2026, RC (Queensway) LP completed the sale of its 100% interest in a retail unit for total proceeds of \$6.7 million or \$1.3 million at RioCan's interest. As of August 4, 2026, RC (Queensway) LP has entered into firm deals and closed deals subsequent to quarter end of its 100% interest in several retail units for total proceeds of \$10.9 million or \$2.2 million at RioCan's interest.

RC Yorkville LP

On May 12, 2026, RioCan sold its remaining 25.0% interest in class B Units of RC Yorkville LP for proceeds of \$2.2 million, which resulted in a loss of \$2.9 million.

(1) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

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Maintenance Capital Expenditures on Income Producing Properties

Maintenance capital expenditures consist primarily of tenant improvements, third-party leasing commissions and certain recoverable and non-recoverable capital expenditures. Maintenance capital expenditures are additions to income producing properties that maintain the earnings capacity of our property portfolio and are influenced by numerous factors. These factors include, but are not limited to, lease expiry profile, tenant vacancies, the age and location of the income producing properties and general economic and market conditions, which influence tenant performance and viability. Additions to income producing properties that are expected to create, improve or expand the earnings capacity and long-term value of the overall property are included in Portfolio Investments Spending.

Actual maintenance capital expenditures can vary widely from period to period depending on the factors noted above, as well as acquisition and disposition activity. As a result, management believes that for the purpose of determining AFFO, as discussed in the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A, using Normalized Capital Expenditures as an input in assessing a REIT's recurring economic earnings is more relevant than using actual capital expenditures. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for details on how management estimates its Normalized Capital Expenditures used in the determination of AFFO.

Tenant improvements and external leasing commissions

The Trust's portfolio requires ongoing investments of capital for costs related to tenant improvements, broker commissions on new and renewal tenant leases and other third-party leasing costs. The amount and timing of capital outlays to fund tenant improvements on the Trust's income producing property portfolio depend on several factors, which may include the lease maturity profile, unforeseen vacancies and the location of the income producing property.

Recoverable and non-recoverable capital expenditures

The Trust invests capital on a regular basis to physically maintain its income producing properties. Typical costs incurred are for expenditures such as roof replacement programs and resurfacing parking lots. Under the terms of most tenant leases, a significant portion of these costs can be recovered from tenants over time through operating cost recoveries. The Trust expenses or capitalizes these amounts to income producing properties, as appropriate. The majority of such activities occur when weather conditions are favourable. As a result, these expenditures generally fluctuate quarter to quarter.

Summary of Maintenance Capital Expenditures

Expenditures for third-party leasing commissions and tenant improvements, and recoverable and non-recoverable capital expenditures pertaining to preserving the existing earnings capacity of our income producing properties are as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30			Normalized Capital Expenditures (i)
	2026	2025 (ii)	Change	2026	2025 (ii)	Change	YTD Q2 2026
Maintenance capital expenditures:							
Tenant improvements and external leasing commissions	\$ 10,154	\$ 19,491	\$ (9,337)	\$ 15,953	\$ 36,148	\$ (20,195)	\$ 14,500
Recoverable from tenants	3,469	1,905	1,564	4,791	2,481	2,310	11,000
Non-recoverable	415	512	(97)	652	1,044	(392)	2,000
	\$ 14,038	\$ 21,908	\$ (7,870)	\$ 21,396	\$ 39,673	\$ (18,277)	\$ 27,500

(i) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for details on how management estimates its Normalized Capital Expenditures.

(ii) In 2026, maintenance capital expenditures are presented on an accrual basis and the comparative has been restated. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for reconciliation between the accrual basis and cash basis.

RioCan's total maintenance capital expenditures for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were \$6.1 million lower than the Normalized Capital Expenditures estimate primarily due to lower recoverable expenditures from tenants, non-recoverable capital expenditures, partially offset by higher tenant improvements and external leasing commissions. Year-to-date 2026 maintenance capital expenditures were lower than those in year-to-date 2025 due to the completion of certain backfill initiatives and the timing of expenditures in 2025.

For 2026, normalized maintenance capital expenditure guidance is set at \$55.0 million, allocated evenly to each quarter, although quarterly fluctuations between the estimated normalized maintenance capital expenditures and actual expenditures are expected. Actual maintenance capital expenditures for 2026 are expected to be in-line with the annual normalized capital expenditures of \$55 million. The Trust will reassess the estimated normalized maintenance capital expenditures as necessary on a go forward basis.

Prior to January 1, 2026, additions to income producing properties expected to improve or expand existing earnings capacity were presented separately in the table above as revenue enhancing capital expenditures. Effective January 1, 2026, these additions are included in Portfolio Investments Spending. Refer to the *Capital Allocation - Portfolio Investments Spending* section in the MD&A for further details.

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CAPITAL ALLOCATION

The Trust's capital allocation framework is focused on optimizing risk-adjusted returns while maintaining balance sheet strength and liquidity. Incremental capital is increasingly allocated to portfolio investments as mixed-use development projects advance toward completion and stabilization, reflecting a transition from development execution to income enhancement within the existing portfolio.

Portfolio Investments Spending

Portfolio Investments Spending⁽¹⁾ is focused on retail infill projects and asset enhancements that management believes will support income growth and long-term property value creation. Retail infill spending relates to properties under development. Asset enhancements include major projects at income producing properties, including capital spending previously classified as revenue enhancing expenditures, as well as asset enhancement projects in properties under development. This spending remains an important component of the Trust's capital allocation strategy, as the Trust prioritizes initiatives with a higher degree of predictable execution and higher return potential. Expected benefits will depend on factors including, but not limited to, project execution, leasing activity and market conditions.

Portfolio Investments Spending for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and Anticipated 2026 is as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30		Anticipated 2026
	2026	2025	2026	2025	
Retail infill projects (i)	\$ 8,206	\$ 13,206	\$ 15,547	\$ 24,717	\$50M - \$60M
Asset enhancements (i) (ii)	13,039	3,525	27,955	10,757	\$45M - \$55M
Portfolio Investments Spending (iii)	\$ 21,245	\$ 16,731	\$ 43,502	\$ 35,474	\$95M - \$115M

(i) Includes certain spend previously included as Development Spending.

(ii) Includes spend previously included as revenue enhancing capital expenditures.

(iii) No Portfolio Investments Spending was incurred for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 by equity-accounted joint ventures.

Development Spending

Development Spending⁽¹⁾ includes the completion of active residential inventory and mixed-use developments within the existing pipeline that are well-progressed. As projects move toward completion, development capital requirements are moderating. The Trust continues to align spending on pipeline activity with market conditions and balance sheet priorities.

Effective January 1, 2026, properties under development spending related to retail infill projects and asset enhancements is no longer part of Development Spending, and is included in Portfolio Investments Spending.

Development Spending for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, and anticipated 2026 are as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis		RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV		Anticipated 2026
	2026	2025	2026	2025	
Three months ended June 30					
Residential inventory (i)	\$ (1,812)	\$ 11,773	\$ (2,691)	\$ 18,542	
Pipeline advancement (ii)	7,819	10,779	8,608	9,834	
Mixed-use projects (iii)	4,910	12,026	4,741	12,758	
Development Spending	\$ 10,917	\$ 34,578	\$ 10,658	\$ 41,134	
Six months ended June 30					
Residential inventory (i)	\$ (1,017)	\$ 49,643	\$ (115)	\$ 61,583	\$13M - \$17M
Pipeline advancement (ii)	14,213	27,109	15,902	28,253	\$29M - \$33M
Mixed-use projects (iii)(iv)	5,648	29,744	6,034	30,824	\$3M - \$5M
Development Spending	\$ 18,844	\$ 106,496	\$ 21,821	\$ 120,660	\$45M - \$55M

(i) Related to residential inventory projects that were under active construction during 2026.

(ii) Includes Development Spending on certain residential inventory projects.

(iii) No physical construction of new mixed-use properties is expected under the current market conditions.

(iv) Mixed-use projects spend currently exceeds the anticipated 2026 range. However, cost recoveries are expected on certain projects which will bring the total mixed-use projects spend back to the anticipated 2026 range.

(1) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

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Properties Under Development

RioCan is focused on advancing select assets to shovel-ready status and intensifying existing assets, prioritizing near-term monetization and value creation. Given current market dynamics, RioCan is not pursuing mixed-use development on a stand-alone basis. Embedded density can be monetized through multiple capital-efficient avenues, allowing the Trust to crystallize value without committing balance sheet capital while preserving long-term upside.

The Trust categorizes projects within its active project pipeline as follows:

Category	Description
Projects under construction	Projects under active construction or anticipated to commence active construction in the next three months.
Shovel ready development sites	Zoning by-law approval, legal obligations achieved, as well as environmental and tenant encumbrances resolved. Upon financial commitment and site plan approval, project can commence construction.
Zoning approved	Achieved full zoning by-law amendment approval.
Zoning application submitted	Trust has submitted re-zoning application to change municipality zoning designation and/or increase density.
Future developments	Sites identified in key urban markets with potential for mixed-use, retail and residential development.

Development Pipeline

RioCan's development pipeline includes residential inventory and properties under development which are summarized on Consolidated Basis and at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV as at June 30, 2026 in the tables below:

Consolidated Basis <i>(in thousands of dollars or sq. ft. and at RioCan's interest unless otherwise noted)</i>	Estimated GFA (i)			Residential units at 100% ownership (i)(ii)	Investment			Estimated cost to complete	Estimated total (iv)
	Commercial	Residential (ii)	Total (iii)		Residential inventory cost to date	PUD cost to date	Total Development at Cost (iv)(vi)		
Projects under construction (v)	211	—	211	—	\$ —	\$ 77,766	\$ 77,766	\$ 67,475	\$ 145,241
Shovel ready development sites	691	1,130	1,821	1,389	9,842	101,712	111,554	—	111,554
Zoning approved	1,701	15,573	17,274	18,550	112,558	211,074	323,632	—	323,632
Zoning application submitted	46	2,906	2,952	5,419	30,385	82,040	112,425	—	112,425
Future developments	1,937	19,496	21,433	16,517	4,739	90,979	95,718	—	95,718
Development lands & others	—	—	—	—	—	89,837	89,837	—	89,837
Total Consolidated Basis	4,586	39,105	43,691	41,875	\$ 157,524	\$ 653,408	\$ 810,932	\$ 67,475	\$ 878,407
Total PUD at fair value	\$ 548,200								

Proportionate Share in EAI JV <i>(in thousands of dollars or sq. ft. and at RioCan's interest unless otherwise noted)</i>	Estimated GFA (i)			Residential units at 100% ownership (i)(ii)	Investment (iv)			Estimated cost to complete	Estimated total
	Commercial	Residential (ii)	Total (iii)		Residential inventory cost to date	PUD cost to date	Total Development at Cost (vi)		
Projects under construction (v)	211	—	211	—	\$ —	\$ 77,766	\$ 77,766	\$ 67,475	\$ 145,241
Shovel ready development sites	691	1,130	1,821	1,389	9,842	101,712	111,554	—	111,554
Zoning approved	1,710	15,947	17,657	19,668	215,123	213,593	428,716	—	428,716
Zoning application submitted	54	2,975	3,029	5,661	48,701	84,313	133,014	—	133,014
Future developments	1,937	19,496	21,433	16,517	4,739	90,979	95,718	—	95,718
Development lands & others	—	—	—	—	—	97,953	97,953	—	97,953
Total Proportionate Share in EAI JV	4,603	39,548	44,151	43,235	\$ 278,405	\$ 666,316	\$ 944,721	\$ 67,475	\$1,012,196
Total PUD at fair value - Proportionate Share in EAI JV (iv)	\$ 560,919								

(i) Estimated GFA and the number of residential units are based on current development plans; final square footage and units may differ.

(ii) Includes residential condominiums, townhouses, and residential rental development.

(iii) Estimated total square footage includes 4.2 million square feet of NLA currently included in income producing properties NLA, of which 0.1 million square feet is included in projects under construction.

(iv) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information.

(v) Estimated NLA on projects under construction approximates 0.2 million square feet by applying a 90% GFA conversion factor.

(vi) Total Development at Cost includes costs of assets transferred from IPP to PUD when the related property enters development, costs of acquired PUD assets and development costs incurred on transferred assets and on other development properties.

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Completed Projects

For the six months ended June 30, 2026, RioCan transferred a total of 322,000 square feet of new development NLA, (inclusive of 2,200 square feet from equity-accounted joint ventures) from properties under development to income producing properties. The transfers include 296,000 square feet of retail infill and asset enhancement projects that mainly consist of necessity-based national tenants and 26,000 square feet of mixed-use projects that consist of residential rental and retail units.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, all active residential inventory projects that were under construction were substantially completed.

For the six months ended June 30, 2026, on a Consolidated Basis, total inventory sales and the related inventory gain were \$16.6 million and \$4.2 million, respectively. At RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV, RioCan recognized total inventory sales of \$39.2 million and a residential inventory gain of \$2.2 million, inclusive of the impact from the disposition of remaining 25.0% interest in class B Units of RC Yorkville LP (12.5% interest in the 11YV project). Refer to the *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* section of this MD&A for further details.

As at June 30, 2026, the residual inventory balance related to completed but unsold inventory units was approximately \$73.8 million on a Consolidated Basis or \$86.5 million at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV⁽¹⁾, representing approximately 1%⁽¹⁾ of NAV. Leasing programs are underway for certain unsold units to generate interim income, mitigate carrying costs, and protect long-term value as the market stabilizes.

Projects Under Construction

As at June 30, 2026, there are six projects under construction included in properties under development which are detailed in the table below:

(in thousands of dollars and at RioCan's interest unless otherwise noted)			Estimated GFA ('000 sq. ft.) (i)					
	% Ownership	Residential	Commercial (ii)	Total cost to date	Estimated cost to complete	Estimated total	Estimated completion period	
Westgate, Ottawa, ON (iii)	100 %	—	28	\$ 15,101	\$ 13,000	\$ 28,101	2026 Q4	
South Edmonton Common, Edmonton, AB (iii)	100 %	—	34	20,136	8,496	28,632	2026 Q4	
East Hills North, Calgary, AB (iii)	40 %	—	15	1,058	6,979	8,037	2026 Q4 - 2027 Q2	
Retail infill - PUD (iii)		—	77	\$ 36,295	\$ 28,475	\$ 64,770		
Yonge Eglinton Centre, Toronto, ON (iii)	100 %	—	32	\$ 9,794	\$ 18,299	\$ 28,093	2026 Q3 - 2027 Q2	
Georgian Mall, Barrie, ON (iii)	100 %	—	90	24,621	15,525	40,146	2027 Q2	
Burlington Centre, Burlington, ON (iii)	50 %	—	12	7,056	5,176	12,232	2027 Q1	
Asset enhancement - PUD (iii)		—	134	\$ 41,471	\$ 39,000	\$ 80,471		
Total projects under construction (iv)		—	211	\$ 77,766	\$ 67,475	\$ 145,241		

(i) Estimated GFA and residential units are based on current development plans, final square footage and units may differ.

(ii) Includes 0.1 million square feet of NLA currently included in the NLA of income producing properties.

(iii) Total estimated costs include historical carrying amounts of \$54.3 million in aggregate transferred from IPP for redevelopment. This includes \$18.3 million attributable to retail infill projects, specifically, South Edmonton Common (\$10.1 million), Westgate (\$7.6 million), and East Hills North (\$0.6 million), and \$36.0 million attributable to asset enhancement projects, comprising Georgian Mall (\$20.0 million), Yonge Eglinton Centre (\$8.7 million) and Burlington Centre (\$7.3 million).

(iv) There are no properties under development which are under construction in equity-accounted joint ventures as at June 30, 2026.

Project Deliveries

RioCan's development pipeline is expected to deliver 0.6 million square feet of GFA between 2026 and 2027, the majority of which pertains to retail infill and asset enhancement projects, as well as a relatively small amount of in-flight mixed-use development projects. During this period, on a Consolidated Basis, RioCan expects to complete and transfer to income producing properties between \$290 million to \$300 million of retail infill and asset enhancement projects, or \$130 million to \$140 million in Net Cost Transfer⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾. On a pro forma basis, we expect to generate an average going-in cash NOI yield of approximately 9%, which is calculated using estimated total stabilized net operating income divided by the estimated Net Cost Transfer⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾.

(1) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information.

(2) Net cost transfer is expressed on a cash basis. It excludes vacant land costs and invested costs on retail redevelopment at date of transfer. It is also net of proceeds from land sales, applicable interim income or fee income earned, capitalized interest on invested equity, and fair value on initial amounts transferred into properties under development. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for further information on net cost transfers from PUD to IPP during the year ended December 31, 2025.

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CAPITAL RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

Capital Management Framework

RioCan defines capital as the aggregate of Unitholder and preferred Unitholders' equity and debt. RioCan's capital is as follows:

(thousands of dollars)		Consolidated Basis		RioCan's Proportionate Share (i)	
As at		June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Total debt (ii)	\$	6,991,695	\$ 7,152,708	\$ 7,121,653	\$ 7,462,934
Total equity		7,177,174	7,157,263	7,177,174	7,157,263
Total capital	\$	14,168,869	\$ 14,309,971	\$ 14,298,827	\$ 14,620,197

(i) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

(ii) Total debt includes \$75.6 million in mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$28.3 million).

The Trust's capital management framework is designed to maintain a level of capital that:

- complies with investment and debt restrictions pursuant to the Trust's Declaration of Trust;
- complies with debt covenants;
- enables RioCan to achieve target credit ratings; and
- funds the Trust's business strategies and builds long-term Unitholder value.

Declaration of Trust and Debt Covenants

The Trust is subject to certain investment and debt restrictions. These restrictions include but are not limited to, total indebtedness, secured indebtedness, a debt service coverage ratio, minimum Unitholders' equity, a ratio of unencumbered property assets to unsecured indebtedness and properties held for development as a percentage of consolidated gross book value of assets. In addition, the Declaration of Trust limits direct and indirect investments in greenfield developments and development properties held for resale (each net of related mortgage debt but including mezzanine financing which funds the co-owners' share of such developments) to no more than 15% of Adjusted Unitholders' Equity of the Trust (herein referred to as the "Basket Ratio" which, along with Adjusted Unitholders' Equity, is defined in the Declaration of Trust). As at June 30, 2026, the Basket Ratio was 6.7%. These and other covenants and restrictions are more fully described in Note 26 of the 2025 Audited Annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

As at June 30, 2026, the Trust was in compliance with all of the restrictions under the Declaration of Trust and all covenants pursuant to its various debt agreements of the Trust and its subsidiaries. During the six months ended June 30, 2026, technical defaults related to two mortgages payable on RC-HBC co-owned properties were resolved. Refer to the *Capital Resources and Liquidity - Total Debt Profile - Mortgages Payable* section for more details.

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Debt Metrics

In addition to financial and non-financial covenants and the restrictions under the Declaration of Trust and various debt agreements, the Trust utilizes certain management-targeted debt metrics noted in the table below to assess performance against RioCan's objectives and adherence with its capital management framework. Total Indebtedness Ratio and Debt Service Coverage Ratio are managed pursuant to the unsecured credit facility agreements and the Interest Coverage Ratio is managed pursuant to Trust Indentures as defined therein. Refer to Note 25 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the six months ended June 30, 2026.

The following table summarizes the Trust's long-term management-targeted debt metrics:

	Long-term targets	Consolidated Basis		RioCan's Proportionate Share (i)	
		June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA (i) (iv)	8.0x - 9.0x	8.70	8.36	8.81	8.64
Ratio of floating rate debt to total debt (i) (ii)	<15.0%	12.7%	5.8%	14.2%	8.6%
Ratio of Unsecured Debt to Total Contractual Debt (i) (ii)	70.0%	70.9%	66.1%	69.6%	63.4%
Weighted average term to maturity (in years) (ii)		3.59	3.52	3.55	3.40
Weighted average effective interest rate (ii) (iii)		4.16%	4.04%	4.17%	4.07%

(i) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

(ii) Information is as of respective period end.

(iii) Inclusive of hedges.

(iv) Adjusted EBITDA is on a rolling twelve-month basis. Adjusted Spot Debt is as of respective period end.

As at June 30, 2026, Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA increased on both a Consolidated Basis and at RioCan's Proportionate Share when compared to December 31, 2025. The increase was primarily driven by lower Adjusted EBITDA for the rolling twelve months ended June 30, 2026, mainly due to lower residential inventory gains, and was partially offset by lower Adjusted Spot Debt.

As at June 30, 2026, the Ratio of floating rate debt to total debt increased on both a Consolidated Basis and at RioCan's Proportionate Share when compared to December 31, 2025. The increase was primarily due to additional drawdowns on the Trust's revolving unsecured operating line of credit, partially offset by repayment of construction facilities, including the full repayment of the Queen & Ashbridge residential condominium construction facility.

The Trust's continued progress in reducing its secured debt obligations and broadening its pool of unencumbered assets resulted in a higher Ratio of Unsecured Debt to Total Contractual Debt on both a Consolidated Basis and at RioCan's Proportionate Share as at June 30, 2026, when compared to December 31, 2025.

RioCan's Proportionate Share debt metrics were also impacted by the reclassification of RC-HBC LP effective March 31, 2026, from an equity-accounted investment to an investment measured at fair value through profit and loss (refer to the *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* section of this MD&A for further details). Accordingly, the RC-HBC LP debt is no longer included in the RioCan's Proportionate Share debt balances which has the effect of partially offsetting the increases in Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA and the Ratio of floating rate debt to total debt, while increasing the Ratio of Unsecured Debt to Total Contractual Debt when compared to the respective debt metrics at RioCan's Proportionate Share as at December 31, 2025.

Credit Ratings

RioCan's disciplined financial strategy prioritizes strong debt-to-EBITDA and interest and debt service coverage ratios, reinforcing the Trust's commitment to maintaining investment-grade credit ratings. A credit rating generally provides an indication of the risk that the borrower will not fulfill its obligations in a timely manner. Rating categories range from highest credit quality (generally AAA) to default payment (generally D). The addition of a rating outlook modifier, such as "Positive", "Negative", "Stable" or "Developing" assesses the potential direction of a long-term credit rating over the intermediate term (typically six months to two years).

RioCan is rated BBB by DBRS Morningstar (DBRS), an independent credit rating agency. A credit rating of BBB (low) or higher by DBRS is considered an investment-grade rating.

On February 25, 2026, DBRS changed the Trends for RioCan's Issuer Credit Rating and Senior Unsecured Debentures to Positive from Stable.

The following table summarizes RioCan's credit ratings as at June 30, 2026:

	DBRS	
	Credit Rating	Trend
Issuer Credit Rating	BBB	Positive
Senior Unsecured Debentures	BBB	Positive

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Total Debt Profile

RioCan's debt maturity profile and future repayments are as outlined below:

Principal maturities and interest rates								
(thousands of dollars, except otherwise noted)	Debentures payable	Weighted average interest rate (iii)	Mortgages payable (vi)	Weighted average interest rate (iii)	Lines of credit and other bank loans	Weighted average interest rate (iii)	Total debt	Weighted average interest rate (iii)
Year of debt maturity								
2026 (i)	\$ —	—%	\$ 21,155	3.54%	\$ 10,000	4.52%	\$ 31,155	3.85%
2027	800,000	3.47%	237,832	2.89%	13,500	4.72%	1,051,332	3.36%
2028	650,000	3.19%	411,246	3.18%	—	—%	1,061,246	3.19%
2029	550,000	5.36%	681,169	4.43%	—	—%	1,231,169	4.84%
2030	450,000	5.47%	309,383	3.80%	400,000	4.24%	1,159,383	4.60%
Thereafter	1,500,000	4.73%	290,260	4.45%	686,000	3.96%	2,476,260	4.48%
Total Contractual Debt (ii) (iii)	\$ 3,950,000	4.39%	\$ 1,951,045	3.87%	\$ 1,109,500	4.08%	\$ 7,010,545	4.20%
Unamortized debt financing costs, premiums and discounts on origination and debt assumed, and modifications	(10,486)		(5,743)		(2,621)		(18,850)	
Total debt (iv) (v)	\$ 3,939,514	4.39%	\$ 1,945,302	3.73%	\$ 1,106,879	4.09%	\$ 6,991,695	4.16%

(i) Amounts pertain to the remaining six months of 2026.

(ii) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

(iii) For hedged floating rate debt, the weighted average contractual interest rate per annum reflects the fixed rate in the interest swaps. Including bond forward hedges, the weighted average contractual interest rate for total debentures is 4.30%, total mortgages is 3.69% and total debt is 4.10%.

(iv) Weighted average interest rate reflects the effective interest rate, inclusive of bond forward hedges for debentures payable and mortgages payable.

(v) Includes \$285.0 million of debt associated with RioCan Living properties. Refer to the *Debt Associated with RioCan Living* table below for more information.

(vi) Total includes \$75.6 million in mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale.

The Total Contractual Debt continuity schedule for the six months ended June 30, 2026 is as follows:

(thousands of dollars, except otherwise noted)	Debentures Payable	Mortgages Payable (iii)	Lines of Credit and Other Bank Loans	Total
Six months ended June 30, 2026				
Total Contractual Debt, beginning of period	\$ 4,350,000	\$ 2,227,799	\$ 603,730	\$ 7,181,529
Borrowings	200,000	44,098	635,977	880,075
Debt assumed and vendor take-back mortgage	—	95,920	—	95,920
Scheduled amortization	—	(23,149)	—	(23,149)
Repayments	(600,000)	(176,909)	(130,207)	(907,116)
Assumed on the sale of properties by purchasers	—	(216,714)	—	(216,714)
Total Contractual Debt, end of period	\$ 3,950,000	\$ 1,951,045	\$ 1,109,500	\$ 7,010,545
Interest rates of new borrowings, debt assumed and vendor take-back mortgage				
Weighted average contractual interest rate (i)	4.31%	4.54%	4.05%	4.16%
Weighted average effective interest rate (ii)	4.39%	4.62%	4.06%	4.19%

(i) For hedged floating rate debt, the contractual interest rate per annum reflects the fixed rate in the interest rate swap. For floating rate new borrowings, the interest rate reflects the floating rate at the end of the period.

(ii) Weighted average interest rate reflects the effective interest rate, inclusive of bond forward hedges and premium/discounts on issuance or assumption.

(iii) Total includes \$75.6 million in mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale.

Debt Associated with RioCan Living

(thousands of dollars, except otherwise noted)	Weighted average effective interest rate (i)	Weighted average term to maturity (years)(i)	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
As at				
Fixed rate mortgages payable - CMHC	3.03%	5.2	\$ 222,025	\$ 387,218
Construction line - CMHC and other conventional debt	3.07%	6.7	63,000	102,016
Total debt - RioCan Living (ii)	3.04%	5.5	\$ 285,025	\$ 489,234

(i) Information presented as at June 30, 2026.

(ii) Total includes \$75.6 million of mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$28.3 million).

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Debentures Payable

(thousands of dollars, except otherwise noted)

As at	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Debentures payable (i)	\$ 3,939,514	\$ 4,338,865
Weighted average effective interest rate (ii)	4.39 %	4.16 %
Weighted average term to maturity (years)	3.5	3.3

(i) Amount outstanding deducts a total of \$10.5 million as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$11.1 million) in unamortized financing costs.

(ii) Inclusive of bond forward hedges.

Issuance

On March 11, 2026, RioCan issued \$200.0 million Series AQ senior unsecured debentures. These debentures were issued at a coupon rate of 4.308% per annum and will mature on March 11, 2033.

Redemption

On February 6, 2026, RioCan repaid, in full, its \$100.0 million 5.953% Series I senior unsecured debentures upon maturity.

On June 15, 2026, RioCan repaid, in full, its \$500.0 million 1.974% Series AD senior unsecured debentures upon maturity.

Mortgages Payable

Mortgages payable consist of the following:

(thousands of dollars, except otherwise noted)

As at			June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
	Weighted average effective interest rate (i)(iv)	Weighted average term to maturity (years)(i)	Total	Total
Mortgages payable	3.78%	3.2	\$ 1,869,708	\$ 2,184,306
Mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale	2.58 %	4.8	75,594	28,343
Total (iii)			\$ 1,945,302	\$ 2,212,649
Weighted average effective interest rate (ii)(iv)			3.73 %	3.76 %
Weighted average term to maturity (years)			3.2	3.8

(i) Information presented as at June 30, 2026.

(ii) Includes hedged floating rate mortgages. Interest rate reflects the fixed rate in the interest rate swap.

(iii) Amount outstanding deducts a total of \$5.7 million as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$15.2 million) in unamortized financing costs, net of unamortized differential between contractual and market interest rates on liabilities assumed upon the acquisition of properties and unamortized debt modification losses.

(iv) Inclusive of the bond forward hedges.

At the outset of 2026, RioCan had \$243.8 million of mortgage principal maturing in 2026 at a weighted average contractual interest rate of 4.28%. For the six months ended June 30, 2026, RioCan completed total new term mortgage borrowings of \$44.1 million and renewals at maturity of \$12.5 million at a combined weighted average contractual interest rate of 3.80% and a weighted average term of 5.0 years and assumed a \$53.0 million mortgage that remain outstanding at a contractual rate of 5.24% and remaining term of 3.15 years. During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust repaid \$200.1 million of mortgage balances and scheduled amortization, including a \$43.0 million of mortgage assumed and repaid upon assumption (refer to paragraph below), and \$216.7 million mortgage was assumed by the purchasers on the sale of investment properties.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, in connection with the Trust's acquisition of RC-HBC LP's 50% interest in two co-owned assets, the Trust repaid one mortgage in full (including RioCan's 50% interest in the mortgage) for \$85.9 million, while the remaining 50% interest in the other fixed-rate mortgage was assumed for \$53.0 million. As a result, the related technical defaults were resolved. Refer to the *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* section of this MD&A for more information.

The majority of the Trust's mortgage debt provides recourse to the assets of the Trust or certain of its subsidiaries, rather than being limited solely to the specific property charged. This approach supports more favourable borrowing terms and generally results in lower interest costs.

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Lines of Credit and Other Bank Loans

Lines of credit and other bank loans consist of the following:

(thousands of dollars, except otherwise noted)

As at				June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
	Available facility (i)	Weighted average interest rate (i)(iii)	Maturity Date (i)	Amounts drawn	Amounts drawn
Revolving unsecured operating line of credit (ii)(iv)	\$ 1,250,000	4.05 %	May 31, 2031	\$ 623,000	\$ —
Non-revolving unsecured credit facilities (ii)	400,000	4.24 %	January 2030 to October 2030	400,000	400,000
Construction lines and other bank loans (v)	86,500	3.50 %	July 2026 to March 2033	86,500	203,730
Total Contractual	\$ 1,736,500			\$ 1,109,500	\$ 603,730
Unamortized debt financing costs, premiums and discounts on origination and debt assumed, and modifications				(2,621)	(2,536)
Total	\$ 1,736,500			\$ 1,106,879	\$ 601,194
Weighted average effective interest rate (iii)				4.09 %	4.14 %

(i) Information presented as at June 30, 2026.

(ii) The underlying rates on amounts drawn under the revolving unsecured operating line of credit are based on floating rates and the underlying rates on the non-revolving unsecured credit facilities are the weighted average interest rate of one floating rate and one all-in fixed rate through interest rate swaps. The credit spreads for the revolving unsecured operating line of credit and the non-revolving unsecured credit facilities are based on the Trust's credit rating.

(iii) Inclusive of interest rate swaps used to hedge floating rate debt.

(iv) The weighted average interest rate reflects the outstanding advances as at June 30, 2026. The Trust can draw using the Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average (CORRA), Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), and Prime rate, plus applicable credit spreads. During Q2 2026, the Trust extended the maturity date on its operating line of credit to May 31, 2031. All other terms and conditions remained the same.

(v) During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust repaid in full \$130.2 million floating rate construction loans related to two facilities for residential projects.

Liquidity

Liquidity refers to the Trust having credit availability under committed credit facilities and/or generating sufficient amounts of cash and cash equivalents to fund the ongoing financial and operational commitments including maintenance capital, Portfolio Investments Spending, Development Spending, distributions to Unitholders and planned growth in the business.

RioCan maintains a committed revolving unsecured operating line of credit to provide financial flexibility and liquidity which can be drawn or repaid on short notice, reducing the need to hold liquid resources in cash and deposits.

Liquidity risk refers to the potential inability of the Trust to obtain sufficient debt and equity capital to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Trust mitigates its liquidity risk by staggering the maturity dates of its long-term debt, actively renewing expiring credit arrangements, utilizing undrawn operating lines of credit, where appropriate, maintaining a large number of assets unencumbered by debt, and issuing equity when considered appropriate.

As at June 30, 2026, the following table summarizes RioCan's Liquidity:

(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis		RioCan's Proportionate Share (i)	
	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
As at				
Undrawn revolving unsecured operating line of credit	\$ 627,000	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 627,000	\$ 1,250,000
Undrawn construction lines and other bank loans	—	20,770	28,800	52,779
Cash and cash equivalents	66,630	145,040	75,824	159,034
Liquidity (i)	\$ 693,630	\$ 1,415,810	\$ 731,624	\$ 1,461,813

(i) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

The \$722.2 million and \$730.2 million decrease in Liquidity on a Consolidated Basis and at RioCan's Proportionate Share, respectively, over the prior year end was mainly due to the timing of financing and capital recycling activities and the utilization of cash and credit facilities for investments, and construction lines for development completions.

Pursuant to the terms of its credit agreement, the Trust has an option to increase the commitment under its revolving unsecured line of credit by \$250.0 million.

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Unencumbered Assets

Through its unencumbered investment properties, RioCan has the potential to obtain additional mortgages to bolster liquidity, if needed, and preserve credit availability under its revolving unsecured line of credit, while maintaining compliance with debt covenants under various credit facilities. Unencumbered investment property assets as at June 30, 2026 were as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis		RioCan's Proportionate Share (i)	
	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
As at				
Unencumbered Assets	\$ 9,640,479	\$ 9,154,699	\$ 9,665,437	\$ 9,172,958

(i) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

The increase in the Unencumbered Assets on both a Consolidated Basis and at RioCan's Proportionate Share from December 31, 2025 was mainly due to repayment of mortgages payable.

Contractual Commitments

The Trust's Liquidity is impacted by contractual debt commitments and committed expenditures on active development projects. Its contractual debt commitments and committed development expenditures for the next five years are as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	2026 (i)	2027	2028	2029	2030	Thereafter	Total
Contractual obligations:							
Lines of credit and other bank loans	\$ 10,000	\$ 13,500	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 400,000	\$ 686,000	\$ 1,109,500
Mortgages payable	21,155	237,832	411,246	681,169	309,383	290,260	1,951,045
Debentures payable	—	800,000	650,000	550,000	450,000	1,500,000	3,950,000
Interest obligations (ii)	146,574	274,232	244,137	199,408	127,465	115,815	1,107,631
Lease liabilities (iii)	989	2,063	2,121	2,213	385	17,906	25,677
Lease interest payment (ii)	676	1,270	1,158	1,043	971	27,988	33,106
Other operating lease obligations	77	154	141	77	17	—	466
Total Contractual Obligations	\$ 179,471	\$ 1,329,051	\$ 1,308,803	\$ 1,433,910	\$ 1,288,221	\$ 2,637,969	\$ 8,177,425
Total estimated cost-to-complete projects under construction (iv) (v)	27,219	37,803	2,453	—	—	—	67,475
Total Commitments (vi)	\$ 206,690	\$ 1,366,854	\$ 1,311,256	\$ 1,433,910	\$ 1,288,221	\$ 2,637,969	\$ 8,244,900

(i) Amounts pertain to the remaining six months of 2026

(ii) Effective Q1 2026, the interest obligations and lease interest payment are included in the contractual commitments table above. For floating rate debt, the Trust has assumed the balance will remain outstanding through to the maturity date and at the existing floating interest rate as at the period end date of this MD&A.

(iii) Represents the discounted minimum lease payments of lease liabilities under IFRS 16.

(iv) This includes RioCan's Proportionate Share in Equity-Accounted Investments Joint Ventures. Refer to the *Capital Allocation - Properties Under Development - Projects Under Construction* section of this MD&A.

(v) Includes costs that do not have committed construction contracts.

(vi) The table above excludes unfunded investment commitments of \$84.8 million relating to equity-accounted investments and other investments for which timing is unknown.

The Trust's contractual debt obligations and total estimated cost-to-complete projects under construction can be funded by existing cash on hand, cash generated by operations, net proceeds from the sale of assets, draws on construction lines and credit facilities, proceeds from mortgage refinancing, the revolving unsecured operating line of credit, proceeds from the issuance of unsecured debentures and other similar debt instruments or issuance of equity Units.

The Trust has entered into a firm purchase obligation to purchase its partner's interest in the retail and residential rental components of Queen & Ashbridge upon stabilization, currently estimated to be during 2027, at the greater of pre-determined capitalization rates of 4.75% and 4.15%, respectively, or total cost plus 5%.

The forward purchase agreement for Bellevue Phase Three was terminated on June 30, 2026.

RioCan, as a mutual fund trust, expects to make monthly distributions to Unitholders with the cash generated from ongoing operating activities. For more information on monthly distributions, see the *Capital Resources and Liquidity - Distributions to Unitholders* section of this MD&A.

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Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Guarantees

As at June 30, 2026, the maximum exposure to credit loss resulting from the Trust's debt guarantees, on behalf of certain of our co-owners' or joint-venture partners' interests and mortgages assumed by purchasers on property dispositions, is \$304.7 million (December 31, 2025 - \$351.3 million), with expiries between 2026 and 2029. Debt guarantees decreased as at June 30, 2026 when comparing to December 31, 2025 as development projects are completed and the related third-party debt is repaid, partially offset by increased guarantees on debt associated with RioCan Living assets disposed which are anticipated to be released in due course. The maximum exposure to credit risk relating to a guarantee is the maximum risk of loss if there was a total default, without consideration of recoveries under recourse provisions against the aforementioned parties or the properties secured.

As at June 30, 2026, there were no guarantee liabilities accrued related to the RC-HBC LP (December 31, 2025 - \$12.4 million). On April 10, 2026, RioCan settled the guarantee obligation related RC-HBC LP for a previously accrued \$13.1 million. Refer to the *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* section of this MD&A for more information.

The parties on behalf of which RioCan has outstanding guarantees are as follows:

(thousands of dollars)

As at		June 30, 2026		December 31, 2025	
Property Type	Partners and co-owners	Expected maturity date			
Development Projects:					
Verge (i)	Various partners	2026 Q4	\$ 38,883	\$ 197,656	
Bridge (ii)	Context Development	2026 Q4	63,000	136,230	
			\$ 101,883	\$ 333,886	
Grocery Anchored Centre	Harden	2026 Q3 - 2029 Q3	17,463	17,463	
			\$ 119,346	\$ 351,349	
Mortgages assumed by purchasers on property dispositions (iii)			185,338	—	
			\$ 304,684	\$ 351,349	

- (i) The expected maturity date represents the maturity date of the construction loan associated with the project.
- (ii) Related to joint and several loan obligations between RioCan Living and Context Development on the rental component of the project, which are expected to be released in Q4 2026 upon meeting certain income thresholds.
- (iii) Related to RioCan Living debt on disposed assets for which the associated guarantees remain outstanding pending CMHC approval of their release.

Letter of Credit Facilities and Surety Bonds

The Trust has aggregate letter of credit facilities with certain Schedule I banks totalling \$52.5 million (December 31, 2025 - \$55.2 million). As at June 30, 2026, the Trust's outstanding letters of credit under these facilities was \$27.0 million (December 31, 2025 - \$29.4 million).

The Trust is contingently liable for surety bonds that have been provided to support condominium developments and warranties in the amount of \$38.3 million (December 31, 2025 - \$124.5 million).

Hedging Activities

Interest Rate Risk

The Trust is exposed to interest rate risk on its borrowings and could be adversely affected if it were unable to obtain cost-effective financing. The majority of the Trust's debt is financed at fixed rates with maturities staggered over a number of years, thereby mitigating its exposure to changes in interest rates and financing risk. As at June 30, 2026, approximately 12.7% (December 31, 2025 - 5.8%) of the Trust's debt is financed at variable rates (including mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale, if applicable, and excluding debt that has been hedged to fixed rates), exposing the Trust to interest rate risk. In addition, the Trust is exposed to interest rate risk on fixed rate debt upon refinancing at maturity. The fixed-rate long-term debt to be settled within twelve months totaled \$0.7 billion as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$0.8 billion).

From time to time, the Trust may enter into floating-for-fixed interest rate swaps as part of its strategy for managing its exposure to interest rate risk on debt with floating interest rates. The Trust may also enter into bond forward contracts to hedge its exposure to movements in interest rates from the time it determines it will refinance or issue a fixed rate debt and the time the fixed rate debt is issued. The intent is to use the bond forwards to manage the change in cash flows of the future interest payments on the anticipated fixed rate debt. The Trust will generally consider entering into bond forward contracts to reduce interest rate risk during periods of interest rate volatility.

As at June 30, 2026, the outstanding notional amount of floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps was \$550.0 million (December 31, 2025 - \$570.0 million). The terms to maturity of these agreements range from March 2027 to January 2030.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps is a net financial asset of \$0.2 million (December 31, 2025 - net financial liability of \$0.7 million).

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As at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Trust did not have any unrealized bond forward contracts outstanding.

The Trust assesses the effectiveness of its continuing hedging relationships on a quarterly basis and has determined all such designated hedging relationships were effective as at June 30, 2026. Refer to Note 24 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further details.

Currency risk on U.S. dollar borrowings

From time to time, the Trust funds its Canadian assets by electing to draw on the revolving unsecured operating line of credit in U.S. dollars, bearing interest at USD-SOFR when it is determined that it is economically advantageous to do so. The Trust will concurrently enter into cross-currency swaps to hedge foreign exchange risk on these U.S. dollar borrowings. As at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Trust has no cross-currency swaps outstanding.

Trust Units

As at June 30, 2026, there were 291.1 million Units issued and outstanding (including for greater certainty, 0.5 million Units issuable upon the exchange of the exchangeable limited partnership units). All Units outstanding have equal rights and privileges, including the right to equivalent distributions. Each Unit entitles the holder to one vote per Unit at all meetings of Unitholders. Exchangeable limited partnership units do not carry voting rights of RioCan's trust unitholders unless and until they are exchanged for trust units on a one-for-one basis. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, we issued and repurchased Units as follows:

(in thousands)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Units outstanding, beginning of period (i)	291,115	297,230	293,694	300,469
Units issued:				
Direct purchase plan	1	3	3	5
Units repurchased and cancelled	—	(2,318)	(2,581)	(5,559)
Units outstanding, end of period (i)	291,116	294,915	291,116	294,915

(i) Included in Units outstanding are exchangeable limited partnership units of three limited partnerships that are subsidiaries of the Trust (the LP units) which were issued to vendors, as partial consideration for investment properties acquired by RioCan (June 30, 2026 – 499,754 LP units, June 30, 2025 – 499,754 LP units).

As of August 4, 2026, there are 291.1 million Units issued and outstanding (including for greater certainty, the Units issuable upon the exchange of the exchangeable limited partnership units). In addition, 1.9 million Unit options were outstanding under the Trust's incentive Unit Option Plan and 0.8 million deferred Units were outstanding under the Trust's Trustee Deferred Unit Plan. These securities are convertible into, or exercisable for, Units of the Trust. As at June 30, 2026, there were 1.9 million exercisable Unit options, at a weighted average exercise price of \$20.97.

As at June 30, 2026, the Trust also had 0.5 million Senior Executive Restricted Equity Units (REU), 0.9 million Employee REUs, and 0.6 million Performance Equity Units (PEU) outstanding, which, in normal course, will be settled three years after the grant date by delivery of an equivalent number of Units purchased on the secondary market, and if elected, net of applicable withholding taxes.

Further information regarding the incentive Unit Option Plan, Trustee Deferred Unit Plan, Senior Executive REUs, Employee REUs, PEUs and the related performance metrics and other terms attributable to plans are set out in the Trust's Management Information Circular.

Normal Course Issuer Bid (NCIB)

On November 10, 2025, RioCan announced that it received TSX approval to review its NCIB (the 2025/2026 NCIB), to acquire up to a maximum of 29,319,995 Units, or approximately 10% of the public float as at October 31, 2025, for cancellation or to satisfy RioCan's obligation to deliver Units under the REU and PEU Plans, over the next 12 months, effective November 12, 2025.

RioCan also has an automatic securities purchase plan (ASPP) in connection with the above-noted NCIB, which allows RioCan's designated broker to purchase Units during blackout periods, subject to periodically pre-established parameters, in accordance with TSX rules and applicable securities laws.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust purchased and cancelled 2,580,749 Units at a weighted average price of \$19.51 per unit for a total cost, including \$1.0 million of estimated equity unit repurchase tax, of \$51.4 million. These purchases were made pursuant to the Trust's NCIB and the ASPP adopted in connection with this NCIB.

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Distributions to Unitholders

RioCan qualifies as a mutual fund trust and a "real estate investment trust" (REIT Exemption) for Canadian income tax purposes. We expect to distribute all of our taxable income to Unitholders and are entitled to deduct such distributions for Canadian income tax purposes. From time to time, RioCan may retain some taxable income and net capital gains, when appropriate, in order to utilize the capital gains refund available to mutual fund trusts without incurring any income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for current income taxes payable is required, except for amounts incurred in our incorporated Canadian subsidiaries.

The Trust consolidates certain wholly-owned incorporated entities that are subject to tax. Any tax disclosures, expense and deferred tax balances relate only to these entities.

If the Trust were to cease to qualify for the REIT Exemption for Canadian income tax purposes, certain distributions (taxable distributions) would not be deductible in computing income for Canadian income tax purposes and it would be subject to tax on such distributions at a rate substantially equivalent to the general corporate income tax rate. Any remaining distributions, other than taxable distributions, would generally continue to be treated as returns of capital to Unitholders. From year-to-year, the taxability of the Trust's distributions may fluctuate depending upon the timing of recognition of certain gains and losses based on the activities of the Trust.

The Trust's monthly distribution, effective February 2025, was \$0.0965 per unit. Distributions declared to Unitholders were as follows:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(thousands of dollars)	2026	2025	2026	2025
Distributions declared to Unitholders	\$ 84,278	\$ 85,601	\$ 168,534	\$ 170,460

Total distributions declared decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 when compared to the same period in the prior year due to the reduction in average Units outstanding as a result of NCIB purchases in 2025 and 2026.

Difference between cash flows provided by operating activities and distributions to Unitholders

A comparison of distributions to Unitholders with cash flows provided by operating activities and distributions is as follows:

	Three months ended June 30		Twelve months ended June 30	
(thousands of dollars)	2026	2025	2026	2025
Cash flows provided by operating activities	\$ 169,780	\$ 197,122	\$ 424,031	\$ 487,805
Less: Distributions declared to Unitholders	(84,278)	(85,601)	(339,208)	(337,219)
Excess cash flows provided by operating activities, net of distributions	85,502	111,521	84,823	150,586
Add/(deduct) the decrease/(increase) from changes in other working capital items	(62,501)	(70,853)	31,421	(3,389)
Excess cash flows provided by operating activities net of distributions declared, excluding adjustments for changes in other working capital items (i)	\$ 23,001	\$ 40,668	\$ 116,244	\$ 147,197

(i) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information.

For the three months ended June 30, 2026, cash flows provided by operating activities was \$85.5 million higher than distributions declared to Unitholders during the period, and was \$23.0 million higher when excluding changes in other working capital items. For the twelve months ended June 30, 2026, cash flows provided by operating activities was \$84.8 million higher than distributions declared to Unitholders during the period, and was \$116.2 million higher when excluding changes in other working capital items.

Cash provided by changes in other working capital items for the three months June 30, 2026 are primarily due to the reduction in accounts receivable related to amounts due on condominium final closings, partially offset by increases in prepaid expenses mainly related to timing of property taxes, and decrease in other payables.

Cash used by changes in other working capital items for the twelve months ended June 30, 2026 are primarily due to decrease in accounts payable related to property operating costs and other payables.

The Trust does not use net income (loss) in accordance with IFRS as the basis to establish the level of Unitholders' distributions as net income (loss) includes, among other items, non-cash fair value adjustments related to its investment property portfolio.

The Board continuously reevaluates the level of distributions to Unitholders, considering various factors which include but are not limited to: cash flow from operating activities, forward-looking cash flow information including forecasts and budgets and the future business prospects of the Trust, the interest rate environment and cost of capital, estimated portfolio investments and development completions and spending, the impact of future acquisitions and dispositions, maintenance capital expenditures related to our income producing portfolio, taxable income, and debt covenants.

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ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (ESG) INITIATIVES

RioCan strives to embed ESG into every aspect of its business including operations, investment activities, corporate functions, and retail construction. For performance tracking and reporting, GRESB, the global ESG Benchmark for Real Assets, provides the Trust with a framework to benchmark organization-wide performance and ensure transparency and continuous improvement.

Specific to climate-related metrics, on an annual basis, RioCan measures and discloses greenhouse gas emissions and gross floor area of properties located in 100-year floodplain zones. For RioCan's sustainability policy and additional disclosure about its ESG strategy and programs, refer to the Trust's 2025 Annual Report and RioCan's website at www.riocan.com.

In June 2026, RioCan released its annual ESG Report, highlighting the Company's 2025 actions and progress toward its sustainability objectives and priorities for 2026. The accompanying ESG Supplement provides detailed information on specific ESG topics and performance metrics. The ESG report and ESG Supplement can be found at www.riocan.com. The ESG report and ESG Supplement are not incorporated by reference in the MD&A.

Building on these ESG priorities, in the first half of 2026, RioCan continued to advance initiatives that support its people, communities, and culture. In May 2026, the Trust launched its annual Summer Intern Program, welcoming students who bring fresh perspectives from diverse backgrounds across the business. Running through August 2026, the program offers hands-on learning, mentorship, and professional development while furthering RioCan's commitment to talent development, industry partnerships, and a strong future talent pipeline.

RioCan also continued to support community health and well-being through partnerships and inclusive employee engagement. In partnership with Food Allergy Canada, the Trust announced the launch of the first-in-Canada EpiAccess Pilot Program, which officially went live on July 6, 2026, to enhance health and safety across several of its shopping centres by improving access to important health resources. The Trust also kicked off Pride Season, which runs from June to early September, with Pride Bingo, a virtual musical bingo event that brought together nearly 130 employees for music, connection, friendly competition, and celebration.

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OTHER DISCLOSURES

Related Party Transactions

In the ordinary course of business, we may enter into transactions with entities whose directors or trustees are also RioCan trustees and/or part of RioCan's senior management. All such transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at market-based exchange amounts.

RioCan's related parties include the following persons and/or entities:

- Associates, joint ventures, or entities which are controlled or significantly influenced by the Trust; and
- Key management personnel including the Trustees and those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of RioCan, directly or indirectly.

Activity and transactions with associates and joint ventures are disclosed in Note 4 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* section of this MD&A.

On March 23, 2026, the Trust appointed the Senior Vice President, Finance as Interim Chief Financial Officer, during the temporary medical leave of the Chief Financial Officer.

Effective June 29, 2026, Ms. Susan McArthur was appointed to RioCan's Board as a Trustee.

As at June 30, 2026, the Trust's key management personnel include each of the Trustees and the following officers: President & Chief Executive Officer, Senior Vice President, Finance & Interim Chief Financial Officer, Chief Investment Officer and Chief Operating Officer.

Remuneration of the Trust's Trustees and Key Executives during the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 are as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
	Trustees		Key Executives		Trustees		Key Executives	
	2026	2025	2026	2025 (i)	2026	2025	2026	2025 (i)
Compensation and benefits	\$ 89	\$ 87	\$ 1,625	\$ 1,325	\$ 177	\$ 195	\$ 3,203	\$ 2,784
Unit-based compensation	1,260	1,422	1,443	647	1,612	1,784	1,940	1,822
Post-employment benefit costs	—	—	71	60	—	—	129	115
	\$ 1,349	\$ 1,509	\$ 3,139	\$ 2,032	\$ 1,789	\$ 1,979	\$ 5,272	\$ 4,721

(i) The comparatives for unit-based compensation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 have been restated.

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Selected Quarterly Results and Trend Analysis

(millions of dollars, except where otherwise noted)

	2026			2025			2024	
As at and for the quarter ended (i)	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
Revenue	\$ 304	\$ 322	\$ 348	\$ 371	\$ 362	\$ 356	\$ 358	\$ 286
Net income (loss) attributable to Unitholders	\$ 151	\$ 93	\$ 128	\$ (120)	\$ 146	\$ (84)	\$ 126	\$ 97
Operating income	\$ 189	\$ 186	\$ 199	\$ 197	\$ 200	\$ 202	\$ 196	\$ 183
NOI (ii)	\$ 189	\$ 183	\$ 185	\$ 185	\$ 181	\$ 179	\$ 184	\$ 179
Core FFO (ii)	\$ 115	\$ 113	\$ 116	\$ 116	\$ 111	\$ 116	\$ 124	\$ 116
FFO (ii)	\$ 115	\$ 118	\$ 132	\$ 137	\$ 139	\$ 146	\$ 134	\$ 138
Core AFFO (ii)	\$ 94	\$ 94	\$ 95	\$ 96	\$ 92	\$ 97	\$ 103	\$ 97
AFFO (ii)	\$ 94	\$ 99	\$ 112	\$ 117	\$ 119	\$ 126	\$ 113	\$ 118
Unitholder distributions	\$ 84	\$ 84	\$ 85	\$ 85	\$ 86	\$ 85	\$ 83	\$ 83
Weighted average Units outstanding – diluted (in thousands)	291,305	291,590	294,958	294,945	296,093	297,688	300,524	300,486
Per unit basis (diluted)								
Net income (loss) attributable to Unitholders	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.43	\$ (0.41)	\$ 0.49	\$ (0.28)	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.32
Core FFO (ii)	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.39
FFO (ii)	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.46
Core AFFO (ii)	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.32
AFFO (ii)	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.39
Unitholder distributions	\$ 0.2895	\$ 0.2895	\$ 0.2895	\$ 0.2895	\$ 0.2895	\$ 0.2855	\$ 0.2775	\$ 0.2775
Net book value per unit	\$ 24.65	\$ 24.42	\$ 24.37	\$ 24.19	\$ 24.89	\$ 24.62	\$ 25.16	\$ 25.01
Closing market price per unit	\$ 22.69	\$ 18.99	\$ 18.70	\$ 18.95	\$ 17.71	\$ 17.15	\$ 18.28	\$ 20.38
Key Performance Indicator Ratios								
Core FFO Payout Ratio (ii)	73.8%	74.8%	74.2%	72.4%	71.9%	70.8%	71.0%	71.1%
FFO Payout Ratio (ii)	67.7%	64.9%	61.6%	61.0%	60.5%	61.2%	61.9%	61.7%
Core AFFO Payout Ratio (ii)	89.5%	90.4%	89.6%	87.4%	86.6%	85.0%	85.5%	85.2%
AFFO Payout Ratio (ii)	80.6%	76.4%	71.9%	71.3%	70.7%	71.6%	72.8%	72.1%
Total assets	\$ 14,673	\$ 14,934	\$ 14,894	\$ 14,983	\$ 15,381	\$ 15,312	\$ 15,472	\$ 15,285
Total debt	\$ 6,992	\$ 7,287	\$ 7,153	\$ 7,270	\$ 7,436	\$ 7,404	\$ 7,324	\$ 7,192
Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share (ii)	8.81	8.94	8.64	8.80	9.02	9.21	9.12	9.32
Other								
Total portfolio NLA (in thousands)	31,448	31,755	31,395	31,953	32,295	32,188	32,179	32,516
Number of properties	164	167	168	173	178	177	178	186
Number of employees (iii)	493	493	516	509	504	496	500	543
Residency of Unitholders (iv)								
– Canadian	69.4%	69.8%	69.6%	69.4%	69.6%	69.8%	68.9%	70.2%
– Non-resident	30.6%	30.2%	30.4%	30.6%	30.4%	30.2%	31.1%	29.8%

(i) Refer to RioCan's respective annual and interim MD&As issued for discussion and analysis relating to those periods.

(ii) This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for more information on each non-GAAP financial measure.

(iii) The number of employees reported excludes individuals working exclusively with the third-party residential rental property managers. As at June 30, 2026, there are 19 individuals who work exclusively with third-party residential rental property managers.

(iv) Estimates based on Unitholder mailing addresses on record at the end of each reporting period.

Our revenue and operating results are not materially impacted by seasonal factors. However, macroeconomic and market trends impact the demand for space, occupancy levels, cost of funds and consequently, the Trust's revenue, financial performance and property valuations.

The Trust's quarterly changes in revenue, operating income, FFO, AFFO and net income (loss) were primarily impacted by acquisitions and dispositions, the timing and magnitude of its residential condominium and townhouse projects closings, the magnitude and pace of development expenditures, project completions and the cost of debt financing/refinancing. 2025 results were also impacted by HBC-Related Income. Core FFO was impacted by the same factors except residential Inventory-Related Gains and HBC-Related Income are excluded. Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section in this MD&A for more information.

Net income (loss) was further impacted by the changes in the fair values of investment properties. Net income for Q1 2025, Q3 2025 and Q1 2026 was also impacted by Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses. Refer to the *Asset Profile - Joint Arrangements* section of this MD&A for further details.

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Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our material accounting policies are described in Note 2 of RioCan's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments

The Trust has adopted Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, *Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments* effective January 1, 2026. The amendments clarify the requirements related to the date of recognition and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities, including clarifying that a financial liability is derecognized on the settlement date. In addition, the amendments clarify the classification of financial assets with features linked to environmental, social and corporate governance. The amendments also require additional disclosures for financial instruments with contingent features and investments in equity instruments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income. The adoption of the amendments did not have a material impact on the Trust's consolidated financial statements.

Future Changes in Accounting Policies

RioCan monitors the potential changes proposed by the IASB and analyzes the effect that changes in the standards may have on RioCan's operations. Standards issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the six months ended June 30, 2026, are described below. This description is of standards and interpretations issued, which we reasonably expect to be applicable at a future date. We intend to adopt these standards when they become effective.

IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

The IASB has issued IFRS 18, *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements*, which focuses on updates to the statement of profit or loss, including specified totals and subtotals. The key new concepts introduced in IFRS 18 relate to:

- The structure of the statement of profit or loss into one of five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations, whereof the first three are new;
- Required disclosures in the financial statements for certain profit or loss performance measures that are reported outside an entity's financial statements (that is, management-defined performance measures); and
- Enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation, which apply to the primary financial statements and notes in general.

In addition, narrow-scope amendments have been made to IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*, which includes changing the starting point for determining cash flows from operations under the indirect method from "profit or loss" to "operating profit or loss" and removing the optionality around classification of cash flows from dividends and interest. In addition, there are consequential amendments to several other standards.

IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. Many of the other existing principles in IAS 1 are retained, with limited changes. IFRS 18 may change what an entity reports as its "operating profit or loss". IFRS 18 will apply for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027 and also applies to comparative information. Management is currently assessing the impact of this standard.

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Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures (DCP)

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of disclosure controls and procedures to provide reasonable assurance that all material information relating to RioCan is gathered and reported to senior management, including the CEO and CFO, on a timely basis so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure.

Internal Controls over Financial Reporting (ICFR)

Management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining appropriate internal controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of RioCan’s financial reporting and preparation of its consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed and operated, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation and may not prevent or detect misstatements or provide absolute assurance that all control issues, including instances of fraud, if any, have been detected.

Changes in ICFR

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, there have been no changes in RioCan’s internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, RioCan’s internal controls over financial reporting.

Canadian REIT Status and Monitoring

RioCan currently qualifies for the REIT Exemption for purposes of the Income Tax Act (Canada). Accordingly, RioCan continues to be able to flow taxable income through to Unitholders on a tax effective basis. Generally, to qualify for the REIT Exemption, RioCan’s Canadian assets must be comprised primarily of real estate and substantially all of our Canadian source revenues must be derived from rental revenue, capital gains and fee income from properties in which we have an interest.

RioCan monitors its REIT Exemption status to ensure that we continue to qualify as a Canadian REIT. From time-to-time, the members of the Board of Trustees, Audit Committee and senior management are updated on RioCan’s continued REIT Exemption qualification, including any significant legislation updates.

Climate-Related Financial Disclosures

Commitment to Climate Change

Climate change poses environmental, social and business risks. RioCan understands that investing in climate-resilient real estate is essential to sustainable growth, reducing climate-related risks and enhancing enterprise value. Since 2020, we have used the recommendations of the Financial Stability Board’s (FSB) Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) to guide us in addressing our climate change-related risks and opportunities. We also continue to monitor the development of applicable laws in this area and the evolution of disclosure requirements for public issuers such as RioCan, including the International Sustainability Standards Board’s sustainability disclosure standards: IFRS S1 General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Disclosures and IFRS S2 Climate-related Disclosures and the Canadian Sustainability Standards Board exposure drafts, Canadian Sustainability Disclosure Standard (CSDS) 1 and CSDS 2. For a detailed discussion of RioCan’s Climate-Related Financial Disclosures surrounding Governance, Strategy, Risk Management, Metrics and Targets, refer to the 2025 Annual Report and RioCan’s AIF, which can be found on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com or RioCan’s website at www.riocan.com.

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NON-GAAP MEASURES

The financial statements of RioCan are prepared in accordance with IFRS. In addition to reported IFRS measures, industry practice is to evaluate real estate entities giving consideration, in part, to certain non-GAAP financial performance measures described below. Management believes that these measures are helpful to investors because they are widely recognized measures of a REIT's performance and provide a relevant basis for comparison among real estate entities. In addition to the IFRS results, we also use these measures internally to measure the operating performance of our investment property portfolio. These non-GAAP measures, and related per unit amounts, should not be construed as alternatives to net income (loss) or comparable metrics determined in accordance with IFRS as indicators of RioCan's performance, liquidity, cash flows and profitability. Non-GAAP financial measures are not standardized financial measures under IFRS and may not be comparable to similar financial measures presented by other issuers. These non-GAAP measures are defined below and are cross-referenced, as applicable, to a reconciliation contained within this MD&A to the most comparable IFRS measure. RioCan believes these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to both management and investors in measuring the financial performance and financial condition of the Trust for the reasons outlined below. References to "Consolidated Basis" indicate the information is presented using IFRS basis of consolidation.

Non-GAAP Financial Measure	Description	Quantitative Reconciliation
<i>RioCan's Proportionate Share</i>	All references to "RioCan's Proportionate Share" refer to a non-GAAP financial measure representing RioCan's proportionate interest of the financial condition and results of operations of its entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments. Management considers certain results presented at RioCan's Proportionate Share basis to be a meaningful measure because it is consistent with how RioCan and its partners assess the operating performance of each of its co-owned and equity-accounted properties. The Trust currently accounts for its investments in joint ventures and associates using the equity method of accounting. Certain measures identified in the definitions that follow in this section that are used to manage capital and to assess our liquidity, borrowing capacity and cost of capital, are calculated on the basis of both RioCan's Proportionate Share and consolidated reported amounts to convey a more meaningful measure of financial performance with respect to the periods reported.	<i>(i) RioCan's Proportionate Share</i>
<i>RioCan's Proportionate Share in Equity-Accounted Investments Joint Ventures (EAI JV)</i> or <i>RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV</i>	All references to "RioCan's Proportionate Share in Equity-Accounted Investments Joint Ventures" refers to a non-GAAP financial measure representing RioCan's proportionate interest of the financial condition and results of operations of its portfolio, including Equity-Accounted Investments Joint Ventures (EAI JV). Management considers certain results presented at RioCan's Proportionate Share basis including EAI JV to be meaningful, because it is consistent with how RioCan operates and manages its development program. The Trust currently accounts for its investments in joint ventures using the equity method of accounting.	<i>Asset Profile-Joint Arrangements</i> and <i>Capital Allocation</i> sections

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Non-GAAP Financial Measure	Description	Quantitative Reconciliation
<i>Net Operating Income (NOI), Stabilized NOI, and NOI at RioCan's Proportionate Share</i>	NOI is a non-GAAP financial measure and is defined by RioCan as rental revenue from income producing properties less property operating costs, and includes sublease rents and straight-line rents classified as finance leases. NOI at RioCan's Proportionate Share is a non-GAAP financial measure and includes RioCan's proportionate interest in NOI of its entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments, but excludes the write-off of straight-line rent receivable in the RC-HBC LP as that does not represent normal recurring operations. Stabilized NOI is a forward-looking non-GAAP financial measure based on budgeted rents and expenses and is supported by the terms of any existing lease, other contracts or external evidence such as current market rents for similar properties, adjusted to incorporate allowances for estimated vacancy rates, and management fees based on current and expected future market conditions after expiry of any current lease. The resulting capitalized value is then adjusted for non-recoverable capital expenditures as well as other costs, including leasing costs, inherent in achieving and maintaining Stabilized NOI. For the calculation of NOI, rental revenue includes all amounts earned from tenants related to lease agreements, including property tax and operating cost recoveries, to the extent recoverable under tenant leases. Amounts payable by tenants to terminate their lease prior to the contractual expiry date (lease cancellation fees) are included in rental revenue for the calculation of NOI. Management believes that NOI is a useful non-GAAP financial measure of operating performance of the Trust's income producing properties in addition to the most comparable IFRS measure, which we believe is operating income. The IFRS measure of operating income also includes residential inventory gains and losses and property and asset management fees earned from co-owners. While management considers its residential inventory and portfolio management activities as part of its business operations, and thus operating income, such revenues are not part of how we evaluate the operating performance of our income producing properties. As such, we report NOI as a useful non-GAAP financial measure to report the operating performance of our income producing properties. NOI is an important measure of the income generated from the income producing properties and is used by the Trust in evaluating the performance of the portfolio, as well as being a key input in determining the value of the income producing properties portfolio.	(iii) NOI
<i>Same Property NOI (SPNOI)</i> <i>Commercial Same Property NOI (Commercial SPNOI)</i> <i>Residential Same Property NOI (Residential SPNOI)</i>	Same Property NOI is comprised of Commercial Same Property NOI and Residential Same Property NOI. Commercial Same Property NOI is a non-GAAP financial measure used by RioCan to assess the period-over-period performance of the commercial properties owned and operated by RioCan in both periods. In calculating Commercial Same Property NOI growth, NOI for the period is adjusted to remove the impact of lease cancellation fees and straight-line rent revenue in order to highlight the 'cash impact' of rent-free periods and contractual rent increases embedded in the underlying lease agreements. Commercial Same Property NOI also excludes NOI for a limited number of properties undergoing significant de-leasing in preparation for redevelopment or intensification. Residential Same Property NOI is a non-GAAP financial measure used by RioCan to assess the period-over-period performance of the stabilized residential rental properties owned and operated by RioCan in both periods. A property is considered to have reached stabilization upon the earlier of (i) achieving 95% occupancy or (ii) 24 months after first occupancy. Commercial Same Property NOI and Residential Same Property NOI are meaningful measures of operating performance because they allow management to assess rent growth and leasing activity of its portfolio on a same property basis, including the impact of capital investments.	(iv) Same Property NOI

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Non-GAAP Financial Measure	Description	Quantitative Reconciliation
<i>Funds From Operations (FFO)</i> <i>Core FFO</i> <i>FFO per unit - diluted</i> <i>and</i> <i>Core FFO per unit - diluted</i>	FFO is a non-GAAP financial measure of operating performance widely used by the Canadian real estate industry based on the definition set forth by REALPAC. It is RioCan's view that consolidated net income does not necessarily provide a complete measure of RioCan's recurring operating performance. This is primarily because consolidated net income includes items such as fair value changes of investment property that are subject to market conditions and capitalization rate fluctuations, unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities, gains and losses on the disposal of investment properties, including associated transaction costs, ERP implementation costs (net of amortization), IT transformation costs, Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses (see below for definition), and also excludes the principal portion of rent payments and straight-line rent for subleases classified as finance leases, all of which are not representative of recurring operating performance. RioCan's method of calculating FFO is in compliance with REALPAC's definition of FFO except that RioCan excludes unrealized fair value gains or losses on marketable securities, ERP implementation costs (net of amortization), IT transformation costs and Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses in its calculation of FFO. The Trust believes that including unrealized fair value gains or losses on marketable securities, ERP implementation costs (net of amortization), IT transformation costs and Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses in FFO does not represent the recurring operating performance of the Trust. Core FFO is calculated as FFO less Inventory-Related Gains (including residential inventory gains at RioCan's Proportionate Share, fee and other investment income related to residential inventory at RioCan's Proportionate Share, NOI from other equity-accounted investments, net of marketing expenses related to residential inventory at RioCan's Proportionate Share), HBC-Related Income (including FFO from RC-HBC LP, interest income earned from mezzanine loans advanced to RC-HBC LP, and fee income earned from RC-HBC LP), as well as other specific items from time to time such as realized marketable securities gains and losses, debt prepayment (gain) costs and restructuring costs, to indicate core operational performance. Debt prepayment (gain) costs incurred on the early termination of debt include yield maintenance, write-off of deferred financing costs and discounts/premiums, and related swap settlements that are not related to investment property dispositions. Restructuring costs are related to elimination of certain positions. FFO per unit - diluted and Core FFO per unit - diluted are defined as FFO and Core FFO divided by diluted weighted average number of Units. RioCan regards FFO and Core FFO as a key measure of operating performance and as a key measure for determining the level of employee incentive based compensation. RioCan also uses FFO and Core FFO in assessing its distribution paying capacity. FFO and Core FFO should not be construed as an alternative to net income or cash flows provided by or used in operating activities determined in accordance with IFRS.	(v) FFO
<i>Adjusted Funds From Operations (AFFO)</i> <i>Core AFFO</i> <i>AFFO per unit - diluted</i> <i>and</i> <i>Core AFFO per unit - diluted</i>	AFFO is a non-GAAP financial measure of operating performance widely used by the real estate industry in Canada. AFFO is calculated as FFO less straight-line rent, normalized capital expenditures and internal leasing costs. RioCan calculates AFFO in accordance with the recommendations of REALPAC's January 2022 guidance, except RioCan excludes unrealized fair value gains or losses on marketable securities, ERP implementation costs (net of amortization), IT transformation costs and Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses from FFO and by extension AFFO. Management considers AFFO a meaningful measure of recurring economic earnings and relevant in understanding RioCan's ability to service its debt, fund capital expenditures and determine an appropriate level of sustainable common Unitholder distributions over the long run. Core AFFO is calculated as AFFO less Inventory-Related Gains, HBC-Related Income, as well as other specific items from time to time such as realized marketable securities gains and losses, debt prepayment (gain) costs and restructuring costs to indicate core operational performance. Inventory-Related Gains, HBC-Related Income, debt prepayment (gain) costs and restructuring costs are described in FFO above. AFFO per unit - diluted and Core AFFO per unit - diluted are defined as AFFO and Core AFFO divided by diluted weighted average number of Units.	(vi) AFFO

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Non-GAAP Financial Measure		Description						Quantitative Reconciliation		
<i>Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses</i> <i>Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses</i> and <i>Total RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses</i> <i>Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses</i>		Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated as the sum of total provision for expected credit losses on finance lease receivables, write-off of straight-line rent receivable, transaction gains in RC-HBC LP, and impairment of RioCan's carrying value of the RC-HBC LP. Total RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated as the sum of Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses and fair value losses on investment properties within the RC-HBC LP. Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated as the sum of Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses, provision for credit losses for loans receivable from RC-HBC LP, fair value adjustment on mortgage receivable from RC-HBC LP, and provision for guarantee losses related to RC-HBC LP mortgages payable. Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses is a non-GAAP measure calculated as the sum of Total RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses and provision for credit losses for loans receivable from RC-HBC LP, fair value adjustment on mortgage receivable from RC-HBC LP, and provision for guarantee losses related to RC-HBC LP mortgages payable. Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses, Total RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses, Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses and Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses represent the valuation impacts on the RC-HBC LP resulting from the CCAA Proceedings and Receivership Proceedings, based on information currently available to the Trust and the estimates and assumptions of RioCan, which management believes are reasonable.						(vii) Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses		
<i>FFO and AFFO Payout Ratios</i> and <i>Core FFO and Core AFFO Payout Ratios</i>		FFO and AFFO Payout Ratios and Core FFO and Core AFFO Payout Ratios are supplementary non-GAAP measures of a REIT's distribution paying capacity. These payout ratios are computed on a rolling twelve-month basis by dividing total Unitholder distributions paid (including distributions paid under RioCan's distribution reinvestment program) by FFO and AFFO and Core FFO and Core AFFO, respectively, over the same period. RioCan management uses the FFO Payout Ratio and AFFO Payout Ratio in assessing its distribution paying capacity.						(v) FFO and (vi) AFFO		
<i>Adjusted G&A Expense</i> and <i>Adjusted G&A Expense as a percentage of Rental Revenue</i>		Adjusted G&A Expense is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated as total general and administrative expense at RioCan's Proportionate Share less ERP implementation costs net of ERP amortization costs, IT transformation costs, and restructuring costs. Adjusted G&A Expense as a percentage of Rental Revenue is a non-GAAP ratio calculated as Adjusted G&A Expense at RioCan's Proportionate Share divided by Rental Revenue at RioCan's Proportionate Share, excluding the write-off of straight-line rent receivable in the RC-HBC LP as that does not represent normal recurring operations. This ratio is a useful measure of the Trust's ongoing general and administrative expenses as a percentage of rental revenue.						(viii) Adjusted G&A Expense		

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Non-GAAP Financial Measure	Description	Quantitative Reconciliation
<i>Normalized Capital Expenditures</i>	Normalized Capital Expenditures is an estimate made by management of the amount of ongoing capital investment required to maintain the condition of the physical property and current rental revenues. Management considers a number of factors in estimating Normalized Capital Expenditures relative to the growth in the age and size of the Trust's income producing properties portfolio. Such factors include, but are not limited to, a portfolio assessment to prioritize assets and the type of capital expenditures, a review and analysis of historical capital spending, comparison of each quarter's annualized actual spending activity to the annual budgeted capital expenditures as approved by our Board of Trustees at the beginning of each year and management's expectations and/or plans for the properties. Property capital expenditures that are generally expected to add to the overall earnings capacity of income producing properties are included in Portfolio Investments Spending and are excluded in determining the Normalized Capital Expenditures estimate. RioCan does not obtain support from independent sources for its Normalized Capital Expenditures but relies on internal diligence and expertise in arriving at this management estimate. RioCan's long-tenured management team has extensive experience in commercial real estate and in-depth knowledge of the property portfolio. As a result, RioCan believes that management is best suited to make the assessment of Normalized Capital Expenditures without independent third-party sources. Since actual capital expenditures can vary widely from quarter-to-quarter depending on a number of factors, management believes that Normalized Capital Expenditures is a more relevant input than actual capital expenditures in assessing a REIT's distribution payout ratio and for determining an appropriate level of sustainable distributions over the long run. The Trust's estimate for Normalized Capital Expenditures for 2026 reflects its pursuit of its strategic objectives of resilient retail and better serving its tenants. The Trust has determined that \$55.0 million is a reasonable Normalized Capital Expenditures estimate for 2026, although quarterly fluctuations between the \$13.8 million quarterly Normalized Capital Expenditures spend and actual spend are expected.	<i>Asset Profile - Maintenance Capital Expenditures on Income Producing Properties</i> section
<i>Total joint operations and equity-accounted investments - IPP, PUD, Residential Inventory, Other, Total Assets, Total NOI</i>	This is a non-GAAP measure which represents the sum of RioCan's interest of joint operations and RioCan's proportionate share of equity-accounted investments. This is a useful measure indicating the amount of IPP, PUD, Residential Inventory, Other, Total Assets and Total NOI that are jointly controlled or where RioCan has significant influence.	<i>Asset Profile-Joint Arrangements</i> section
<i>Residential Inventory Gains (Losses) at RioCan's Proportionate Share and</i> <i>Residential Inventory Gains (Losses) at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV</i>	Residential Inventory Gains (Losses) at RioCan's Proportionate Share is a non-GAAP financial measure that includes RioCan's Proportionate Share in residential inventory gains of its entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments. Residential Inventory Gains (Losses) at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV is a non-GAAP financial measure representing the aggregate of RioCan's consolidated residential inventory gains and RioCan's share of residential inventory gains from EAI JVs.	<i>(ii) Residential Inventory Gains (Losses) at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV and RioCan's Proportionate Share</i>

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Non-GAAP Financial Measure	Description	Quantitative Reconciliation
<i>Development Spending</i> and <i>Development Spending at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV</i>	Development Spending is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as the sum of total development expenditures incurred on an accrual basis for various properties under development and for residential inventory. Development Spending at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV is a non-GAAP financial measure representing the aggregate of RioCan's Development Spending on Consolidated Basis and RioCan's proportionate share of Development Spending from EAI JVs. Development Spending is disaggregated into residential inventory (typically, the development of current residential condominiums), mixed-use projects (typically, the complete or partial redevelopment of a property that consists of retail, office, residential rental and/or residential condominiums), and pipeline advancement projects (typically, properties that have been identified for future development). Effective January 1, 2026, development spending related to retail infill projects and asset enhancements is no longer included in Development Spending, and is included in Portfolio Investments Spending. Development Spending is a useful measure of development progress and investment in properties under development and residential inventory.	(ix) <i>Portfolio Investments Spending and Development Spending</i> section
<i>Portfolio Investments Spending</i>	Portfolio Investments Spending is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as the sum of expenditures incurred on an accrual basis for retail infill projects (typically, add-on pad/building or repurposing a section of an existing retail property), and asset enhancements (capital spend to improve the tenant mix, offering of the property, overall appearance, operational efficiency, and functionality of the property). Portfolio Investments Spending is a useful measure of the progress of retail infill and asset enhancement activities that are expected to support income growth and long-term property value creation.	(ix) <i>Portfolio Investments Spending and Development Spending</i> section
<i>Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP</i> and <i>Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV</i>	Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as the cost transfer from PUD to IPP of projects substantially completed during the period, net of adjustments for estimated cost to complete and adjustments to cash basis. It excludes vacant land costs and invested costs on retail redevelopment at date of transfer. It is also net of proceeds from land sales, applicable interim income or fee income earned, capitalized interest on invested equity, and fair value on initial amounts transferred into properties under development. Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as the sum of Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP on Consolidated Basis and RioCan's proportionate share of Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP from EAI JVs. Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP is a useful measure of cash investment in the development projects.	(xi) <i>Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP</i>
<i>Total Development at Cost</i>	Total Development at Cost is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as the sum of the cost of residential inventory, properties under development, and the cost of RioCan's proportionate share of residential inventory, and properties under development from EAI JVs. Effective June 30, 2026, prepaid selling commissions is no longer included in Total Development at Cost. This metric is a useful measure in determining RioCan's development costs incurred.	(xii) <i>Total Development at Cost</i>

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Non-GAAP Financial Measure	Description	Quantitative Reconciliation
<i>Completed But Unsold Inventory Units at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV</i> and <i>Completed But Unsold Inventory Units at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV as a percentage of NAV</i>	Completed But Unsold Inventory Units at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV is a non-GAAP financial measure representing the aggregate of RioCan's consolidated completed but unsold inventory units and RioCan's share of completed but unsold inventory units from EAI JVs. Completed But Unsold Inventory Units at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV as a percentage of NAV is calculated by dividing Completed But Unsold Inventory Units at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV by RioCan's unitholders' equity. This metric is a useful measure of residential inventory units that are available for immediate sale.	<i>(xiii) Completed But Unsold Inventory Units at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV</i>
<i>Total Acquisitions</i>	Total Acquisitions is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as the sum of total acquisitions incurred for investment properties, residential inventory and RioCan's proportionate share of investment property and residential inventory acquisitions from EAI JVs. Total Acquisitions is a useful measure of RioCan's total acquisition activity.	<i>(xv) Total Acquisitions</i>
<i>Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living</i> and <i>Total Capital Repatriation</i>	Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as the sum of gross proceeds from residential inventory sales, net of outstanding receivables related to those sales at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV and gross proceeds from RioCan Living dispositions. Total Capital Repatriation is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as the sum of Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living and gross proceeds of other asset dispositions. Total Capital Repatriation is a useful measure of RioCan's total capital recycling activities.	<i>(xiv) Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living and Total Capital Repatriation</i>
<i>Total Contractual Debt</i> and <i>Total Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share and Total Contractual Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share</i>	Total Contractual Debt is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as the sum of contractual obligations (excluding unamortized deferred financing costs and discounts/premiums) of debentures payable, mortgages payable, mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale and lines of credit and other bank loans. Total Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share and Total Contractual Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share are non-GAAP financial measures that include RioCan's proportionate interest in the total debt and Total Contractual Debt of its entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments. These measures are useful in assisting us in monitoring various attributes of secured/unsecured debt in our debt portfolio.	<i>(xvi) Total Debt and Total Contractual Debt</i>

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Non-GAAP Financial Measure	Description	Quantitative Reconciliation
<i>Adjusted EBITDA</i> and <i>Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share</i>	Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share are non-GAAP financial measures that are used by management as an input in a key debt metric that we use in measuring our debt profile and assessing our ability to service our debt. Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share includes RioCan's proportionate interest in Adjusted EBITDA of its entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share are used as an alternative to consolidated net income, because they exclude major non-cash items (including, but not limited to, depreciation and amortization expense, unit-based compensation costs, fair value gains and losses on investment properties, the change in unrealized gains and losses on marketable securities), interest costs, income tax expenses and recoveries, transaction gains and losses on the disposition of investment properties, transaction costs, ERP implementation costs, IT transformation costs, and other items that management considers either non-operating in nature or related to the capital cost of our investment properties, net debt prepayment costs and restructuring costs, and adds the principal portion of sublease rents and straight-line rent for subleases classified as finance leases, such that the rent receipt or payment is reflected consistently with that under an operating lease. Adjusted EBITDA also excludes Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses and Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share excludes Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses as these are not considered part of normal recurring operations.	(xx) <i>Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Ratios</i>
<i>Adjusted Spot Debt</i> <i>Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA</i> <i>Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share</i>	Adjusted Spot Debt is a non-GAAP measure calculated based on total debt less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share are both non-GAAP ratios of our financial leverage calculated as Adjusted Spot Debt divided by a trailing twelve-month Adjusted EBITDA. In the case of Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share, the numerator and denominator factor in RioCan's entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments. These ratios are useful measures of the Trust's ability to satisfy debt obligations.	(xx) <i>Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Ratios</i>
<i>Ratio of Floating Rate Debt to Total Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share</i> and <i>Ratio of Fixed Rate Debt to Total Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share</i>	Ratio of Floating Rate Debt to Total Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share is a non-GAAP ratio calculated as RioCan's Proportionate Share in total floating rate debt of RioCan's entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments divided by Total Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share. Ratio of Fixed Rate Debt to Total Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share is a non-GAAP ratio calculated as RioCan's Proportionate Share in total fixed rate debt of RioCan's entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments divided by Total Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share. These ratios are useful measures of the Trust's relative exposure to fixed and floating rate debt.	(xvii) <i>Floating Rate Debt and Fixed Rate Debt</i>
<i>Liquidity</i> and <i>Liquidity at RioCan's Proportionate Share</i>	Liquidity is a non-GAAP measure calculated based on the sum of total cash and cash equivalents, undrawn revolving unsecured operating lines of credit and undrawn construction lines and other bank loans. Liquidity at RioCan's Proportionate Share is a non-GAAP measure that includes RioCan's Proportionate Share in the sum of total cash and cash equivalents, undrawn revolving unsecured operating lines of credit and undrawn construction lines and other bank loans of RioCan's entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments. These measures are useful measures of the Trust's cash resources and credit available under committed credit facilities.	(xix) <i>Liquidity</i>

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Non-GAAP Financial Measure	Description	Quantitative Reconciliation
<i>Ratio of Unsecured Debt to Total Contractual Debt and Ratio of Secured Debt to Total Contractual Debt</i> <i>and</i> <i>Ratio of Unsecured Debt to Total Contractual Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share and Ratio of Secured Debt to Total Contractual Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share</i>	Ratio of Unsecured Debt to Total Contractual Debt is a non-GAAP ratio calculated as total Unsecured Debt (contractual amount of unsecured debt) divided by Total Contractual Debt. Ratio of Secured Debt to Total Contractual Debt is a non-GAAP ratio calculated as total Secured Debt (contractual amount of secured debt) divided by Total Contractual Debt. Ratio of Unsecured Debt to Total Contractual Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share is a non-GAAP ratio calculated as RioCan's Proportionate Share in total Unsecured Debt of RioCan's entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments, divided by Total Contractual Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share. Ratio of Secured Debt to Total Contractual Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share is a non-GAAP ratio calculated as RioCan's Proportionate Share in total Secured Debt of RioCan's entire portfolio, including equity-accounted investments, divided by Total Contractual Debt at RioCan's Proportionate Share. These ratios are useful measures of the Trust's relative exposure to secured and unsecured debt.	<i>(xviii) Unsecured Debt and Secured Debt</i>
<i>Unencumbered Assets</i>	Unencumbered Assets is a non-GAAP measure calculated as total investment properties less encumbered investment properties. Unencumbered Assets are investment properties that have not been pledged as security for debt. This ratio is a useful measure of investment properties that can be mortgaged to increase Liquidity.	<i>(xxi) Unencumbered Assets</i>
<i>Excess cash flows provided by operating activities net of distributions declared, excluding adjustments for changes in other working capital items</i>	This is a non-GAAP measure calculated as total cash flows provided by operating activities less the distributions declared to Unitholders, excluding adjustments for changes in other working capital items . This is a useful measure of the excess cash the Trust has retained after distributions to fund operations, investments and capital activities.	<i>Capital Resources and Liquidity - Distributions to Unitholders section</i>

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Below are quantitative reconciliations for all non-GAAP measures indicated:

(i) RioCan's Proportionate Share

The following table reconciles the consolidated balance sheets from Consolidated Basis to RioCan's Proportionate Share as at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025:

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments (ii)	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
Assets						
Investment properties (i)	\$13,605,045	\$ 35,713	\$ 13,640,758	\$13,628,959	\$ 195,820	\$ 13,824,779
Equity-accounted investments	155,836	(155,836)	—	159,596	(159,596)	—
Residential inventory	231,320	250,011	481,331	236,745	263,569	500,314
Mortgages and loans receivable	241,687	—	241,687	338,331	(17,152)	321,179
Assets held for sale	102,000	—	102,000	46,500	—	46,500
Receivables and other assets	270,954	16,771	287,725	339,221	57,909	397,130
Cash and cash equivalents	66,630	9,194	75,824	145,040	13,994	159,034
Total assets	\$14,673,472	\$ 155,853	\$ 14,829,325	\$14,894,392	\$ 354,544	\$ 15,248,936
Liabilities						
Debentures payable	\$ 3,939,514	\$ —	\$ 3,939,514	\$ 4,338,865	\$ —	\$ 4,338,865
Mortgages payable	1,869,708	26,334	1,896,042	2,184,306	141,182	2,325,488
Mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale	75,594	—	75,594	28,343	—	28,343
Lines of credit and other bank loans	1,106,879	103,624	1,210,503	601,194	169,044	770,238
Accounts payable and other liabilities	504,603	25,895	530,498	584,421	44,318	628,739
Total liabilities	\$ 7,496,298	\$ 155,853	\$ 7,652,151	\$ 7,737,129	\$ 354,544	\$ 8,091,673
Equity						
Unitholders' equity	7,177,174	—	7,177,174	7,157,263	—	7,157,263
Total liabilities and equity	\$14,673,472	\$ 155,853	\$ 14,829,325	\$14,894,392	\$ 354,544	\$ 15,248,936

- (i) Net of \$81.7 million of cumulative unrecognized share of losses from RC-HBC LP in excess of RioCan's carrying value as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$50.2 million).
- (ii) On March 31, 2026, RioCan ceased to account for the RC-HBC LP as an equity-accounted investment, and the investment was reclassified to an investment measured at FVTPL. Consequently, RC-HBC LP assets and liabilities are no longer included in RioCan's Proportionate Share amounts.

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RioCan's Proportionate Share (continued)

The following tables reconcile the consolidated statements of income from Consolidated Basis to RioCan's Proportionate Share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

Three months ended June 30	2026			2025		
	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
<i>(thousands of dollars)</i>						
Revenue						
Rental revenue	\$ 296,802	\$ 854	\$ 297,656	\$ 291,254	\$ 7,173	\$ 298,427
Residential inventory sales	5,615	5,437	11,052	66,333	33,899	100,232
Property management and other service fees	1,938	—	1,938	4,067	(389)	3,678
	304,355	6,291	310,646	361,654	40,683	402,337
Operating costs						
Rental operating costs						
Recoverable under tenant leases	102,256	383	102,639	101,934	806	102,740
Non-recoverable costs	8,537	98	8,635	10,896	3,302	14,198
Residential inventory cost of sales	4,126	8,233	12,359	48,624	27,018	75,642
	114,919	8,714	123,633	161,454	31,126	192,580
Operating income (loss)	189,436	(2,423)	187,013	200,200	9,557	209,757
Other income (loss)						
Interest income	7,233	24	7,257	9,671	92	9,763
Income (loss) from equity-accounted investments	(2,660)	2,660	—	4,809	(4,809)	—
Fair value gain (loss) on investment properties, net	51,981	119	52,100	15,929	(1,570)	14,359
Investment and other income (loss), net	(4,588)	(22)	(4,610)	1,155	(1,346)	(191)
	51,966	2,781	54,747	31,564	(7,633)	23,931
Other expenses						
Interest costs, net	71,143	237	71,380	69,989	1,855	71,844
General and administrative	12,824	9	12,833	11,346	20	11,366
Internal leasing costs	3,226	12	3,238	3,242	—	3,242
Transaction and other costs	2,972	100	3,072	1,572	49	1,621
	90,165	358	90,523	86,149	1,924	88,073
Income before income taxes	\$ 151,237	\$ —	\$ 151,237	\$ 145,615	\$ —	\$ 145,615
Net income	\$ 151,237	\$ —	\$ 151,237	\$ 145,615	\$ —	\$ 145,615

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RioCan's Proportionate Share (continued)

Six months ended June 30	2026			2025		
(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
Revenue						
Rental revenue	\$ 605,063	\$ 1,924	\$ 606,987	\$ 587,995	\$ (8,177)	\$ 579,818
Residential inventory sales	16,583	25,503	42,086	121,275	57,093	178,368
Property management and other service fees	5,015	—	5,015	8,215	(779)	7,436
	626,661	27,427	654,088	717,485	48,137	765,622
Operating costs						
Rental operating costs						
Recoverable under tenant leases	220,745	1,095	221,840	211,929	1,770	213,699
Non-recoverable costs	18,013	(6)	18,007	21,296	5,066	26,362
Residential inventory cost of sales	12,414	27,414	39,828	81,981	48,372	130,353
	251,172	28,503	279,675	315,206	55,208	370,414
Operating income (loss)	375,489	(1,076)	374,413	402,279	(7,071)	395,208
Other income (loss)						
Interest income	15,257	506	15,763	21,073	595	21,668
Income (loss) from equity-accounted investments	(843)	843	—	(199,257)	199,257	—
Fair value gain (loss) on investment properties, net (i)	75,502	157	75,659	1,151	(154,059)	(152,908)
Investment and other income (loss), net	(40,614)	644	(39,970)	3,579	(34,384)	(30,805)
	49,302	2,150	51,452	(173,454)	11,409	(162,045)
Other expenses						
Interest costs, net	143,052	933	143,985	136,669	4,428	141,097
General and administrative	25,117	13	25,130	21,739	36	21,775
Internal leasing costs	6,671	12	6,683	6,498	—	6,498
Transaction and other costs	5,552	116	5,668	2,460	(126)	2,334
	180,392	1,074	181,466	167,366	4,338	171,704
Income before income taxes	\$ 244,399	\$ —	\$ 244,399	\$ 61,459	\$ —	\$ 61,459
Net income	\$ 244,399	\$ —	\$ 244,399	\$ 61,459	\$ —	\$ 61,459

- (i) Net of \$31.5 million of unrecognized share of losses from RC-HBC LP in excess of RioCan's carrying value for the six months ended June 30, 2026 (six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$nil).

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(ii) Residential Inventory Gains (Losses) at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV and RioCan's Proportionate Share

The following table reconciles residential inventory gains (losses) from Consolidated Basis to RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV and to RioCan's Proportionate Share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

Three months ended June 30	2026			2025		
	Residential inventory sales	Residential inventory cost of sales	Residential inventory gains (losses)	Residential inventory sales	Residential inventory cost of sales	Residential inventory gains
<i>(thousands of dollars)</i>						
Total - Consolidated Basis	\$ 5,615	\$ 4,126	\$ 1,489	\$ 66,333	\$ 48,624	\$ 17,709
Equity-accounted joint ventures	5,402	8,221	(2,819)	31,451	24,746	6,705
Total - RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV	11,017	12,347	(1,330)	97,784	73,370	24,414
Other equity-accounted investments	35	12	23	2,448	2,272	176
Total - RioCan's Proportionate Share	\$ 11,052	\$ 12,359	\$ (1,307)	\$ 100,232	\$ 75,642	\$ 24,590

Six months ended June 30	2026			2025		
	Residential inventory sales	Residential inventory cost of sales	Residential inventory gains (losses)	Residential inventory sales	Residential inventory cost of sales	Residential inventory gains
<i>(thousands of dollars)</i>						
Total - Consolidated Basis	\$ 16,583	\$ 12,414	\$ 4,169	\$ 121,275	\$ 81,981	\$ 39,294
Equity-accounted joint ventures	22,657	24,591	(1,934)	42,617	35,266	7,351
Total - RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV	39,240	37,005	2,235	163,892	117,247	46,645
Other equity-accounted investments	2,846	2,823	23	14,476	13,106	1,370
Total - RioCan's Proportionate Share	\$ 42,086	\$ 39,828	\$ 2,258	\$ 178,368	\$ 130,353	\$ 48,015

(iii) NOI and NOI at RioCan's Proportionate Share

The following tables reconcile operating income to NOI and NOI at RioCan's Proportionate Share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
<i>(thousands of dollars)</i>	2026	2025	2026	2025
Operating Income	\$ 189,436	\$ 200,200	\$ 375,489	\$ 402,279
<i>Adjusted for the following:</i>				
Property management and other service fees	(1,938)	(4,067)	(5,015)	(8,215)
Residential inventory gains	(1,489)	(17,709)	(4,169)	(39,294)
Operational lease revenue from ROU assets, net (i)	2,557	2,317	4,941	4,656
NOI	\$ 188,566	\$ 180,741	\$ 371,246	\$ 359,426

(i) Includes \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million of straight-line rent from operational lease revenue from right-of-use (ROU) assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million, respectively).

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
<i>(thousands of dollars)</i>	2026	2025	2026	2025
NOI at Consolidated Basis per above	\$ 188,566	\$ 180,741	\$ 371,246	\$ 359,426
<i>Add equity-accounted investments:</i>				
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,423)	9,557	(1,076)	(7,071)
<i>Adjusted for the following:</i>				
Property management and other service fees	—	389	—	779
Residential inventory losses (gains)	2,796	(6,881)	1,911	(8,721)
Write-off of straight-line rent receivable in RC-HBC LP	—	—	—	23,300
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets, net	—	(222)	(49)	(444)
NOI from equity-accounted investments	\$ 373	\$ 2,843	\$ 786	\$ 7,843
NOI at RioCan's Proportionate Share	\$ 188,939	\$ 183,584	\$ 372,032	\$ 367,269

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(iv) Same Property NOI

The following table reconciles Same Property NOI to NOI for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Commercial				
Commercial Same Property NOI	\$ 159,713	\$ 153,081	\$ 315,819	\$ 302,099
NOI from income producing properties:				
Acquired (i)	2,968	—	5,624	—
Disposed (i)	2,092	2,191	2,875	5,154
	5,060	2,191	8,499	5,154
NOI from completed commercial developments	10,657	9,914	20,841	20,524
NOI from properties under de-leasing and other (ii)	3,588	3,636	8,390	7,211
Lease cancellation fees	480	117	2,184	2,324
Straight-line rent adjustment (iv)	4,577	2,783	6,510	5,619
NOI from commercial properties	184,075	171,722	362,243	342,931
Residential				
Residential Same Property NOI	2,247	2,333	4,361	4,584
NOI from income producing properties:				
Acquired (i)	—	1,169	—	1,169
Disposed (i)	2,119	5,517	4,581	10,742
	2,119	6,686	4,581	11,911
NOI from completed residential developments	125	—	61	—
NOI from residential rental	4,491	9,019	9,003	16,495
NOI (iii)	\$ 188,566	\$ 180,741	\$ 371,246	\$ 359,426

(i) Includes properties acquired or disposed of during the periods being compared.

(ii) NOI from limited number of properties undergoing significant de-leasing in preparation for redevelopment or intensification.

(iii) Refer to (iii) NOI in this *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for reconciliation from NOI to operating income.

(iv) Includes \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million of straight-line rent from operational lease revenue from ROU assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million, respectively).

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Commercial Same Property NOI	\$ 159,713	\$ 153,081	\$ 315,819	\$ 302,099
Residential Same Property NOI	2,247	2,333	4,361	4,584
Same Property NOI	\$ 161,960	\$ 155,414	\$ 320,180	\$ 306,683

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(v) FFO

The following table reconciles net income attributable to Unitholders to FFO for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Net income attributable to Unitholders	\$ 151,237	\$ 145,615	\$ 244,399	\$ 61,459
Add back (deduct):				
Fair value gains, net	(51,981)	(15,929)	(75,502)	(1,151)
Fair value (gains) losses included in equity-accounted investments (i)	(119)	1,570	(156)	154,059
Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses	—	154	36,934	56,450
Internal leasing costs	3,226	3,242	6,671	6,498
Internal leasing costs in equity-accounted investments	12	—	12	—
Transaction losses on investment properties, net (ii)	6,890	714	10,178	281
Transaction costs on sale of investment properties	1,625	614	3,321	1,045
Transaction costs on sale of investment properties in equity-accounted investments	75	—	77	—
ERP implementation costs / IT transformation costs	952	—	1,307	—
ERP amortization	(434)	(434)	(868)	(868)
Operational lease revenue from ROU assets	2,205	1,914	4,253	3,821
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	—	(18)	(6)	(36)
Capitalized interest related to equity-accounted investments (iii):				
Capitalized interest related to properties under development	25	53	105	92
Capitalized interest related to residential inventory	1,105	1,011	1,873	2,420
FFO	\$ 114,818	\$ 138,506	\$ 232,598	\$ 284,070
Add back (deduct):				
Inventory-Related Losses (Gains) (iv)	1,066	(23,773)	(5,090)	(48,074)
Restructuring costs	—	—	2,190	255
HBC-Related Income (iv)	(561)	(3,443)	(1,425)	(8,860)
Core FFO	\$ 115,323	\$ 111,290	\$ 228,273	\$ 227,391
FFO per unit - diluted	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.80	\$ 0.96
Core FFO per unit - diluted	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.77
Weighted average number of Units - basic (in thousands)	291,117	296,093	291,313	296,873
Weighted average number of Units - diluted (in thousands)	291,305	296,093	291,450	296,873

- (i) Net of \$nil and \$31.5 million of unrecognized share of losses from RC-HBC LP in excess of RioCan's carrying value for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$nil and \$nil, respectively).
- (ii) Represents net transaction gains or losses connected to certain investment properties during the period.
- (iii) This amount represents the interest capitalized to RioCan's equity-accounted investment in WhiteCastle New Urban Fund 2, LP, WhiteCastle New Urban Fund 3, LP, WhiteCastle New Urban Fund 4, LP, WhiteCastle New Urban Fund 5, LP, RioCan-Fieldgate JV, RC (Queensway) LP, PR Bloor Street LP, RC Yorkville LP and RCLC King and Sherbourne LP. This amount is not capitalized to development projects under IFRS but is allowed as an adjustment under REALPAC's definition of FFO.
- (iv) Refer to Inventory-Related Gains(Losses) and HBC-Related Income below for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.

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Inventory-Related Gains(Losses) and HBC-Related Income

The following table reconciles Inventory-Related Gains(Losses) and HBC-Related Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Residential inventory gains	\$ 1,489	\$ 17,709	\$ 4,169	\$ 39,294
Residential inventory gains (losses) from equity-accounted investments (i)	(2,796)	6,881	(1,911)	8,721
Residential inventory marketing costs	(214)	(577)	(285)	(605)
Residential inventory marketing costs from equity-accounted investments	(25)	(480)	(40)	(305)
Capitalized interest relief from sale of residential inventory in equity-accounted investments	(111)	(388)	(551)	(550)
NOI from other equity-accounted investments	173	—	326	—
Fee income related to residential inventory (ii)	26	628	568	1,373
Investment and other income related to residential inventory	414	—	2,169	146
Investment and other income (loss) related to residential inventory from equity-accounted investments	(22)	—	645	—
Inventory-Related Gains (Losses)	\$ (1,066)	\$ 23,773	\$ 5,090	\$ 48,074
Share of income from RC-HBC LP operations	\$ —	\$ 505	\$ 72	\$ 2,993
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	—	(18)	(6)	(36)
Interest income from RC-HBC LP	213	1,186	513	2,363
Fee income from RC-HBC LP	348	1,770	846	3,540
HBC-Related Income	\$ 561	\$ 3,443	\$ 1,425	\$ 8,860

- (i) Refer to (ii) Residential Inventory Gains (Losses) at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV and RioCan's Proportionate Share in this Non-GAAP Measures section of this MD&A for reconciliation.
- (ii) Related to fee income earned from residential inventory in accordance with IFRS.

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FFO from equity-accounted investments and Core FFO from equity-accounted investments

The following table reconciles income from equity-accounted investments to FFO from equity-accounted investments and Core FFO from equity-accounted investments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(thousands of dollars)	2026	2025	2026	2025
Income (loss) from equity-accounted investments	\$ (2,660)	\$ 4,809	\$ (843)	\$ (199,257)
Add back (deduct):				
Fair value losses (gains) included in equity-accounted investments	(119)	1,570	(156)	154,059
Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses	—	154	—	56,450
Internal leasing costs	12	—	12	—
Transaction costs on sale of investment properties	75	—	77	—
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	—	(18)	(6)	(36)
Capitalized interest related to equity-accounted investments (i)	1,130	1,064	1,978	2,512
FFO from equity-accounted investments	\$ (1,562)	\$ 7,579	\$ 1,062	\$ 13,728
Add back (deduct):				
Residential inventory losses (gains) from equity-accounted investments (ii)	2,796	(6,881)	1,911	(8,721)
NOI from other equity-accounted investments	(173)	—	(326)	—
Investment and other losses (income) related to residential inventory from equity-accounted investments	22	—	(645)	—
Residential inventory marketing costs from equity-accounted investments	25	480	40	305
Capitalized interest relief from sale of residential inventory in equity-accounted investments	111	388	551	550
Inventory-Related Losses (Gains) from equity-accounted investments	\$ 2,781	\$ (6,013)	\$ 1,531	\$ (7,866)
Share of income from RC-HBC LP operations	\$ —	\$ (505)	\$ (72)	\$ (2,994)
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	—	18	6	36
FFO from RC-HBC LP	\$ —	\$ (487)	\$ (66)	\$ (2,958)
Core FFO from equity-accounted investments	\$ 1,219	\$ 1,079	\$ 2,527	\$ 2,904

- (i) This amount represents the interest capitalized to RioCan's equity-accounted investment in WhiteCastle New Urban Fund 2, LP, WhiteCastle New Urban Fund 3, LP, WhiteCastle New Urban Fund 4, LP, WhiteCastle New Urban Fund 5, LP, RioCan-Fieldgate JV, RC (Queensway) LP, PR Bloor Street LP, RC Yorkville LP and RCLC King and Sherbourne LP. This amount is not capitalized to development projects under IFRS but is allowed as an adjustment under REALPAC's definition of FFO.
- (ii) Refer to (ii) Residential Inventory Gains (Losses) at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV and RioCan's Proportionate Share in this Non-GAAP Measures section of this MD&A for reconciliation.

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(vi) AFFO

The following table reconciles FFO to AFFO for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(thousands of dollars)	2026	2025	2026	2025
FFO (i)	\$ 114,818	\$ 138,506	\$ 232,598	\$ 284,070
Add back (deduct):				
Straight-line rent	(4,577)	(2,783)	(6,509)	(5,619)
Straight-line rent in equity-accounted investments	(31)	(50)	(70)	23,110
Write-off of straight-line rent receivable in RC-HBC LP	—	—	—	(23,300)
Normalized capital expenditures:				
Leasing commissions and tenant improvements	(7,250)	(8,000)	(14,500)	(16,000)
Capital expenditures recoverable from tenants	(5,500)	(4,500)	(11,000)	(9,000)
Capital expenditures not recoverable from tenants	(1,000)	(1,250)	(2,000)	(2,500)
Internal leasing costs	(3,226)	(3,242)	(6,671)	(6,498)
Internal leasing costs in equity-accounted investments	(12)	—	(12)	—
Internal leasing costs related to development properties	355	357	734	958
AFFO	\$ 93,577	\$ 119,038	\$ 192,570	\$ 245,221
Add back (deduct):				
Inventory-Related Losses (Gains) (ii)	1,066	(23,773)	(5,090)	(48,074)
Restructuring costs	—	—	2,190	255
HBC-Related Income (ii)	(561)	(3,443)	(1,425)	(8,860)
Straight-line rent from RC-HBC LP before CCAA	—	(22)	(7)	117
Core AFFO	\$ 94,082	\$ 91,800	\$ 188,238	\$ 188,659

(i) Refer to (v) FFO of this Non-GAAP Measures section of this MD&A for reconciliation from net income to FFO.

(ii) Refer to the Inventory-Related Gains(Losses) and HBC-Related Income under FFO section above for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.

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(vii) Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses

The following table reconciles Total RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses, Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses, Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses and Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses to Share of net loss (income) from equity-accounted investments during the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(thousands of dollars)	2026	2025	2026	2025
Share of net loss (income) from equity-accounted investments	\$ 2,660	\$ (4,809)	\$ 843	\$ 199,257
Add back (deduct):				
Share of income from RC-HBC LP operations	—	505	72	2,994
Share of income (loss) from other equity-accounted investments	(2,660)	6,179	(943)	8,467
Total RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses (Gains)	\$ —	\$ 1,875	\$ (28)	\$ 210,718
Add back:				
Provision for credit losses on RC-HBC LP loans receivable	—	—	3,390	—
Provision for guarantee losses on RC-HBC LP mortgages payable	—	—	632	—
Fair value changes in mortgage receivable from RC-HBC LP	—	—	32,912	—
Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses (i)	\$ —	\$ 1,875	\$ 36,906	\$ 210,718
Add back (deduct):				
Share of fair value gains (losses) on investment properties from RC-HBC LP post-CCAA Proceedings	—	(1,721)	28	(154,268)
Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses (i)	\$ —	\$ 154	\$ 36,934	\$ 56,450
Deduct:				
Provision for credit losses on RC-HBC LP loans receivable	—	—	(3,390)	—
Provision for guarantee losses on RC-HBC LP mortgages payable	—	—	(632)	—
Fair value changes in mortgage receivable from RC-HBC LP	—	—	(32,912)	—
Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses	\$ —	\$ 154	\$ —	\$ 56,450

- (i) The amount for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were offset by fair value gains on investment properties from the acquisition of a 50% interest in Georgian Mall and Oakville Place from the RC-HBC LP of \$39.3 million in Q1 2026.

Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses are comprised of the following during the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(thousands of dollars)	2026	2025	2026	2025
Provision for expected credit losses on finance lease receivables in RC-HBC LP	\$ —	\$ 154	\$ —	\$ 24,671
Write-off of straight-line rent receivable in RC-HBC LP	—	—	—	23,300
Impairment losses on RC-HBC LP	—	—	—	8,479
Provision for credit losses on RC-HBC LP loans receivable	—	—	3,390	—
Provision for guarantee losses on RC-HBC LP mortgages payable	—	—	632	—
Fair value changes in mortgage receivable from RC-HBC LP	—	—	32,912	—
Other RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses (ii)	\$ —	\$ 154	\$ 36,934	\$ 56,450
Fair value losses(gains) on investment properties from RC-HBC LP (i)	—	1,721	(28)	154,268
Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses (ii)	\$ —	\$ 1,875	\$ 36,906	\$ 210,718

- (i) Net of \$nil and \$31.5 million of unrecognized share of losses from RC-HBC LP for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$nil and \$nil, respectively).
- (ii) The amount for six months ended June 30, 2026 were offset by fair value gains on investment properties from the acquisition of a 50% interest in Georgian Mall and Oakville Place from the RC-HBC LP of \$39.3 million in Q1 2026.

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(viii) Adjusted G&A Expense

This table reconciles general and administrative (G&A) expenses to Adjusted G&A Expense - Consolidated Basis and Adjusted G&A Expense - RioCan's Proportionate Share, and rental revenue - Consolidated Basis to Rental Revenue - RioCan's Proportionate Share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Total G&A expense	\$ 12,824	\$ 11,346	\$ 1,478	\$ 25,117	\$ 21,739	\$ 3,378
Add back (deduct):						
ERP implementation costs / IT transformation costs	(952)	—	(952)	(1,307)	—	(1,307)
ERP amortization	434	434	—	868	868	—
Restructuring costs	—	—	—	(2,190)	(255)	(1,935)
Adjusted G&A Expense - Consolidated Basis	12,306	11,780	526	22,488	22,352	136
Add:						
G&A expense from equity-accounted investments	9	20	(11)	13	36	(23)
Adjusted G&A Expense - RioCan's Proportionate Share	\$ 12,315	\$ 11,800	\$ 515	\$ 22,501	\$ 22,388	\$ 113
Rental revenue - Consolidated Basis	296,802	291,254	5,548	605,063	587,995	17,068
Add back (deduct):						
Rental revenue from equity-accounted investments	854	7,173	(6,319)	1,924	(8,177)	10,101
Write-off of straight-line rent receivable in RC-HBC LP	—	—	—	—	23,300	(23,300)
Rental revenue - RioCan's Proportionate Share	\$ 297,656	\$ 298,427	\$ (771)	\$ 606,987	\$ 603,118	\$ 3,869
Adjusted G&A Expense as a percentage of Rental Revenue	4.1%	4.0%	0.1%	3.7%	3.7%	—%

(ix) Portfolio Investments Spending and Development Spending

Portfolio Investments Spending and Development Spending are reconciled to capital expenditures and development expenditures, respectively for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Total capital expenditures related to IPP on accrual basis (i)	21,465	24,388	40,110	47,292
Add (deduct):				
Maintenance capital expenditures	(14,038)	(21,908)	(21,396)	(39,673)
Development expenditures related to:				
Retail infill	8,206	13,206	15,547	24,717
Asset enhancement	5,612	1,045	9,241	3,138
Total Portfolio Investments Spending	\$ 21,245	\$ 16,731	\$ 43,502	\$ 35,474

(in thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Total development expenditures related to PUD on accrual basis (i)	\$ 25,588	\$ 34,062	\$ 44,573	\$ 75,503
Add (deduct):				
Development expenditures (recoveries) related to residential inventory	(851)	14,897	(941)	59,120
Total development expenditures - Consolidated Basis	24,737	48,959	43,632	134,623
Development expenditures (recoveries) related to EAI JV	(261)	6,426	2,977	13,892
Development expenditures related to:				
Retail infill	(8,206)	(13,206)	(15,547)	(24,717)
Asset enhancement	(5,612)	(1,045)	(9,241)	(3,138)
Total Development Spending (ii)	\$ 10,658	\$ 41,134	\$ 21,821	\$ 120,660

(i) Refer to Asset Profile - Investment Properties section of this MD&A for more details.

(ii) Based on RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV.

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(x) Maintenance Capital Expenditures

The table below reconciles maintenance capital expenditures between accrual basis and cash basis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30, 2026			Six months ended June 30, 2026			Normalized Capital Expenditures YTD Q2 2026
	Accrual basis	(Increase) Decrease in Accounts payable	Cash basis	Accrual basis	(Increase) Decrease in Accounts payable	Cash basis	
Tenant improvements and external leasing commissions	\$ 10,154	\$ (505)	\$ 9,649	\$ 15,953	\$ 3,088	\$ 19,041	\$ 14,500
Recoverable from tenants	3,469	(3,243)	226	4,791	(3,219)	1,572	11,000
Non-recoverable	415	(206)	209	652	(279)	373	2,000
Total maintenance capital expenditures	\$ 14,038	\$ (3,954)	\$ 10,084	\$ 21,396	\$ (410)	\$ 20,986	\$ 27,500

	Three months ended June 30, 2025			Six months ended June 30, 2025		
	Accrual basis	(Increase) Decrease in Accounts payable	Cash basis	Accrual basis	(Increase) Decrease in Accounts payable	Cash basis
Tenant improvements and external leasing commissions	\$ 19,491	\$ (5,376)	\$ 14,115	\$ 36,148	\$ (3,995)	\$ 32,153
Recoverable from tenants	1,905	(113)	1,792	2,481	3,384	5,865
Non-recoverable	512	46	558	1,044	484	1,528
Total maintenance capital expenditures	\$ 21,908	\$ (5,443)	\$ 16,465	\$ 39,673	\$ (127)	\$ 39,546

(xi) Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP

Below is the reconciliation of Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP for the full year ended December 31, 2025:

Year ended December 31,	2025
Transfer from PUD to IPP at fair value	\$ 348,730
Cumulative fair value loss related to PUD to IPP transfers	17,190
Cost transfer from PUD to IPP - Consolidated Basis	365,920
Adjustments related to projects transferred in previous periods	(699)
Historical costs alignment with project deliveries	(33,821)
Adjustments to cash basis (i)	(24,000)
Net Cost Transfer from PUD to IPP	\$ 307,400

- (i) Includes vacant land costs, invested costs on retail redevelopment at date of transfer, proceeds from land sales, applicable interim income or fee income earned, capitalized interest on invested equity, and fair value on initial amounts transferred into properties under development.

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(xii) Total Development at Cost

Total Development at Cost components are reconciled from Consolidated Basis to RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV as at June 30, 2026 as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Residential inventory cost to date			PUD cost to date			Total Development at Cost - RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV
	Consolidated Basis	Adjustments for EAI JV	RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV	Consolidated Basis	Adjustments for EAI JV	RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV	
Projects under construction	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 77,766	\$ —	\$ 77,766	\$ 77,766
Shovel ready development sites	9,842	—	9,842	101,712	—	101,712	111,554
Zoning approved	112,558	102,565	215,123	211,074	2,519	213,593	428,716
Zoning application submitted	30,385	18,316	48,701	82,040	2,273	84,313	133,014
Future developments	4,739	—	4,739	90,979	—	90,979	95,718
Development lands & others	—	—	—	89,837	8,116	97,953	97,953
Total	\$ 157,524	\$ 120,881	\$ 278,405	\$ 653,408	\$ 12,908	\$ 666,316	\$ 944,721
Cumulative fair value change on PUD				(105,208)	(189)	(105,397)	
Total PUD at fair value				\$ 548,200	12,719	560,919	

(xiii) Completed But Unsold Inventory Units at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV

The table below reconciles completed but unsold inventory units to Completed But Unsold Inventory Units at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV as at June 30, 2026.

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis	EAI JV	RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV	Consolidated Basis	EAI JV	RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV
Development at Cost - residential inventory	\$ 157,524	\$ 120,881	\$ 278,405	\$ 237,906	\$ 154,467	\$ 392,373
Impairment	—	—	—	(1,161)	(3,926)	(5,087)
Development at Cost - residential inventory, net of impairment	\$ 157,524	\$ 120,881	\$ 278,405	\$ 236,745	\$ 150,541	\$ 387,286
Completed units at cost	\$ 66,540	\$ 15,370	\$ 81,910	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Repossession of completed units (i)	8,420	95	8,515	—	—	—
Impairment	(1,164)	(2,794)	(3,958)	—	—	—
Completed but unsold inventory units	\$ 73,796	\$ 12,671	\$ 86,467	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Total residential inventory (ii)	\$ 231,320	\$ 133,552	\$ 364,872	\$ 236,745	\$ 150,541	\$ 387,286
Completed but unsold inventory units	\$ 73,796	\$ 12,671	\$ 86,467			
Unitholders' equity	\$ 7,177,174	\$ —	\$ 7,177,174			
Percentage of Completed but unsold inventory units to Unitholders' equity	1 %		1 %			

- (i) Certain condominium units were repossessed to settle defaulted amounts due on condominium final closings. The units were recorded at the lower of the contractual amount due and fair value of the condominium unit at the time of repossession.
- (ii) Effective June 30, 2026, residential inventory cost excludes commissions and the comparative has been restated.

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(xiv) Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living and Total Capital Repatriation

Total Capital Repatriation and Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and eighteen months ended June 30, 2026 are as follows:

<i>(thousands of dollars)</i>	Six months ended June 30, 2026	Eighteen months ended June 30, 2026 (i)	Anticipated 2025 to 2026
Gross sales proceeds from RioCan Living dispositions	\$ 280,474	\$ 687,094	\$ 940,000
Proceeds from residential inventory sales:			
Residential inventory sales revenue	16,583	260,772	
Residential inventory sales revenue - EAI JV	22,657	128,279	
Add (Deduct):			
Outstanding accounts receivable related to above sales (ii)	(841)	(9,657)	
Outstanding accounts receivable related to above sales - EAI JV (iii)	(1,294)	(4,335)	
Accounts receivable extinguished from repossessed units	(10,196)	(10,196)	
Accounts receivable extinguished from repossessed units - EAI JV	(106)	(106)	
Change in accounts receivable related to 2025 sales	85,946	n/a	
Change in accounts receivable related to 2025 sales - EAI JV	30,285	n/a	
Gross proceeds from residential inventory sales	143,034	364,757	371,000
Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living	\$ 423,508	\$ 1,051,851	\$ 1,311,000
Subsequent to quarter end:			
Anticipated proceeds from RioCan Living dispositions - conditional deals (iv)	205,700	205,700	
Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living - proforma (iv)	\$ 629,208	\$ 1,257,551	\$ 1,311,000
Percentage of Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living - proforma to Anticipated 2025-2026		96 %	
Total Capital Repatriation from RioCan Living (above)	\$ 423,508	\$ 1,051,851	
Gross sales proceeds from other asset dispositions	—	109,849	
Gross sales proceeds from asset dispositions within EAI JV	1,343	4,843	
Total Capital Repatriation	\$ 424,851	\$ 1,166,543	
Subsequent to quarter end:			
Anticipated proceeds from RioCan Living dispositions - conditional deals (iv)	205,700	205,700	
Anticipated proceeds from other asset dispositions - firm deals	26,971	26,971	
Anticipated proceeds from other asset dispositions within EAI JV - firm deals	1,400	1,400	
Proceeds from other asset dispositions within EAI JV - closed deals	777	777	
Total Capital Repatriation - pro forma (iv)	\$ 659,699	\$ 1,401,391	

(i) Represents cumulative amount from January 1, 2025 to June 30, 2026.

(ii) Outstanding accounts receivable related to above sales for the eighteen months ended June 30, 2026 represents \$94.8 million outstanding accounts receivable related to 2025 sales as at December 31, 2025, \$0.8 million outstanding accounts receivable related to 2026 sales as at June 30, 2026, net of \$85.9 million reduction in accounts receivable related to 2025 sales collected in 2026.

(iii) Outstanding accounts receivable related to above sales - EAI JV for the eighteen months ended June 30, 2026 represents \$33.3 million outstanding accounts receivable related to 2025 sales as at December 31, 2025, \$1.3 million outstanding accounts receivable related to 2026 sales as at June 30, 2026, net of \$30.3 million reduction in accounts receivable related to 2025 sales collected in 2026.

(iv) Includes conditional sales agreements. Conditional sales agreements are subject to finalization, due diligence and customary closing conditions and may not be completed as anticipated, within the expected timeframe, or at all.

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(xv) Total Acquisitions

Total Acquisitions for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 are as follows:

(thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Income producing properties	\$ —	\$ 125,315	\$ 130,684	\$ 125,708
Properties under development	—	—	14,672	53,851
RioCan's share of acquisitions from equity-accounted joint ventures	—	—	—	59,308
Total Acquisitions (i)	\$ —	\$ 125,315	\$ 145,356	\$ 238,867

(i) Includes transaction costs.

(xvi) Total Debt and Total Contractual Debt

RioCan uses both debt and equity in its capital structure, which is summarized as follows as at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025:

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
Debentures payable	\$ 3,939,514	\$ —	\$ 3,939,514	\$ 4,338,865	\$ —	\$ 4,338,865
Mortgages payable	1,869,708	26,334	1,896,042	2,184,306	141,182	2,325,488
Lines of credit and other bank loans	1,106,879	103,624	1,210,503	601,194	169,044	770,238
Mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale	75,594	—	75,594	28,343	—	28,343
Total debt (i)	\$ 6,991,695	\$ 129,958	\$ 7,121,653	\$ 7,152,708	\$ 310,226	\$ 7,462,934
Total equity	7,177,174	—	7,177,174	7,157,263	—	7,157,263
Total capital	\$ 14,168,869	\$ 129,958	\$ 14,298,827	\$ 14,309,971	\$ 310,226	\$ 14,620,197

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
Total debt (i)	\$ 6,991,695	\$ 129,958	\$ 7,121,653	\$ 7,152,708	\$ 310,226	\$ 7,462,934
Less:						
Unamortized debt financing costs, premiums and discounts on origination and debt assumed, and modifications	(18,850)	(57)	(18,907)	(28,821)	(179)	(29,000)
Total Contractual Debt	\$ 7,010,545	\$ 130,015	\$ 7,140,560	\$ 7,181,529	\$ 310,405	\$ 7,491,934

(i) On March 31, 2026, RioCan ceased to account for the RC-HBC LP as an equity-accounted investment, and the investment was reclassified to an investment measured at FVTPL. Consequently, RC-HBC LP debt is no longer included in RioCan's Proportionate Share amounts.

(xvii) Floating Rate Debt and Fixed Rate Debt

The following table reconciles total fixed rate debt and floating rate debt as at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025:

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
Total fixed rate debt	\$ 6,102,586	\$ 7,819	\$ 6,110,405	\$ 6,739,233	\$ 80,657	\$ 6,819,890
Total floating rate debt	889,109	122,139	1,011,248	413,475	229,569	643,044
Total debt	\$ 6,991,695	\$ 129,958	\$ 7,121,653	\$ 7,152,708	\$ 310,226	\$ 7,462,934
Ratio of floating rate debt to total debt	12.7%		14.2%	5.8%		8.6%

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(xviii) Unsecured Debt and Secured Debt

The following table reconciles Total Unsecured and Secured Debt to Total Contractual Debt as at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025:

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
Total Unsecured Debt	\$ 4,973,000	\$ —	\$ 4,973,000	\$ 4,750,000	\$ —	\$ 4,750,000
Total Secured Debt	2,037,545	130,015	2,167,560	2,431,529	310,405	2,741,934
Total Contractual Debt (i)	\$ 7,010,545	\$ 130,015	\$ 7,140,560	\$ 7,181,529	\$ 310,405	\$ 7,491,934
Percentage of Total Contractual Debt:						
Unsecured Debt	70.9%		69.6%	66.1%		63.4%
Secured Debt	29.1%		30.4%	33.9%		36.6%

(i) Refer to (xvi) Total Debt and Total Contractual Debt in this Non-GAAP Measures section of this MD&A for reconciliation.

(xix) Liquidity

As at June 30, 2026, RioCan had \$0.7 billion of Liquidity as summarized in the following table:

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
Undrawn revolving unsecured operating line of credit	\$ 627,000	\$ —	\$ 627,000	\$ 1,250,000	\$ —	\$ 1,250,000
Undrawn construction lines and other bank loans	—	28,800	28,800	20,770	32,009	52,779
Cash and cash equivalents	66,630	9,194	75,824	145,040	13,994	159,034
Liquidity	\$ 693,630	\$ 37,994	\$ 731,624	\$ 1,415,810	\$ 46,003	\$ 1,461,813

(xx) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Ratios

The following table reconciles consolidated net income attributable to Unitholders to Adjusted EBITDA:

Twelve months ended	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
Net income attributable to Unitholders	\$ 252,235	\$ —	\$ 252,235	\$ 69,295	\$ —	\$ 69,295
Add (deduct) the following items:						
Fair value losses on investment properties, net	63,008	43,151	106,159	137,359	197,367	334,726
Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses	131,969	(41,289)	90,680	305,781	(195,585)	110,196
Internal leasing costs	13,888	12	13,900	13,715	—	13,715
Non-cash unit-based compensation expense	10,238	—	10,238	10,197	—	10,197
Interest costs, net	284,268	1,540	285,808	277,885	5,035	282,920
Restructuring costs	2,190	—	2,190	255	—	255
ERP implementation costs / IT transformation costs	2,153	—	2,153	846	—	846
Depreciation and amortization	1,674	—	1,674	1,510	—	1,510
Transaction losses on the sale of investment properties, net (i)	15,592	—	15,592	5,539	—	5,539
Transaction costs on investment properties	10,374	150	10,524	8,098	73	8,171
Operational lease revenue (expenses) from ROU assets	8,283	(25)	8,258	7,851	(55)	7,796
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 795,872	\$ 3,539	\$ 799,411	\$ 838,331	\$ 6,835	\$ 845,166

(i) Includes transaction gains and losses realized on the disposition of investment properties.

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Adjusted EBITDA Ratios

Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio is calculated as follows:

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA						
Total debt outstanding	\$ 6,991,695	\$ 129,958	\$ 7,121,653	\$ 7,152,708	\$ 310,226	\$ 7,462,934
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(66,630)	(9,194)	(75,824)	(145,040)	(13,994)	(159,034)
Adjusted Spot Debt	\$ 6,925,065	\$ 120,764	\$ 7,045,829	\$ 7,007,668	\$ 296,232	\$ 7,303,900
Adjusted EBITDA (i)	\$ 795,872	\$ 3,539	\$ 799,411	\$ 838,331	\$ 6,835	\$ 845,166
Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA	8.70		8.81	8.36		8.64

(i) Adjusted EBITDA is on a rolling twelve-month basis.

(xxi) Unencumbered Assets

The table below summarizes RioCan's Unencumbered Assets as at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025:

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
(thousands of dollars)	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share	Consolidated Basis	Equity-accounted investments	RioCan's Proportionate Share
Investment properties	\$ 13,605,045	\$ 35,713	\$ 13,640,758	\$ 13,628,959	\$ 195,820	\$ 13,824,779
Less: Encumbered investment properties	(3,964,566)	(10,755)	(3,975,321)	(4,474,260)	(177,561)	(4,651,821)
Unencumbered Assets	\$ 9,640,479	\$ 24,958	\$ 9,665,437	\$ 9,154,699	\$ 18,259	\$ 9,172,958

(xxii) Selected Quarterly Non-GAAP measures

NOI

(thousands of dollars)	2026		2025				2024	
Three months ended	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
Operating Income	\$189,436	\$186,053	\$198,987	\$197,450	\$200,200	\$202,079	\$195,973	\$182,873
Adjusted for the following:								
Property management and other service fees	(1,938)	(3,077)	(4,796)	(2,942)	(4,067)	(4,148)	(4,606)	(5,303)
Residential inventory gains	(1,489)	(2,680)	(11,461)	(11,604)	(17,709)	(21,585)	(11,026)	(356)
Operational lease revenue from ROU assets	2,557	2,384	2,461	2,387	2,317	2,339	3,889	1,850
NOI	\$188,566	\$182,680	\$185,191	\$185,291	\$180,741	\$178,685	\$184,230	\$179,064

Residential Inventory Gains (Losses)

(thousands of dollars)	2026		2025				2024	
Three months ended	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
Total residential inventory sales - Consolidated Basis	\$ 5,615	\$ 10,968	\$ 48,048	\$ 74,866	\$ 66,333	\$ 54,942	\$ 59,670	\$ 1,479
Total residential inventory cost of sales - Consolidated Basis	4,126	8,288	36,587	63,262	48,624	33,358	48,644	1,123
Total residential inventory gains - Consolidated Basis	\$ 1,489	\$ 2,680	\$ 11,461	\$ 11,604	\$ 17,709	\$ 21,584	\$ 11,026	\$ 356
Total residential inventory sales - equity-accounted investments	\$ 5,437	\$ 20,066	\$ 47,112	\$ 16,896	\$ 33,899	\$ 23,194	\$ 18,902	\$ 70,119
Total residential inventory cost of sales - equity-accounted investments	8,233	19,181	45,850	15,585	27,018	21,353	16,762	58,014
Total residential inventory gains (losses) - equity-accounted investments	\$ (2,796)	\$ 885	\$ 1,262	\$ 1,311	\$ 6,881	\$ 1,841	\$ 2,140	\$ 12,105
Total residential inventory gains (losses) - RioCan's Proportionate Share	\$ (1,307)	\$ 3,565	\$ 12,723	\$ 12,915	\$ 24,590	\$ 23,425	\$ 13,166	\$ 12,461

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Quarterly FFO, Core FFO, FFO Payout Ratio and Core FFO Payout Ratio

(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)

	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Q4 2025	Q3 2025	Twelve months ended June 30, 2026
Net income (loss) attributable to Unitholders	\$ 151,237	\$ 93,162	\$ 128,174	\$ (120,338)	\$ 252,235
Add back (deduct):					
Fair value losses (gains), net	(51,981)	(23,521)	(9,706)	148,216	63,008
Fair value losses (gains) included in equity-accounted investments	(119)	(37)	2,403	40,905	43,152
Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses	—	36,934	—	53,746	90,680
Internal leasing costs	3,226	3,445	3,907	3,310	13,888
Internal leasing costs in equity-accounted investments	12	—	—	—	12
Transaction losses on investment properties, net	6,890	3,288	845	5,060	16,083
Transaction costs on sale of investment properties	1,625	1,696	4,132	2,921	10,374
Transaction costs on sale of investment properties in equity-accounted investments	75	2	—	73	150
ERP implementation costs / IT transformation costs	952	355	846	—	2,153
ERP amortization	(434)	(434)	(434)	(434)	(1,736)
Operational lease revenue from ROU assets	2,205	2,048	2,032	1,998	8,283
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	—	(6)	(5)	(14)	(25)
Capitalized interest related to equity-accounted investments:					
Capitalized interest related to properties under development	25	80	91	195	391
Capitalized interest related to residential inventory	1,105	768	152	1,016	3,041
FFO	\$ 114,818	\$ 117,780	\$ 132,437	\$ 136,654	\$ 501,689
Add back (deduct):					
Inventory-Related Losses (Gains) (i)	1,066	(6,156)	(14,812)	(18,250)	(38,152)
Restructuring costs	—	2,190	—	—	2,190
HBC-Related Income (i)	(561)	(864)	(1,913)	(2,459)	(5,797)
Core FFO	\$ 115,323	\$ 112,950	\$ 115,712	\$ 115,945	\$ 459,930
Distribution paid	\$ 84,278	\$ 84,527	\$ 85,409	\$ 85,383	\$ 339,597
FFO for last four quarters	\$ 501,689	\$ 525,377	\$ 553,161	\$ 555,103	
Core FFO for last four quarters	\$ 459,930	\$ 455,897	\$ 459,048	\$ 467,537	
Distributions for last four quarters	\$ 339,597	\$ 341,143	\$ 340,586	\$ 338,556	
FFO Payout Ratio					67.7%
Core FFO Payout Ratio					73.8%

- (i) Refer to the table below for reconciliation of Inventory-Related Gains, HBC-Related Income and Core FFO from equity-accounted investments for each period.

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Inventory-Related Gains, HBC-Related Income and Core FFO from equity-accounted investment

<i>(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)</i>	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Q4 2025	Q3 2025	Twelve months ended June 30, 2026
Residential inventory gains	\$ 1,489	\$ 2,680	\$ 11,461	\$ 11,604	\$ 27,234
Residential inventory gains (losses) from equity-accounted investments (i)	(2,796)	885	1,262	1,311	662
Residential inventory marketing recoveries (costs)	(214)	(71)	(86)	49	(322)
Residential inventory marketing recoveries (costs) from equity-accounted investments	(25)	(15)	(24)	427	363
Capitalized interest relief from sale of residential inventory in equity-accounted investments	(111)	(440)	(1,225)	(264)	(2,040)
NOI from other equity-accounted investments	173	153	388	—	714
Fee income related to residential inventory (ii)	26	542	1,795	489	2,852
Investment and other income related to residential inventory	414	1,755	1,450	—	3,619
Investment and other income (loss) related to residential inventory from equity-accounted investments	(22)	667	(209)	—	436
Residential inventory gain related to change in use included in investment and other income	—	—	—	4,634	4,634
Inventory-Related Gains (Losses)	\$ (1,066)	\$ 6,156	\$ 14,812	\$ 18,250	\$ 38,152
Share of income from RC-HBC LP operations	\$ —	\$ 72	\$ 537	\$ 361	\$ 970
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	—	(6)	(5)	(14)	(25)
Interest income from RC-HBC LP	213	300	1,015	1,370	2,898
Fee income from RC-HBC LP	348	498	366	742	1,954
HBC-Related Income	\$ 561	\$ 864	\$ 1,913	\$ 2,459	\$ 5,797
Income (Loss) from equity-accounted investments	\$ (2,660)	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,401	\$ (39,078)	\$ (38,520)
<i>Add back (deduct):</i>					
Fair value losses (gains) included in equity-accounted investments	(119)	(37)	2,403	40,905	43,152
Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Gains	—	—	—	(550)	(550)
Internal leasing costs	12	—	—	—	12
Transaction costs on sale of investment properties	75	2	—	73	150
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	—	(6)	(5)	(14)	(25)
Capitalized interest related to equity-accounted investments	1,130	848	243	1,211	3,432
FFO from equity-accounted investments	\$ (1,562)	\$ 2,624	\$ 4,042	\$ 2,547	\$ 7,651
<i>Add back (deduct):</i>					
Residential inventory losses (gains) from equity-accounted investments (i)	2,796	(885)	(1,262)	(1,311)	(662)
NOI from other equity-accounted investments	(173)	(153)	(388)	—	(714)
Investment and other (income) loss related to residential inventory from equity-accounted investments	22	(667)	209	—	(436)
Residential inventory marketing costs (recoveries) from equity-accounted investments	25	15	24	(427)	(363)
Capitalized interest relief from sale of residential inventory in equity-accounted investments	111	440	1,225	264	2,040
Inventory-Related (Gains) Losses from equity-accounted investments	\$ 2,781	\$ (1,250)	\$ (192)	\$ (1,474)	\$ (135)
Share of income from RC-HBC LP operations	\$ —	\$ (72)	\$ (537)	\$ (361)	\$ (970)
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	—	6	5	14	25
FFO from RC-HBC LP	\$ —	\$ (66)	\$ (532)	\$ (347)	\$ (945)
Core FFO from equity-accounted investments	\$ 1,219	\$ 1,308	\$ 3,318	\$ 726	\$ 6,571

- (i) Refer to (ii) Residential Inventory Gains (Losses) at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV and RioCan's Proportionate Share in this Non-GAAP Measures section of this MD&A for reconciliation.
- (ii) Related to fee income earned from residential inventory in accordance with IFRS.

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Quarterly FFO, Core FFO, FFO Payout Ratio and Core FFO Payout Ratio (continued)

<i>(thousands of dollars, except per unit amounts)</i>	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Twelve months ended June 30, 2025
Net income (loss) attributable to Unitholders	\$ 145,615	\$ (84,156)	\$ 125,648	\$ 96,858	\$ 283,965
Add back (deduct):					
Fair value losses (gains), net	(15,929)	14,778	(2,004)	40,495	37,340
Fair value losses (gains) included in equity-accounted investments	1,570	152,489	1,855	(473)	155,441
Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses	154	56,296	—	—	56,450
Internal leasing costs	3,242	3,256	3,262	3,346	13,106
Transaction losses (gains) on investment properties, net	714	(433)	(1,345)	422	(642)
Transaction gains on equity-accounted investments	—	—	—	(21)	(21)
Transaction costs on sale of investment properties	614	431	2,435	284	3,764
ERP implementation costs	—	—	—	958	958
ERP amortization	(434)	(434)	(484)	(409)	(1,761)
Change in unrealized fair value on marketable securities	—	—	—	(5,908)	(5,908)
Operational lease revenue from ROU assets	1,914	1,907	3,534	1,508	8,863
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	(18)	(18)	(18)	(17)	(71)
Capitalized interest related to equity-accounted investments:					
Capitalized interest related to properties under development	53	39	110	67	269
Capitalized interest related to residential inventory	1,011	1,409	1,386	741	4,547
FFO	\$ 138,506	\$ 145,564	\$ 134,379	\$ 137,851	\$ 556,300
Add back (deduct):					
Inventory-Related Gains (i)	(23,773)	(24,301)	(11,957)	(13,235)	(73,266)
Realized gain on sale of marketable securities	—	—	—	(1,997)	(1,997)
Restructuring costs	—	255	7,202	4	7,461
Debt prepayment costs, net	—	—	912	(457)	455
HBC-Related Income (i)	(3,443)	(5,417)	(6,335)	(5,776)	(20,971)
Core FFO	\$ 111,290	\$ 116,101	\$ 124,201	\$ 116,390	\$ 467,982
Distribution paid	\$ 85,824	\$ 83,970	\$ 83,379	\$ 83,380	\$ 336,553
FFO for last four quarters	\$ 556,300	\$ 545,580	\$ 535,971	\$ 534,482	
Core FFO for last four quarters	\$ 467,982	\$ 471,709	\$ 467,617	\$ 463,481	
Distributions for last four quarters	\$ 336,553	\$ 334,106	\$ 332,011	\$ 329,741	
FFO Payout Ratio					60.5%
Core FFO Payout Ratio					71.9%

- (i) Refer to the table below for reconciliation of Inventory-Related Gains, HBC-Related Income and Core FFO from equity-accounted investments for each period.

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Inventory-Related Gains, HBC-Related Income and Core FFO from equity-accounted investments

<i>(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)</i>	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Twelve months ended June 30, 2025
Residential inventory gains	\$ 17,709	\$ 21,584	\$ 11,026	\$ 356	\$ 50,675
Residential inventory gains from equity-accounted investments (i)	6,881	1,841	2,140	12,105	22,967
Residential inventory marketing costs	(577)	(28)	(166)	(32)	(803)
Residential inventory marketing recoveries (costs) from equity-accounted investments	(480)	175	324	(643)	(624)
Capitalized interest relief from sale of residential inventory in equity-accounted investments	(388)	(162)	(190)	(805)	(1,545)
NOI from other equity-accounted investments	—	—	229	—	229
Fee income related to residential inventory (ii)	628	745	1,178	1,115	3,666
Investment and other income related to residential inventory	—	146	185	1,018	1,349
Investment and other income (loss) related to residential inventory from equity-accounted investments	—	—	(2,769)	121	(2,648)
Inventory-Related Gains	\$ 23,773	\$ 24,301	\$ 11,957	\$ 13,235	\$ 73,266
Share of income from RC-HBC LP operations	\$ 505	\$ 2,488	\$ 3,485	\$ 3,424	\$ 9,902
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	(18)	(18)	(18)	(17)	(71)
Interest income from RC-HBC LP	1,186	1,177	1,164	784	4,311
Fee income from RC-HBC LP	1,770	1,770	1,704	1,585	6,829
HBC-Related Income	\$ 3,443	\$ 5,417	\$ 6,335	\$ 5,776	\$ 20,971
Income from equity-accounted investments	\$ 4,809	\$ (204,066)	\$ 3,977	\$ 15,709	\$ (179,571)
<i>Add back (deduct):</i>					
Fair value losses (gains) included in equity-accounted investments	1,570	152,489	1,855	(473)	155,441
Other RC-HBC LP EAI Valuation Losses	154	56,296	—	—	56,450
Transaction gains on equity-accounted investments	—	—	—	(21)	(21)
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	(18)	(18)	(18)	(17)	(71)
Capitalized interest related to equity-accounted investments	1,064	1,448	1,496	808	4,816
FFO from equity-accounted investments	\$ 7,579	\$ 6,149	\$ 7,310	\$ 16,006	\$ 37,044
<i>Add back (deduct):</i>					
Residential inventory gains from equity-accounted investments (i)	(6,881)	(1,840)	(2,140)	(12,105)	(22,966)
NOI from other equity-accounted investments	—	—	(229)	—	(229)
Investment and other (income) loss related to residential inventory from equity-accounted investments	—	—	2,769	(121)	2,648
Residential inventory marketing costs (recoveries) from equity-accounted investments	480	(175)	(324)	643	624
Capitalized interest relief from sale of residential inventory in equity-accounted investments	388	162	190	805	1,545
Inventory-Related (Gains) Losses from equity-accounted investments	\$ (6,013)	\$ (1,853)	\$ 266	\$ (10,778)	\$ (18,378)
Share of income from RC-HBC LP operations	\$ (505)	\$ (2,488)	\$ (3,485)	\$ (3,424)	\$ (9,902)
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets in equity-accounted investments	18	18	18	17	71
FFO from RC-HBC LP	\$ (487)	\$ (2,470)	\$ (3,467)	\$ (3,407)	\$ (9,831)
Core FFO from equity-accounted investments	\$ 1,079	\$ 1,826	\$ 4,109	\$ 1,821	\$ 8,835

(i) Refer to (ii) Residential Inventory Gains (Losses) at RioCan's Proportionate Share in EAI JV and RioCan's Proportionate Share in this Non-GAAP Measures section of this MD&A for reconciliation.

(ii) Related to fee income earned from residential inventory in accordance with IFRS.

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Quarterly AFFO, Core AFFO, AFFO Payout Ratio and Core AFFO Payout Ratio

<i>(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)</i>	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Q4 2025	Q3 2025	Twelve months ended June 30, 2026
FFO (i)	\$ 114,818	\$ 117,780	\$ 132,437	\$ 136,654	\$ 501,689
Add back (deduct):					
Straight-line rent	(4,577)	(1,932)	(3,280)	(2,820)	(12,609)
Straight-line rent in equity-accounted investments	(31)	(39)	(31)	(87)	(188)
Normalized capital expenditures:					
Leasing commissions and tenant improvements	(7,250)	(7,250)	(8,000)	(8,000)	(30,500)
Capital expenditures recoverable from tenants	(5,500)	(5,500)	(4,500)	(4,500)	(20,000)
Capital expenditures not recoverable from tenants	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,250)	(1,250)	(4,500)
Internal leasing costs	(3,226)	(3,445)	(3,907)	(3,310)	(13,888)
Internal leasing costs in equity-accounted investments	(12)	—	—	—	(12)
Internal leasing costs related to development properties	355	379	309	243	1,286
AFFO	\$ 93,577	\$ 98,993	\$ 111,778	\$ 116,930	\$ 421,278
Add back (deduct):					
Inventory-Related Losses (Gains) (ii)	1,066	(6,156)	(14,812)	(18,250)	(38,152)
Restructuring costs	—	2,190	—	—	2,190
HBC-Related Income (ii)	(561)	(864)	(1,913)	(2,459)	(5,797)
Straight-line rent from RC-HBC LP before CCAA	—	(7)	(3)	(17)	(27)
Core AFFO	\$ 94,082	\$ 94,156	\$ 95,050	\$ 96,204	\$ 379,492
Distributions paid	\$ 84,278	\$ 84,527	\$ 85,409	\$ 85,383	\$ 339,597
AFFO last four quarters	\$ 421,278	\$ 446,739	\$ 473,929	\$ 474,755	
Core AFFO last four quarters	\$ 379,492	\$ 377,210	\$ 379,913	\$ 387,432	
Distributions for last four quarters	\$ 339,597	\$ 341,143	\$ 340,586	\$ 338,556	
AFFO Payout Ratio					80.6 %
Core AFFO Payout Ratio					89.5 %

(i) Refer to (v) FFO of this Non-GAAP Measures section of this MD&A for reconciliation from net income to FFO.

(ii) Refer to the Quarterly FFO, Core FFO, FFO Payout Ratio and Core FFO Payout Ratio table in this Non-GAAP Measures section of this MD&A for reconciliation of Inventory-Related Gains and HBC-Related Income.

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Quarterly AFFO, Core AFFO, AFFO Payout Ratio and Core AFFO Payout Ratio (continued)

<i>(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)</i>	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Twelve months ended June 30, 2025
FFO (i)	\$ 138,506	\$ 145,564	\$ 134,379	\$ 137,851	\$ 556,300
<i>Add back (deduct):</i>					
Straight-line rent	(2,783)	(2,836)	(5,226)	(2,707)	(13,552)
Straight-line rent in equity-accounted investments	(50)	23,160	(139)	(169)	22,802
Write-off of straight-line rent receivable in RC-HBC LP	—	(23,300)	—	—	(23,300)
Normalized capital expenditures:					
Leasing commissions and tenant improvements	(8,000)	(8,000)	(6,500)	(6,500)	(29,000)
Capital expenditures recoverable from tenants	(4,500)	(4,500)	(6,750)	(6,750)	(22,500)
Capital expenditures not recoverable from tenants	(1,250)	(1,250)	(500)	(500)	(3,500)
Internal leasing costs	(3,242)	(3,256)	(3,262)	(3,346)	(13,106)
Internal leasing costs related to development properties	357	601	602	617	2,177
AFFO	\$ 119,038	\$ 126,183	\$ 112,604	\$ 118,496	\$ 476,321
<i>Add back (deduct):</i>					
Inventory-Related Gains (ii)	(23,773)	(24,301)	(11,957)	(13,235)	(73,266)
Realized gain on sale of marketable securities	—	—	—	(1,997)	(1,997)
Restructuring costs	—	255	7,202	4	7,461
Debt prepayment costs, net	—	—	912	(457)	455
HBC-Related Income (ii)	(3,443)	(5,417)	(6,335)	(5,776)	(20,971)
Straight-line rent from RC-HBC LP before CCAA	(22)	139	143	172	432
Core AFFO	\$ 91,800	\$ 96,859	\$ 102,569	\$ 97,207	\$ 388,435
Distributions paid	\$ 85,824	\$ 83,970	\$ 83,379	\$ 83,380	\$ 336,553
AFFO last four quarters	\$ 476,321	\$ 466,383	\$ 455,995	\$ 457,061	
Core AFFO last four quarters	\$ 388,435	\$ 393,212	\$ 388,455	\$ 386,996	
Distributions for last four quarters	\$ 336,553	\$ 334,106	\$ 332,011	\$ 329,741	
AFFO Payout Ratio					70.7%
Core AFFO Payout Ratio					86.6%

(i) Refer to (v) FFO in this *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for reconciliation from net income to FFO.

(ii) Refer to the *Quarterly FFO, Core FFO, FFO Payout Ratio and Core FFO Payout Ratio* table in this *Non-GAAP Measures* section of this MD&A for reconciliation of Inventory-Related Gains and HBC-Related Income.

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Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA at RioCan's Proportionate Share

Twelve months ended	2026		2025				2024	
(thousands of dollars, except where otherwise noted)	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
Net income attributable to Unitholders	\$ 252,235	\$ 246,613	\$ 69,295	\$ 66,769	\$ 283,965	\$ 260,713	\$ 473,465	\$ 230,158
Add (deduct) the following items:								
Income tax recovery:								
Current	—	—	—	—	—	—	(794)	(812)
Fair value losses on investment properties, net	63,008	99,060	137,359	145,061	37,340	47,382	29,353	254,278
Total RC-HBC LP Valuation Losses	131,969	133,844	305,781	305,347	210,718	208,843	—	—
Change in unrealized fair value on marketable securities	—	—	—	—	(5,908)	(5,766)	(4,648)	(6,494)
Internal leasing costs	13,888	13,904	13,715	13,070	13,106	12,956	13,293	13,187
Non-cash unit-based compensation expense	10,238	9,587	10,197	10,370	10,256	10,404	10,385	10,085
Interest costs, net	284,268	283,114	277,885	271,833	268,381	262,785	257,544	250,444
Debt prepayment loss (gain), net	—	—	—	912	455	455	455	(457)
Restructuring costs	2,190	2,190	255	7,457	7,461	7,461	7,852	674
ERP implementation costs / IT transformation costs	2,153	1,201	846	—	958	2,832	5,368	8,870
Depreciation and amortization	1,674	1,588	1,510	1,369	1,349	1,485	1,450	1,737
Transaction (gains) losses on the sale of investment properties, net	15,592	9,257	5,539	3,352	(1,284)	(485)	2	2,654
Transaction costs on investment properties	10,374	9,363	8,098	6,407	3,770	3,229	3,672	6,331
Operational lease revenue from ROU assets	8,283	7,992	7,851	9,353	8,863	8,376	7,814	5,563
Adjusted EBITDA - Consolidated Basis	\$ 795,872	\$ 817,713	\$ 838,331	\$ 841,300	\$ 839,430	\$ 820,670	\$ 805,211	\$ 776,218
Add: equity-accounted investments								
Fair value losses on investment properties from RC-HBC LP (i)	(41,289)	(43,010)	(195,585)	(195,151)	(154,268)	(152,547)	—	—
Fair value losses on investment properties, net	43,151	44,841	197,367	196,818	155,439	155,679	3,582	15,233
Interest costs, net	1,540	3,156	5,035	7,268	10,070	11,083	11,544	11,929
Internal leasing costs	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transaction gains on equity-accounted investments	—	—	—	—	(21)	(21)	(52)	(65)
Transaction costs on investment properties	150	75	73	74	1	1	1	1
Operational lease expenses from ROU assets	(25)	(43)	(55)	(68)	(71)	(70)	(69)	(67)
Adjusted EBITDA - RioCan's Proportionate Share	\$ 799,411	\$ 822,732	\$ 845,166	\$ 850,241	\$ 850,580	\$ 834,795	\$ 820,217	\$ 803,249
Consolidated Basis:								
Total debt outstanding	\$6,991,695	\$7,287,082	\$7,152,708	\$7,270,132	\$7,435,740	\$7,403,536	\$7,323,914	\$7,191,696
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(66,630)	(70,215)	(145,040)	(92,304)	(72,318)	(59,492)	(190,243)	(39,737)
Adjusted Spot Debt - Consolidated Basis	\$6,925,065	\$7,216,867	\$7,007,668	\$7,177,828	\$7,363,422	\$7,344,044	\$7,133,671	\$7,151,959
Add: equity-accounted investments								
Total debt outstanding	\$ 129,958	\$ 152,395	\$ 310,226	\$ 321,435	\$ 319,183	\$ 349,807	\$ 359,383	\$ 344,110
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(9,194)	(12,064)	(13,994)	(15,790)	(11,694)	(7,137)	(9,890)	(9,768)
Adjusted Spot Debt - Equity-accounted investments	\$ 120,764	\$ 140,331	\$ 296,232	\$ 305,645	\$ 307,489	\$ 342,670	\$ 349,493	\$ 334,342
Adjusted Spot Debt - RioCan's Proportionate Share	\$7,045,829	\$7,357,198	\$7,303,900	\$7,483,473	\$7,670,911	\$7,686,714	\$7,483,164	\$7,486,301
Adjusted Spot Debt to Adjusted EBITDA - RioCan's Proportionate Share	8.81	8.94	8.64	8.80	9.02	9.21	9.12	9.32

(i) Net of \$81.7 million of cumulative unrecognized share of losses from RC-HBC LP in excess of RioCan's carrying value as at June 30, 2026.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction	Our Business and Our Business Environment	Property Portfolio Overview	Results of Operations	Asset Profile	Capital Allocation	Capital Resources and Liquidity	Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Initiatives	Other Disclosures	Non-GAAP Measures	Risks and Uncertainties
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RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Achieving RioCan's objectives is, in part, dependent on mitigating identified business risks. Real estate investments are subject to a degree of risk. They are affected by factors including changes in general economic and local market conditions, equity and debt markets, fluctuations in interest costs, the attractiveness of the properties to tenants, competition from other available space, the stability and creditworthiness of tenants, and various other factors.

The rights in RioCan's Declaration of Trust are granted as contractual rights afforded to Unitholders (rather than as statutory rights). Similar to other existing rights contained in the Declaration of Trust (i.e. the take-over bid provisions and conflict of interest provisions), making these rights and remedies and certain procedures available by contract is structurally different from the manner in which the equivalent rights and remedies or procedures (including the procedure for enforcing such remedies) are made available to shareholders of a corporation, who benefit from those rights and remedies or procedures by the corporate statute that governs the corporation, such as the *Canada Business Corporations Act* (CBCA). As such, there is no certainty how these rights, remedies or procedures may be treated by the courts in the non-corporate context or that a Unitholder will be able to enforce the rights and remedies in the manner contemplated by the Declaration of Trust. Furthermore, how the courts will treat these rights, remedies and procedures will be in the discretion of the court, and the courts may choose to not accept jurisdiction to consider any claim contemplated in the provisions.

For a detailed discussion of risk factors that have been identified by RioCan, refer to the 2025 Annual Report and RioCan's AIF, which can be found on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com or on RioCan's website at www.riocan.com, together with the below risk factors.

Interest Rate and Financing Risk

The terms of RioCan's credit agreements require the Trust to comply with a number of customary financial and other covenants, such as maintaining debt service coverage and leverage ratios, adequate insurance coverage and certain other credit metrics. These covenants may limit our flexibility in conducting our operations and breaches of these covenants could result in defaults under the instruments governing the applicable indebtedness.

Diversifying funding sources, maintaining a strong liquidity position, and maintaining a well-distributed debt maturity profile mitigate (re)financing risk. RioCan's revolving unsecured line of credit acts as a backstop to refinance maturing debt, provides financial flexibility to execute the strategic plan, provides a low cost bridge to "permanent" financing, and safeguards against a liquidity/financial crisis. Limiting floating rate debt exposure and maintaining a well-distributed debt maturity profile also help to mitigate interest rate risk.

RioCan's operations are impacted by interest rates, as interest expense represents a significant cost in the ownership of real estate investments. Although the Bank of Canada has reduced the overnight lending rate by 100 basis points since December 2024, there remains a risk of interest rate volatility due to uncertain economic conditions. An increase in interest rates may result in a significant increase in the amount paid by the Trust to service debt, which could in turn adversely affect RioCan's financial condition and results of operations. Further, in a higher interest rate environment, the cost of acquiring, financing, expanding and renovating investment property also increases, and together with upward pressure on capitalization rates and decreased investment property demand, the Trust's investment property values may decline as a result. Tariffs could increase prices for imported goods and contribute to economic volatility. While this may prompt the Bank of Canada to lower interest rates, the resulting uncertainty adds to interest rate risk.

RioCan has proactively employed a variety of financial tactics to protect against interest rate risk including staggering the maturities of long-term debt and limiting the use of floating rate debt to minimize exposure to interest rate fluctuations. As at June 30, 2026, 14.2% of the Trust's total debt was at floating interest rates at RioCan's Proportionate Share. From time to time, the Trust may enter into floating-for-fixed interest rate swaps as part of its strategy for managing its exposure to interest rate risk on debt with floating interest rates. The Trust may also enter into bond forward contracts to hedge its exposure to movements in interest rates from the time it determines it will refinance or issue a fixed rate debt and the time the fixed rate debt is issued. The intent is to use the bond forwards to manage the change in cash flows of the future interest payments on the anticipated fixed rate debt. As at June 30, 2026, the carrying value of our floating rate debt not subject to a hedging strategy is \$889.1 million (December 31, 2025 - \$413.5 million). A 50 basis point increase or decrease in interest rates would result in an annualized increase or decrease in interest expensed or capitalized in aggregate of \$4.4 million (December 31, 2025 - \$2.1 million).

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, tabular amounts in thousands, except per unit amounts or unless otherwise noted)

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RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands of Canadian dollars)

As at	Note	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Assets			
Investment properties	3	\$ 13,605,045	\$ 13,628,959
Equity-accounted investments	4	155,836	159,596
Residential inventory	5	231,320	236,745
Mortgages and loans receivable	6	241,687	338,331
Assets held for sale	3	102,000	46,500
Receivables and other assets	7	270,954	339,221
Cash and cash equivalents		66,630	145,040
Total assets		\$ 14,673,472	\$ 14,894,392
Liabilities			
Debentures payable	9	\$ 3,939,514	\$ 4,338,865
Mortgages payable	10	1,869,708	2,184,306
Mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale	3, 10	75,594	28,343
Lines of credit and other bank loans	11	1,106,879	601,194
Accounts payable and other liabilities	12	504,603	584,421
Total liabilities		\$ 7,496,298	\$ 7,737,129
Equity			
Unitholders' equity		7,177,174	7,157,263
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 14,673,472	\$ 14,894,392

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board of Trustees

(signed) Janice Fukakusa
Janice Fukakusa
Chair of the Audit Committee
Trustee

(signed) Jonathan Gitlin
Jonathan Gitlin
President and Chief Executive Officer
Trustee

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts)

		Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	Note	2026	2025	2026	2025
Revenue					
Rental revenue	16	\$ 296,802	\$ 291,254	\$ 605,063	\$ 587,995
Residential inventory sales	5	5,615	66,333	16,583	121,275
Property management and other service fees	16	1,938	4,067	5,015	8,215
		304,355	361,654	626,661	717,485
Operating costs					
Rental operating costs					
Recoverable under tenant leases		102,256	101,934	220,745	211,929
Non-recoverable costs		8,537	10,896	18,013	21,296
Residential inventory cost of sales	5	4,126	48,624	12,414	81,981
		114,919	161,454	251,172	315,206
Operating income		189,436	200,200	375,489	402,279
Other income (loss)					
Interest income	18	7,233	9,671	15,257	21,073
Income (loss) from equity-accounted investments	4	(2,660)	4,809	(843)	(199,257)
Fair value gain on investment properties, net	3	51,981	15,929	75,502	1,151
Investment and other income (loss), net	17	(4,588)	1,155	(40,614)	3,579
		51,966	31,564	49,302	(173,454)
Other expenses					
Interest costs, net	19	71,143	69,989	143,052	136,669
General and administrative	20	12,824	11,346	25,117	21,739
Internal leasing costs		3,226	3,242	6,671	6,498
Transaction and other costs	21	2,972	1,572	5,552	2,460
		90,165	86,149	180,392	167,366
Income before income taxes		151,237	145,615	244,399	61,459
Net income		\$ 151,237	\$ 145,615	\$ 244,399	\$ 61,459
Net income per unit					
Basic	22	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.21
Diluted	22	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.21

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands of Canadian dollars)

		Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	Note	2026	2025	2026	2025
Net income		\$ 151,237	\$ 145,615	\$ 244,399	\$ 61,459
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income, net of tax:					
Interest rate swap agreements:					
Unrealized (loss) gain during the period	13	(1,249)	3,399	88	(502)
Reclassified during the period to income	13	419	(675)	863	(1,304)
Bond forward agreement:					
Reclassified during the period to income	13	(1,834)	(1,861)	(3,675)	(3,715)
Other comprehensive income from equity-accounted investments	4, 13	—	208	41	337
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax		(2,664)	1,071	(2,683)	(5,184)
Comprehensive income, net of tax		\$ 148,573	\$ 146,686	\$ 241,716	\$ 56,275

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(In thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Note	Trust Units	Contributed surplus	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Total equity
Balance, December 31, 2024		\$ 4,560,361	\$ 57,512	\$ 2,911,106	\$ 29,359	\$ 7,558,338
Changes during the period:						
Net income		—	—	61,459	—	61,459
Other comprehensive loss	13	—	—	—	(5,184)	(5,184)
Unit-based compensation exercises, net of Units repurchased for settlement of Unit exercises	13	2,718	(10,377)	—	—	(7,659)
Units issued, net of issuance costs	13	87	—	—	—	87
Units purchased and cancelled	13	(84,395)	—	(17,661)	—	(102,056)
Unit-based compensation awards	13	—	6,740	—	—	6,740
Distributions to Unitholders	15	—	—	(170,460)	—	(170,460)
Balance, June 30, 2025		\$ 4,478,771	\$ 53,875	\$ 2,784,444	\$ 24,175	\$ 7,341,265

	Note	Trust Units	Contributed surplus	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Total equity
Balance, December 31, 2025		\$ 4,460,652	\$ 58,516	\$ 2,616,618	\$ 21,477	\$ 7,157,263
Changes during the period:						
Net income		—	—	244,399	—	244,399
Other comprehensive loss	13	—	—	—	(2,683)	(2,683)
Unit-based compensation exercises, net of Units repurchased for settlement of Unit exercises	13	1,880	(10,756)	—	—	(8,876)
Units issued, net of issuance costs	13	68	—	—	—	68
Units purchased and cancelled	13	(39,196)	—	(12,181)	—	(51,377)
Unit-based compensation awards	13	—	6,914	—	—	6,914
Distributions to Unitholders	15	—	—	(168,534)	—	(168,534)
Balance, June 30, 2026		\$ 4,423,404	\$ 54,674	\$ 2,680,302	\$ 18,794	\$ 7,177,174

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Operating activities				
Net income	\$ 151,237	\$ 145,615	\$ 244,399	\$ 61,459
Items not affecting cash:				
Depreciation and amortization	400	314	793	629
Amortization of straight-line rent	(4,761)	(2,164)	(6,796)	(4,403)
Amortization of bond forward hedge settlement	(1,834)	(1,861)	(3,675)	(3,715)
Amortization of deferred financing charges	1,435	1,614	2,840	2,898
Unit-based compensation expense	3,599	2,948	5,314	5,273
Impairment of residential inventory	26	—	4	—
Allowance for credit loss on mortgages and loans receivables	—	—	3,390	—
Fair value loss on loans receivable	—	—	32,912	—
Provision for guarantee loss	—	—	632	—
Loss (income) from equity-accounted investments	2,660	(4,809)	843	199,257
Fair value gain on investment properties, net	(51,981)	(15,929)	(75,502)	(1,151)
Transaction losses (gains), net on disposition of investment properties	6,498	541	9,411	(54)
Adjustments for changes in other working capital items	62,501	70,853	43,765	8,174
Cash provided by operating activities	169,780	197,122	258,330	268,367
Investing activities				
Acquisitions of investment properties	—	(121,706)	(49,436)	(137,775)
Construction expenditures on properties under development	(26,864)	(36,328)	(50,960)	(74,192)
Capital expenditures on income producing properties	(14,850)	(20,601)	(27,017)	(52,128)
Proceeds from sale of investment properties	48,055	35,590	58,060	60,634
Earn-outs on investment properties	—	(180)	—	(180)
Acquisitions of and/or contributions to equity-accounted investments	(1,240)	(710)	(1,885)	(62,685)
Distributions received from equity-accounted investments	2,000	90	3,060	1,556
Proceeds from disposition of units from equity-accounted investments	2,200	—	2,200	—
Advances of mortgages and loans receivable	(2,802)	(12,395)	(72,237)	(32,262)
Repayments of mortgages and loans receivable	21,275	66,748	88,207	133,950
Purchase of other investments	(213)	—	(9,589)	(20,450)
Proceeds from other investments	200	744	275	744
Lease payments received from finance lease receivables	2,432	1,336	4,625	2,683
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	30,193	(87,412)	(54,697)	(180,105)
Financing activities				
Proceeds from mortgage financing, net of issue costs	(31)	24,915	43,844	26,149
Repayments of mortgage principal	(102,578)	(205,438)	(200,058)	(352,999)
Advances from bank credit lines, net of issue costs	570,440	299,086	635,328	441,351
Repayment of bank credit lines	(86,207)	(87,827)	(130,207)	(87,827)
Proceeds from issuance of debentures, net of issue costs	(62)	—	198,999	547,851
Repayment of unsecured debentures	(500,000)	—	(600,000)	(500,000)
Distributions paid to Unitholders	(84,278)	(85,824)	(168,805)	(169,794)
Units repurchased under normal course issuer bid	—	(40,823)	(51,377)	(102,056)
Units repurchased for settlement of Unit compensation exercises and proceeds received from issuance of Units, net of issue costs	(360)	(520)	(8,808)	(7,572)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(482)	(453)	(959)	(1,290)
Cash used in financing activities	(203,558)	(96,884)	(282,043)	(206,187)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(3,585)	12,826	(78,410)	(117,925)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	70,215	59,492	145,040	190,243
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 66,630	\$ 72,318	\$ 66,630	\$ 72,318
Supplemental cash flow information	Note 26			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST

NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2026 AND 2025

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, tabular amounts in thousands, except per unit amounts or unless otherwise noted)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

RioCan Real Estate Investment Trust and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the Trust or RioCan) own, operate and develop one of Canada's largest portfolios of retail-focused properties. The parent trust, RioCan Real Estate Investment Trust, is an unincorporated closed-end trust governed under the laws of the Province of Ontario, Canada, and constituted pursuant to a Declaration of Trust (Declaration) dated November 30, 1993, as most recently amended and restated on June 2, 2020. The Trust's corporate headquarters and registered head office are located at the RioCan Yonge Eglinton Centre, 2300 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

RioCan's trust units (Units) are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX) under the ticker symbol REI.UN.

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements (Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements) were authorized for issue by RioCan's Audit Committee on August 4, 2026.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

RioCan's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), additional disclosures are required in annual financial statements and, therefore, these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes should be read in conjunction with the notes to the Trust's audited annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 (2025 Annual Financial Statements) as set out on pages 112 to 167 of the 2025 Annual Report.

2.2 Basis of presentation

The material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Trust's 2025 Annual Financial Statements, except as noted below in section 2.4.

2.3 Use of estimates and assumptions

The preparation of RioCan's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, net income and related disclosures over the following reporting period. Estimates made by management are based on events and circumstances and the latest reliable information available to management that existed as at the consolidated balance sheets dates. Accordingly, actual results may differ from these estimates.

2.4 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments

The Trust has adopted Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, *Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments* effective January 1, 2026. The amendments clarify the requirements related to the date of recognition and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities, including clarifying that a financial liability is derecognized on the settlement date. In addition, the amendments clarify the classification of financial assets with features linked to environmental, social and corporate governance. The amendments also require additional disclosures for financial instruments with contingent features and investments in equity instruments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income. The adoption of the amendments did not have a material impact on the Trust's consolidated financial statements.

2.5 Future changes in accounting policies

IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

The IASB has issued IFRS 18, *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements*, which focuses on updates to the statement of profit or loss, including specified totals and subtotals. The key new concepts introduced in IFRS 18 relate to:

- The structure of the statement of profit or loss into one of five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations, whereof the first three are new;
- Required disclosures in the financial statements for certain profit or loss performance measures that are reported outside an entity's financial statements (that is, management-defined performance measures); and
- Enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation, which apply to the primary financial statements and notes in general.

In addition, narrow-scope amendments have been made to IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*, which includes changing the starting point for determining cash flows from operations under the indirect method from "profit or loss" to "operating profit or loss" and removing the optionality around classification of cash flows from dividends and interest. In addition, there are consequential amendments to several other standards.

IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. Many of the other existing principles in IAS 1 are retained, with limited changes. IFRS 18 may change what an entity reports as its "operating profit or loss". IFRS 18 will apply for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027 and also applies to comparative information. Management is currently assessing the impact of this standard.

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2026 AND 2025

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, tabular amounts in thousands, except per unit amounts or unless otherwise noted)

3. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As at		June 30, 2026		December 31, 2025
Income producing properties (IPP)	\$	13,056,845	\$	13,044,829
Properties under development (PUD)		548,200		584,130
	\$	13,605,045	\$	13,628,959

		Six months ended June 30, 2026			Year ended December 31, 2025
		Income producing properties	Properties under development	Total (iii)	Total (iii)
Balance, beginning of period	\$	13,091,329	\$ 584,130	\$ 13,675,459	\$ 13,855,861
Acquisitions		130,684	14,672	145,356	209,574
Dispositions		(280,474)	—	(280,474)	(516,469)
Development expenditures		—	44,573	44,573	137,309
Capital expenditures:					
Recoverable and non-recoverable expenditures		7,151	—	7,151	25,524
Leasing commissions and tenant improvements		32,959	—	32,959	61,366
Transfers, net (i)		85,505	(85,505)	—	—
Transfers from residential inventory		—	—	—	26,001
Fair value gain (loss), net		85,172	(9,670)	75,502	(137,359)
Straight-line rent (ii)		6,796	—	6,796	9,216
Transfers to finance lease receivables		(1,392)	—	(1,392)	(3,127)
Transfer from equity-accounted investment		—	—	—	3,733
Other changes		1,115	—	1,115	3,859
Earn-out consideration		—	—	—	(29)
Balance, end of period	\$	13,158,845	\$ 548,200	\$ 13,707,045	\$ 13,675,459
Investment properties	\$	13,056,845	\$ 548,200	\$ 13,605,045	\$ 13,628,959
Properties held for sale		102,000	—	102,000	46,500
	\$	13,158,845	\$ 548,200	\$ 13,707,045	\$ 13,675,459

- (i) During the six months ended June 30, 2026, transfers from PUD to IPP totalled \$92.2 million, reflecting completed developments. Transfers from IPP to PUD totalled \$6.7 million, reflecting the commencement of active development on certain IPP during the period.
- (ii) Included in investment properties is \$145.9 million of net rents receivable arising from the recognition of rental revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term (December 31, 2025 - \$139.2 million).
- (iii) Included in investment properties are seven properties held as right-of-use (ROU) assets as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - seven properties).

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Acquisitions

The following table summarizes the Trust's acquisitions of properties:

	Income producing properties		Properties under development	
Six months ended June 30	2026	2025	2026	2025
Properties acquired during the period:				
Total consideration	\$ 130,684	\$ 125,708	\$ 14,672	\$ 53,851
Debt assumed	(95,920)	—	—	(34,084)
Purchase price payable	—	—	—	(3,673)
Total consideration, net of purchase price payable and debt assumed	\$ 34,764	\$ 125,708	\$ 14,672	\$ 16,094

Investment properties acquisitions

Property name and location	Date acquired	Interest acquired	IPP purchase price (i)	PUD purchase price (i)	Debt assumed
Q2 2026 - No Acquisitions					
Q1 2026					
Georgian Mall, Barrie, ON (ii)	January 5	50.0 %	\$ 79,979	\$ 1,147	\$ 52,969
Oakville Place, Oakville, ON (ii)	January 5	50.0 %	50,705	13,525	42,951
			\$ 130,684	\$ 14,672	\$ 95,920
Total acquisitions for the six months ended June 30, 2026			\$ 130,684	\$ 14,672	\$ 95,920

(i) Purchase price includes transaction costs.

(ii) Purchase price for Georgian Mall and Oakville Place is net of available cash on hand, plus allocated receivership and transaction costs. Consideration for Georgian Mall includes settling the \$26.0 million mezzanine loan balance outstanding against the purchase price through a credit bid and the assumption of existing debt of \$53.0 million, while Oakville Place includes \$20.0 million in cash proceeds and the assumption of existing debt of \$43.0 million. Refer to Note 4 for further details.

Purchase obligations

The Trust has entered into a firm purchase obligation to purchase its partner's interest in the retail and residential rental components of Queen & Ashbridge upon stabilization, currently estimated to be during 2027, at the greater of pre-determined capitalization rates of 4.75% and 4.15%, respectively, or total cost plus 5%.

The forward purchase agreement for Bellevue Phase Three was terminated on June 30, 2026.

Dispositions

The following table summarizes the Trust's dispositions of investment properties:

	Income producing properties		Properties under development	
Six months ended June 30	2026	2025	2026	2025
Total consideration	\$ 280,474	\$ 52,950	\$ —	\$ —
Mortgages associated with investment property dispositions	(216,714)	—	—	—
VTB mortgages receivable on dispositions	(10,000)	(850)	—	—
Total consideration, net of related debt	\$ 53,760	\$ 52,100	\$ —	\$ —

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Investment properties dispositions

Property name and location	Date disposed	Interest disposed	IPP sales proceeds	PUD sales proceeds
Q2 2026				
Bellevue Apartments - Phase One and Two, Montreal, QC	June 30	100.0 %	\$ 45,985	\$ —
FourFifty The Well, Toronto, ON (i)	June 25	50.0 %	187,989	—
			\$ 233,974	\$ —
Q1 2026				
The Underwood Apartments, Calgary, AB (i) (ii)	March 31	50.0 %	\$ 46,500	\$ —
			\$ 46,500	\$ —
Total dispositions for the six months ended June 30, 2026			\$ 280,474	\$ —

(i) RioCan disposed its remaining ownership interest in these properties.

(ii) RioCan provided a VTB mortgage of \$10.0 million.

Properties held for sale

Presented below are details of the Trust's properties held for sale:

As at	June 30, 2026		December 31, 2025	
Assets				
Income producing properties	\$	102,000	\$	46,500
Total assets held for sale	\$	102,000	\$	46,500
Liabilities				
Mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale	\$	75,594	\$	28,343
Total mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale		75,594		28,343
Net assets	\$	26,406	\$	18,157

As at June 30, 2026, RioCan has two investment properties held for sale with a carrying value of \$102.0 million (December 31, 2025 - RioCan had one investment property held for sale with a carrying value of \$46.5 million).

Valuation methodology

The majority of the Trust's portfolio is valued using the direct capitalization income approach. This methodology uses inputs, which include capitalization rate, stabilized net operating income (SNOI), and, if applicable, cost-to-complete, that are considered Level 3 because significant unobservable inputs are required to determine fair value.

As at June 30, 2026, the weighted average capitalization rate for the Trust's investment properties and properties held for sale is 5.51% (December 31, 2025 - 5.45%). The carrying value of the Trust's investment properties reflects its best estimate for the highest and best use as at June 30, 2026.

Sensitivity analysis of changes in SNOI, capitalization rates and costs to complete

A 0.25% increase in capitalization rate would result in a lower portfolio fair value of \$589.6 million. A 0.25% decrease in capitalization rate would result in a higher portfolio fair value of \$650.5 million. In addition, a 1% increase in SNOI would result in a higher portfolio fair value of \$132.7 million. A 1% decrease in SNOI would result in a lower portfolio fair value of \$131.6 million. A 1% increase in SNOI coupled with a 0.25% decrease in capitalization rates would result in a higher portfolio fair value of \$788.3 million. A 1% decrease in SNOI coupled with a 0.25% increase in capitalization rates would result in a lower portfolio fair value of \$716.7 million. A 1% increase in costs to complete for the properties under development would result in a lower portfolio fair value of \$1.5 million, and a 1% decrease in costs to complete for the properties under development properties would result in a higher portfolio fair value of \$1.5 million.

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4. EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTMENTS

Equity-accounted investments

The composition of the Trust's equity-accounted investments at June 30, 2026 remained consistent with December 31, 2025, except for its investment in RC-HBC LP and RC Yorkville LP. On March 31, 2026, RioCan ceased equity accounting for RC-HBC LP and reclassified the investment to be measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). Refer to the *RC-HBC LP* section below for further details. On May 12, 2026, RioCan disposed its remaining interest in class B Units of RC Yorkville LP. Refer to the *RC-Yorkville LP* section below for further details.

The following table shows the changes in the aggregate carrying value of RioCan's investment in associates and joint ventures:

	Six months ended June 30, 2026	Year ended December 31, 2025
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 159,596	\$ 408,588
Contributions to equity-accounted investments	1,885	7,486
Distributions	(3,060)	(6,447)
Disposition of units	(2,200)	—
Total cash flow activities	\$ (3,375)	\$ 1,039
Distribution in kind	—	(3,733)
Discontinuation of equity-accounted investment	—	(10,262)
Share of net loss from equity-accounted investments and loss on disposition of units and impairments (i)	(843)	(236,934)
Other comprehensive income from equity-accounted investments	41	340
Other	417	558
Balance, end of period (ii)	\$ 155,836	\$ 159,596

(i)

	Six months ended June 30, 2026	Year ended December 31, 2025
Share of net income (loss) from equity-accounted investments		
RC-HBC LP gross fair value losses on investment properties	\$ (31,480)	\$ (245,796)
Unrecognized share of RC-HBC LP losses in excess of RioCan's carrying value	31,508	50,211
RC-HBC LP net fair value gains (losses) on investment properties	\$ 28	\$ (195,585)
RC-HBC LP write-off of straight-line rent receivable and expected credit losses on finance lease receivables	—	(47,971)
RC-HBC LP transaction gains	—	550
RC-HBC LP income from operations	72	3,891
Other equity-accounted investments	1,940	10,660
Share of net income (loss) from equity-accounted investments	\$ 2,040	\$ (228,455)
Impairment loss on RC-HBC LP	—	(8,479)
Loss on disposition of units in RC Yorkville LP	(2,883)	—
Share of net loss from equity-accounted investments and loss on disposition of units and impairments	\$ (843)	\$ (236,934)

(ii) In addition to its net equity in equity-accounted investments, RioCan has guaranteed certain debt in proportion to its ownership interest within equity-accounted investments to third-party lenders in the aggregate amount of \$72.1 million (December 31, 2025 - \$123.9 million). RC-HBC LP ceased to be an equity-accounted investment at March 31, 2026 and as at June 30, 2026, there are no outstanding guarantee obligations related to RC-HBC LP.

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Financial results of equity-accounted investees

The following tables present the financial results of RioCan's equity-accounted investees on a 100% basis:

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
	RC-HBC LP (iii)	Other (i)	Total	RC-HBC LP (iii)	Other (i)	Total
Current assets	\$ —	\$ 1,054,662	\$ 1,054,662	\$ 150,201	\$ 1,335,600	\$ 1,485,801
Non-current assets	—	88,138	88,138	397,633	92,515	490,148
Current liabilities	—	369,648	369,648	764,953	556,102	1,321,055
Non-current liabilities	—	241,647	241,647	9,833	335,398	345,231
Net assets	\$ —	\$ 531,505	\$ 531,505	\$ (226,952)	\$ 536,615	\$ 309,663
Equity-accounted investments	\$ —	\$ 155,836	\$ 155,836	\$ —	\$ 159,596	\$ 159,596

Three months ended June 30,	2026			2025		
	RC-HBC LP (iii)	Other	Total	RC-HBC LP (iii)	Other	Total
Revenue	\$ —	\$ 15,597	\$ 15,597	\$ 30,571	\$ 128,532	\$ 159,103
Operating expenses	—	(15,458)	(15,458)	(17,090)	(107,787)	(124,877)
Fair value (losses) gains	—	806	806	(7,828)	739	(7,089)
Provision for expected credit losses on finance lease receivables	—	—	—	(700)	—	(700)
Interest expense	—	(1,016)	(1,016)	(11,180)	(114)	(11,294)
Net income (loss)	\$ —	\$ (71)	\$ (71)	\$ (6,227)	\$ 21,370	\$ 15,143
Income (loss) from equity-accounted investments (ii)	\$ —	\$ (2,660)	\$ (2,660)	\$ (1,370)	\$ 6,179	\$ 4,809

Six months ended June 30,	2026			2025		
	RC-HBC LP (iii)	Other	Total	RC-HBC LP (iii)	Other	Total
Revenue	\$ 567	\$ 35,485	\$ 36,052	\$ 67,191	\$ 182,984	\$ 250,175
Operating expenses	(178)	(30,167)	(30,345)	(27,958)	(152,146)	(180,104)
Fair value (losses) gains	(143,181)	952	(142,229)	(701,650)	735	(700,915)
Write-off of straight-line rent receivable	—	—	—	(105,959)	—	(105,959)
Provision for expected credit losses on finance lease receivables	—	—	—	(112,208)	—	(112,208)
Interest expense	(58)	(4,592)	(4,650)	(25,629)	(223)	(25,852)
Net income (loss)	\$ (142,850)	\$ 1,678	\$ (141,172)	\$ (906,213)	\$ 31,350	\$ (874,863)
Income (loss) from equity-accounted investments (ii)	\$ 100	\$ (943)	\$ (843)	\$ (207,724)	\$ 8,467	\$ (199,257)

- (i) As at June 30, 2026, total current assets include \$0.9 billion of residential inventory (December 31, 2025 - \$1.0 billion), for which the expected completion and sale may be greater than 12 months. As at June 30, 2026, total current liabilities include \$0.3 billion of mortgages payable and other loans (December 31, 2025 - \$0.4 billion) and total non-current liabilities include \$176.5 million of mortgages payable and lines of credit with maturities beyond 12 months (December 31, 2025 - \$272.0 million).
- (ii) The three months ended June 30, 2026 includes the loss on disposition of units in RC Yorkville LP of \$2.9 million (three months ended June 30, 2025 - \$nil). The six months ended June 30, 2026 includes loss on disposition of units in RC Yorkville LP of \$2.9 million (six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$8.5 million impairment losses on RC-HBC LP).
- (iii) During the year ended December 31, 2025, RioCan's share of cumulative losses from the RC-HBC LP exceeded its carrying amount, as a result, RioCan has ceased recognizing further losses on its net investment in the RC-HBC LP. On March 31, 2026, RioCan ceased to account for the RC-HBC LP as an equity-accounted investment, and the investment was reclassified to an investment measured at FVTPL. Refer to *RC-HBC LP* section below for more details.

RC-HBC LP

On June 3, 2025, RC-HBC LP was transitioned into a court-approved receivership (the Receivership Proceedings), due to its primary tenant, HBC and certain of its affiliates, entering CCAA protection on March 7, 2025 (the CCAA Proceedings). RC-HBC LP was reclassified from joint venture to an associate, as RioCan no longer had joint-control over RC-HBC LP, but was working with the receiver, in coordination with certain other stakeholders, to advance and execute solutions for RC-HBC LP's properties for the benefit of stakeholders.

On March 31, 2026, RioCan ceased to account for the RC-HBC LP as an equity-accounted investment, and the investment was reclassified to an investment measured at FVTPL, as the third-party lenders are working with the receiver to sell the remaining sole-tenanted properties in the RC-HBC LP. At reclassification to FVTPL and as at June 30, 2026, the fair value of the investment was \$nil (December 31, 2025 - carrying value was \$nil). Refer to Note 23 for more details. As of June 30, 2026, there are two remaining sole-tenanted properties in RC-HBC LP.

Prior to reclassifying the investment in RC-HBC LP to an investment measured at FVTPL, the cumulative unrecognized share of losses was \$81.7 million, which included \$31.5 million of RC-HBC LP fair value losses not recognized from January 1, 2026 to March 31, 2026, from updated market assumptions or bid/sale prices, and the impact of disclaiming the Yorkdale leasehold.

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On January 5, 2026, RioCan purchased RC-HBC LP's 50% interest in Georgian Mall in Barrie, Ontario and Oakville Place in Oakville, Ontario for \$81.1 million and \$64.2 million, respectively, net of available cash on hand, plus allocated receivership and transaction costs. Consideration for Georgian Mall includes settling a \$26.0 million mezzanine loan balance outstanding through a credit bid and assuming existing debt of \$53.0 million, while Oakville Place includes \$20.0 million in cash proceeds and assuming existing debt of \$43.0 million.

As part of the Receivership Proceedings, RioCan has provided Debtor-In-Possession financing (DIP Loan) to RC-HBC LP. As at June 30, 2026, \$1.5 million remains outstanding, net of allowance for credit losses and effective interest rate adjustments, bearing a contractual interest rate of Prime + 6%, which ranks in priority to the security interests of all other loans in the RC-HBC LP. RioCan's \$15.8 million mezzanine loan receivable measured at amortized cost relating to Downtown Ottawa was fully provided for in the third quarter of 2025. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, RioCan has recorded a provision for credit losses of \$nil and \$3.4 million, respectively, for the loans receivable from RC-HBC LP. Total allowance for credit losses was \$19.9 million for DIP Loans and mezzanine loan as at June 30, 2026. Refer to Note 6 for more information.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the RC-HBC LP repaid \$20.0 million of RioCan's mortgage receivable related to the Yorkdale leasehold interest reducing the carrying value to \$32.9 million. This mortgage receivable is measured at FVTPL and the remaining fair value was written down to \$nil during the first quarter of 2026, as the Yorkdale leasehold was disclaimed by the RC-HBC LP in the quarter.

As at June 30, 2026, there are no outstanding guarantee obligations related to RC-HBC LP. The Downtown Ottawa property guarantee was called by the third-party lender during the first quarter of 2026 and \$13.1 million was settled on April 10, 2026. Refer to Note 6 and Note 12 for more information.

The remaining debt within RC-HBC LP is non-recourse to the Trust.

Prior to reclassifying the investment in RC-HBC LP to an investment measured at FVTPL, RioCan earned \$0.5 million in fees in respect of certain financing services, property management fees and other consulting fees provided to the RC-HBC LP from January 1, 2026 to March 31, 2026 (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$1.8 million and \$3.6 million, respectively).

RC Yorkville LP

On May 12, 2026, RioCan sold its remaining 25.0% interest in class B Units of RC Yorkville LP for proceeds of \$2.2 million, which resulted in a loss of \$2.9 million.

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5. RESIDENTIAL INVENTORY

Residential inventory consists of assets that are developed by RioCan for sale in the ordinary course of business. Where market conditions result in the carrying value exceeding net realizable value, a valuation allowance is made. Residential inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The impairment recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2026 reflects lower estimated gross proceeds for unsold units.

The following table shows the changes in the aggregate carrying value of RioCan's residential inventory:

	Six months ended June 30, 2026	Year ended December 31, 2025
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 236,745	\$ 284,050
Acquisitions	—	59,308
Repossession of units (i)	8,420	—
Discontinuation of equity-accounted investment accounting	—	10,680
Dispositions	(12,900)	(181,245)
Development expenditures (recovery)	(941)	86,478
Impairment	(4)	(1,160)
Transfers to investment properties	—	(21,366)
Balance, end of period	\$ 231,320	\$ 236,745

(i) Certain condominium units were repossessed to settle defaulted amounts due on condominium final closings. The units were recorded at the lower of the contractual amount due and fair value of the condominium unit at the time of repossession.

The following table provides details on residential inventory gains for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Residential inventory sales	\$ 5,615	\$ 66,333	\$ 16,583	\$ 121,275
Residential inventory cost of sales:				
Dispositions	4,902	45,538	12,900	86,048
Commission cost and other	152	2,313	563	4,122
Provision (recovery) for bad debts on amounts due on condominium final closings (i)	(954)	773	(1,053)	3,025
Impairment	26	—	4	—
Release of cost contingencies on completed projects	—	—	—	(11,214)
Residential inventory cost of sales	\$ 4,126	\$ 48,624	\$ 12,414	\$ 81,981
Net residential inventory gains	\$ 1,489	\$ 17,709	\$ 4,169	\$ 39,294

(i) Refer to Note 7 for further details.

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6. MORTGAGES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

As at		June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Classified as:			
Expected to be recovered in less than twelve months	\$	165,083	\$ 228,497
Expected to be recovered in more than twelve months		76,604	109,834
	\$	241,687	\$ 338,331
Mortgages and loans receivable measured at amortized cost (i)	\$	241,687	\$ 286,810
Mortgages and loans receivable measured at fair value through profit and loss (ii)		—	51,521
	\$	241,687	\$ 338,331

- (i) As at June 30, 2026, includes one secured mezzanine loan receivable and DIP Loan receivable measured at amortized cost from RC-HBC LP of \$1.5 million, net of allowance for credit losses of \$19.9 million (December 31, 2025 - two secured mezzanine loan receivables and DIP Loan receivable of \$34.8 million, net of allowance for credit losses of \$16.5 million). During the six months ended June 30, 2026, \$39.2 million of mezzanine loan and DIP Loan receivables were repaid (including \$0.5 million interest accrued and \$8.9 million advanced during 2026) and a \$3.4 million of provision for credit losses was recognized. Refer to Note 4.
- (ii) Includes one mortgage receivable from the RC-HBC LP related to the Yorkdale leasehold interest. During the three months ended March 31, 2026, \$20.0 million was repaid and a net fair value loss of \$32.9 million was recognized reducing the carrying value down to \$nil. Refer to Note 4.

As at June 30, 2026, mortgages and loans receivable are presented net of allowance for credit losses of \$19.9 million and bear interest at a weighted average effective and contractual rate of 8.02% and 7.37% per annum, respectively (December 31, 2025 - \$16.5 million allowance, 7.94% and 7.48%, respectively), and mature between 2026 and 2031. Mortgages and loans receivable are either directly or indirectly secured by real property, and as at June 30, 2026, \$79.5 million are full recourse to or guaranteed by the project/property sponsors.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust has provision for credit losses of \$nil and \$3.4 million, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$nil and \$nil, respectively). These provisions were recorded to Investment and other income (loss). The allowance for credit losses and provisions for credit losses at each period end and for the periods noted are for mortgages and loans receivable related to RC-HBC LP.

7. RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

The following table details the Trust's receivables and other assets as at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025:

As at		June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Prepaid expenses and other assets (i)	\$	136,941	\$ 93,155
Amounts due on condominium final closings		11,101	105,077
Net contractual rents and other tenant receivables		40,605	44,760
Finance lease receivables		38,836	42,068
Other receivables (ii)		30,028	33,518
Funds held in trust		13,048	20,643
Interest rate swap assets		395	—
	\$	270,954	\$ 339,221
Classified as:			
Expected to be recovered in less than twelve months	\$	134,337	\$ 208,521
Expected to be recovered in more than twelve months		136,617	130,700
	\$	270,954	\$ 339,221

- (i) Prepaid expenses and other assets primarily include other investments of \$75.2 million as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$64.2 million), prepaid property taxes, and office furniture and equipment.
- (ii) Other receivables primarily include fees and cost reimbursements receivable from partners, and disposition proceeds receivable.

Net contractual rents and other tenant receivables

Net contractual rents and other tenant receivables include common area maintenance (CAM), realty tax and insurance recoveries and are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$7.9 million as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$8.8 million).

The Trust accrued \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million net recovery of rent abatements and bad debts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - net provision of \$0.7 million and \$1.2 million, respectively). These recoveries (provisions) are recorded to non-recoverable operating costs.

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Amounts due on condominium final closings

Amounts due on condominium final closings are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts related to condominium final closings of \$0.5 million as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$3.3 million). The Trust recognized \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million net recovery of bad debts on amounts due on condominium final closings for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$0.8 million and \$3.0 million net provision, respectively). These provisions (recoveries) were recorded to residential inventory cost of sales.

The following table summarizes the Trust's movement in provision for bad debts on amounts due on condominium final closings:

	Six months ended June 30, 2026	Year ended December 31, 2025
Allowance for doubtful accounts on amounts due on condominium final closings, beginning of period	\$ 3,312	\$ —
Provision (recovery) for credit losses	(1,053)	3,312
Write-offs (i)	(1,777)	—
Allowance for doubtful accounts on amounts due on condominium final closings, end of period	\$ 482	\$ 3,312

(i) Represents the difference between the contractual amount due and the fair value of a condominium unit at the time of repossession of the condominium unit to settle a default, when the fair value is less than the contractual amount.

8. LEASES

As lessee - Real estate leases

Included in investment properties are seven properties held as ROU assets arising from land and/or building leases where RioCan is the lessee as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - seven properties).

As lessee, RioCan may lease a portion of a property (including access roads and parking lots) or the entire property (including land and building). The carrying value of total investment properties related to these leases, including the portions relating to RioCan's leasehold building interests, and certain other property or related property interests, and excluding sublease finance lease receivables (refer to Note 7), is \$117.2 million (December 31, 2025 - \$122.7 million). The corresponding lease liability in accounts payable and other liabilities is \$25.7 million (December 31, 2025 - \$26.5 million).

9. DEBENTURES PAYABLE

As at	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Classified as:		
Expected to be settled in less than twelve months	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000
Expected to be settled in more than twelve months	3,339,514	3,738,865
	\$ 3,939,514	\$ 4,338,865

As at June 30, 2026, total debentures payable bear interest at a weighted average contractual interest rate of 4.39% and a weighted average effective interest rate of 4.39% inclusive of bond forward hedges (December 31, 2025 - 4.15% and 4.16%, respectively).

Issuance activity

On March 11, 2026, RioCan issued \$200.0 million Series AQ senior unsecured debentures. These debentures were issued at a coupon rate of 4.308% per annum and will mature on March 11, 2033.

Redemption activity

On February 6, 2026, RioCan repaid, in full, its \$100.0 million 5.953% Series I senior unsecured debentures upon maturity.

On June 15, 2026, RioCan repaid, in full, its \$500.0 million 1.974% Series AD senior unsecured debentures upon maturity.

Covenant compliance

As at and during the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust is in compliance with its covenants pursuant to the Declaration and debenture indentures. Refer to Note 25 for further details.

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10. MORTGAGES PAYABLE

Mortgages payable, net of deferred financing costs, consist of the following:

As at	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Mortgages payable	\$ 1,869,708	\$ 2,184,306
Mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale	75,594	28,343
	\$ 1,945,302	\$ 2,212,649
Classified as:		
Expected to be settled in less than twelve months	\$ 54,364	\$ 243,763
Expected to be settled in more than twelve months	1,890,938	1,968,886
	\$ 1,945,302	\$ 2,212,649

As at June 30, 2026, total mortgages payable bear interest at a weighted average contractual interest rate of 3.87% and a weighted average effective interest rate of 3.73% inclusive of bond forward hedges (December 31, 2025 - 3.82% and 3.76%, respectively), and mature between 2027 and 2034.

For the six months ended June 30, 2026, RioCan completed total new term mortgage borrowings of \$44.1 million and renewals at maturity of \$12.5 million at a combined weighted average contractual interest rate of 3.80% and a weighted average term of 5.0 years, and assumed a \$53.0 million mortgage that remain outstanding at a contractual rate of 5.24% and remaining term of 3.15 years. During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust repaid \$200.1 million of mortgage balances and scheduled amortization, including a \$43.0 million of mortgage assumed and repaid upon assumption (refer to paragraph below), and \$216.7 million mortgage was assumed by the purchasers on the sale of investment properties.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, in connection with the Trust's acquisition of RC-HBC LP's 50% interest in two co-owned assets, the Trust repaid one mortgage in full (including RioCan's 50% interest in the mortgage) for \$85.9 million, while the remaining 50% interest in the other fixed-rate mortgage was assumed for \$53.0 million. As a result, the related technical defaults were resolved. Refer to Note 4 for more details.

Pledged properties

As at June 30, 2026, \$4.3 billion of the aggregate carrying value of investment properties, assets held for sale, residential inventory and certain other assets serves as security for RioCan's mortgages payable (December 31, 2025 - \$4.8 billion).

11. LINES OF CREDIT AND OTHER BANK LOANS

The Trust's revolving unsecured operating line of credit and secured construction lines and other bank loans, net of deferred financing costs, are as follows:

As at	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Revolving unsecured operating line of credit (i)	\$ 621,169	\$ (1,633)
Non-revolving unsecured credit facilities	399,210	399,097
Construction lines and other bank loans	86,500	203,730
	\$ 1,106,879	\$ 601,194
Classified as:		
Expected to be settled in less than twelve months	\$ 23,500	\$ 134,264
Expected to be settled in more than twelve months	1,083,379	466,930
	\$ 1,106,879	\$ 601,194

(i) There are no drawn amounts as at December 31, 2025. Balance represents unamortized deferred financing costs.

Revolving unsecured operating line of credit

As at June 30, 2026, RioCan has a \$623.0 million drawn balance, and \$627.0 million of credit is available to be drawn from this revolving unsecured operating line of credit (December 31, 2025 - \$nil and \$1,250.0 million, respectively). The weighted average contractual interest rate on amounts drawn under this facility is 4.05% as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - nil).

During the three months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust extended the maturity date on its operating line of credit to May 31, 2031. All other terms and conditions remained the same.

Non-revolving unsecured credit facilities

As at June 30, 2026, the Trust has a \$200.0 million non-revolving unsecured credit facility with two Schedule I financial institutions, with a floating interest rate of 4.01% as at June 30, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - 3.92%) and maturity date of October 1, 2030.

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In addition, the Trust has a \$200.0 million non-revolving unsecured credit facility with two Schedule I financial institutions, with a weighted average all-in fixed interest rate of 4.47% (December 31, 2025 - all-in fixed interest rate of 4.47%) through interest rate swaps and maturity date of January 31, 2030.

As at June 30, 2026, all of the Trust's non-revolving unsecured credit facilities are fully drawn. The underlying spreads for the revolving unsecured operating line of credit and the non-revolving unsecured credit facilities are based on the Trust's credit ratings. The revolving unsecured operating line of credit and the non-revolving unsecured credit facilities agreements require the Trust to maintain certain financial covenants. Refer to Note 25 for additional details.

Construction lines and other bank loans

In addition to the revolving unsecured operating line of credit and non-revolving unsecured credit facilities, the Trust has secured credit facilities and other bank loans, which include fixed rate and variable rate non-revolving secured construction and acquisition facilities for the funding of certain development properties. As at June 30, 2026, these facilities have drawn balances of \$86.5 million (December 31, 2025 - \$203.7 million), with an aggregate maximum borrowing capacity of \$86.5 million (December 31, 2025 - \$224.5 million) and maturity dates between July 2026 to March 2033. The weighted average contractual interest rate on amounts outstanding is 3.50% (December 31, 2025 - 3.97%).

12. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES

As at	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Property operating costs (i)	\$ 146,313	\$ 140,680
Development expenditures	62,020	72,893
Deferred revenue	51,602	55,343
Capital expenditures and leasing commissions on income producing properties	66,747	53,654
Interest payable	53,677	54,259
Contingent consideration (ii)	42,814	42,814
Guarantee liability	—	12,449
Unitholder distributions payable	28,067	28,338
Lease liability	25,677	26,536
Other payables and accruals (iii)	18,500	87,579
Unfunded employee future benefits	9,016	9,150
Interest rate swap agreements	170	726
	\$ 504,603	\$ 584,421
Classified as:		
Expected to be settled in less than twelve months	\$ 369,514	\$ 449,933
Expected to be settled in more than twelve months	135,089	134,488
	\$ 504,603	\$ 584,421

(i) Includes amounts billed in advance for CAM, realty taxes and insurance recoveries.

(ii) Contingent consideration includes \$40.9 million density payment accrual pertaining to a property acquired in 2024, anticipated to be paid in the fourth quarter of 2027.

(iii) Balance at December 31, 2025 included a \$56.9 million payable settled on January 23, 2026 for the acquisition of a mortgage receivable.

Guarantee liability

The following table shows the change in guarantee liability:

	Six months ended June 30, 2026	Year ended December 31, 2025
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 12,449	\$ —
Provision for guarantee losses	633	37,819
Guarantee losses settled (i)	(13,082)	(25,370)
Balance, end of period	\$ —	\$ 12,449

(i) During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the settlement was related to RC-HBC LP Ottawa mortgage. During the year ended December 31, 2025, settlement was related to acquiring the mortgage receivable for RC-HBC LP Yorkdale property. Refer to Note 4, Note 21 and Note 29 for additional information.

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13. UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY

Trust Units

The Trust is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Units. The Units are entitled to distributions, as and when declared by the Board (and upon liquidation), and to a pro-rata share of the residual net assets remaining after the preferential claims, thereon, of debt holders and preferred Unitholders. As the Trust is a closed-end trust, the Units are not puttable.

The following represents the number of Units issued and outstanding, and the related carrying value of Unitholders' equity, for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

Six months ended June 30,	2026		2025	
	Units	\$	Units	\$
Balance, beginning of period	293,694	\$ 4,460,652	300,469	\$ 4,560,361
Units issued:				
Unit-based compensation exercises, net of Units repurchased for settlement of Unit exercises	—	1,880	—	2,718
Direct purchase plan	3	68	5	87
Units repurchased and cancelled	(2,581)	(39,196)	(5,559)	(84,395)
Balance, end of period	291,116	\$ 4,423,404	294,915	\$ 4,478,771

Included in Units outstanding as at June 30, 2026 are exchangeable limited partnership Units totalling 0.5 million (June 30, 2025 - 0.5 million Units) of three limited partnerships that are subsidiaries of the Trust (the LP Units), which were issued to vendors as partial consideration for income producing properties acquired by RioCan. RioCan is the general partner of the limited partnerships. The LP Units are entitled to distributions equivalent to distributions on RioCan Units and are exchangeable for RioCan Units on a one-for-one basis at any time at the option of the holder.

Normal course issuer bid (NCIB)

On November 10, 2025, RioCan announced that it received TSX approval to review its NCIB (the 2025/2026 NCIB), to acquire up to a maximum of 29,319,995 Units, or approximately 10% of the public float as at October 31, 2025, for cancellation or to satisfy RioCan's obligation to deliver Units under the Restricted Equity Unit (REU) and Performance Equity Unit (PEU) Plans, over the next 12 months, effective November 12, 2025.

RioCan also has an automatic securities purchase plan (ASPP) in connection with the above-noted NCIB, which allows RioCan's designated broker to purchase Units during blackout periods, subject to periodically pre-established parameters, in accordance with TSX rules and applicable securities laws.

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust purchased and cancelled 2,580,749 Units at a weighted average price of \$19.51 per unit for a total cost, including \$1.0 million of estimated equity unit repurchase tax, of \$51.4 million. These purchases were made pursuant to the Trust's NCIBs and the ASPP adopted in connection with these NCIBs.

Contributed surplus

Awards under the REU and PEU Plans of RioCan and its consolidated subsidiaries are settled by the delivery of Units purchased on the secondary market, net of applicable withholdings as further described in Note 14. The fair values of these equity-settled awards are recognized as an expense over the vesting period with a corresponding increase to contributed surplus, which is presented as a separate component of total Unitholders' equity.

For the six months ended June 30, 2026, RioCan recorded \$6.9 million in unit-based compensation costs (six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$6.7 million).

Accumulated other comprehensive income

Accumulated other comprehensive income as at and for the six months ended June 30, 2026 consists of the following amounts:

	Actuarial loss on pension plan	Interest rate swap agreements (hedge reserve)	Equity-accounted investments	Bond forward agreement (hedge reserve)	Total
As at December 31, 2025	\$ (773)	\$ (237)	\$ (41)	\$ 22,528	\$ 21,477
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	951	41	(3,675)	(2,683)
As at June 30, 2026	\$ (773)	\$ 714	\$ —	\$ 18,853	\$ 18,794

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14. UNIT-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

Restricted Equity Unit Plans (REU Plans)

Senior Executive REU Plan

As at June 30, 2026, 499,326 Senior Executive REUs are outstanding (December 31, 2025 - 487,687), of which 4,468 are vested (December 31, 2025 - 103,494).

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust granted 147,734 REUs under its Senior Executive REU Plan. The weighted average grant date price was \$19.62 per unit, with each grant price based on the five-day volume weighted average market price of RioCan's Units traded on the TSX prior to the grant date, resulting in an aggregate fair value of \$2.9 million.

Employee REU Plan

As at June 30, 2026, 856,432 Employee REUs are outstanding (December 31, 2025 - 762,230).

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust granted 307,648 REUs under its Employee REU Plan. The weighted average grant date price was \$19.62 per unit, with each grant price based on the five-day volume weighted average market price of RioCan's Units traded on the TSX prior to the grant date, resulting in an aggregate fair value of \$6.0 million.

Performance Equity Unit Plan (PEU Plan)

As at June 30, 2026, 578,852 PEUs are unvested and outstanding (December 31, 2025 - 516,485).

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust granted 196,704 PEUs under its PEU Plan at a fair value of \$4.2 million.

The grant date fair value assumptions using a Monte-Carlo simulation model are as follows:

Six months ended June 30,	2026
Fair value of PEUs granted (in thousands)	\$ 4,170
PEUs granted	196,704
Weighted average grant date fair value per unit	\$ 21.20
Weighted average expected risk-free interest rate (i)	2.4%
Weighted average expected unit price volatility (ii)	18.2%
Weighted average initial total Unitholder return (iii)	7.9%

- (i) Derived using the yield on Government of Canada benchmark bonds with an average term similar to the PEUs vesting period.
- (ii) Expected unit price volatility is calculated based on the average of the actual daily closing price of RioCan's trust Units measured over a three-year historical period up to the grant date.
- (iii) PEUs are subject to certain internal and external measures of performance. The PEUs will vest based on the following performance metrics: 40% is subject to an internal performance hurdle over three-year funds from operations per unit growth, 40% is subject to a relative total Unitholder return (TUR) performance hurdle over a three-year performance period where vesting is dependent upon RioCan's TUR performance relative to a comparative group of peer companies, 10% is subject to an internal performance hurdle over three-year cumulative average net asset value per Unit growth and 10% is subject to an internal hurdle on achievement of BOMA Best/LEED certification or equivalent.
- The initial TUR performance has incorporated actual historical TUR performance for RioCan and each entity in the comparator group over the period from January 1, 2026 to February 26, 2026 for the February grant.

Units Purchased for Settlement

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, RioCan purchased 8,797 and 216,040 Units at an average price of \$22.23 and \$19.40, respectively, for satisfying RioCan's existing obligations under the REU and PEU Plans (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - 14,826 and 184,582 Units at an average price of \$17.70 and \$19.39, respectively).

Incentive Unit Option Plan

The Trust provides long-term incentives to certain employees by granting options through the Incentive Unit Option Plan (the Plan). RioCan is authorized to issue up to a maximum of 22 million Unit options under the Plan. As at June 30, 2026, 17.2 million Unit options remain available to be granted under the Plan (December 31, 2025 - 16.0 million Unit options). Pursuant to the Board resolution in October 2021, the Board has committed to no longer issue Unit options as part of RioCan's long-term incentive plan or as special awards.

The following summarizes the changes in Unit options outstanding during the three and six months ended June 30, 2026:

Options	Three months ended June 30, 2026		Six months ended June 30, 2026	
	Units (in thousands)	Weighted average exercise price	Units (in thousands)	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding, beginning of period	1,900	\$ 20.97	3,066	\$ 22.80
Expired	—	—	(1,166)	25.78
Outstanding, end of period	1,900	\$ 20.97	1,900	\$ 20.97
Options exercisable at end of period	1,900	\$ 20.97	1,900	\$ 20.97

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Trustee Unit Plan

Deferred Unit Plan

As at June 30, 2026, 827,460 deferred Units are vested and outstanding (December 31, 2025 - 750,056). Deferred Units will be redeemed and settled by the issuance of Units on or after the date on which the Trustee ceases to be a Trustee, provided any such redemption date is not later than two years following the date the participant ceases to be a Trustee.

During the three months ended June 30, 2026, 47,946 deferred Units were granted at a weighted average grant price of \$22.19 per unit, resulting in an aggregate fair value of \$1.1 million, and no deferred Units were exercised (three months ended June 30, 2025 - 68,605 deferred Units granted and no deferred Units exercised).

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, 55,500 deferred Units were granted at weighted average grant price of \$21.77 per unit, resulting in an aggregate fair value of \$1.2 million, and no deferred Units were exercised (six months ended June 30, 2025 - 77,307 deferred Units granted and no deferred Units exercised).

Each weighted average grant price is based on the five-day volume weighted average market price of RioCan's Units traded on the TSX prior to each grant date.

15. DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS

Total distributions declared to Unitholders are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Distributions declared to Unitholders	\$ 84,278	\$ 85,601	\$ 168,534	\$ 170,460
Distributions per unit	\$ 0.2895	\$ 0.2895	\$ 0.5790	\$ 0.5750

On July 15, 2026, RioCan declared a distribution payable of \$0.0965 per unit for the month of July 2026, which will be paid on August 10, 2026 to Unitholders of record as at July 31, 2026.

16. REVENUE

Rental revenue

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Base rent	\$ 183,564	\$ 184,535	\$ 367,947	\$ 362,943
Realty tax and insurance recoveries	55,774	53,912	112,557	107,617
CAM	48,479	47,295	109,090	104,090
Percentage rent	1,695	1,613	2,600	3,193
Straight-line rent	4,761	2,164	6,796	4,403
Lease cancellation fees	480	117	2,184	2,324
Parking revenue	2,049	1,618	3,889	3,425
Rental revenue	\$ 296,802	\$ 291,254	\$ 605,063	\$ 587,995

The following tables provide additional disclosure of the Trust's various revenue streams:

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers includes CAM recoveries and parking revenue that are included in rental revenue:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Residential inventory sales	\$ 5,615	\$ 66,333	\$ 16,583	\$ 121,275
CAM	48,479	47,295	109,090	104,090
Property management and other service fees	1,938	4,067	5,015	8,215
Parking revenue	2,049	1,618	3,889	3,425
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 58,081	\$ 119,313	\$ 134,577	\$ 237,005

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Property management and other service fees

Property management and other service fees consist of the following:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Property management fees (i)	\$ 1,222	\$ 1,015	\$ 2,291	\$ 2,029
Construction and development fees (i)	340	553	1,505	1,114
Leasing fees (ii)	101	144	307	280
Financing fees (iii)	46	1,950	310	3,985
Other (iv)	229	405	602	807
Property management and other service fees	\$ 1,938	\$ 4,067	\$ 5,015	\$ 8,215

(i) Recognized over time.

(ii) Recognized at a point in time.

(iii) During the three months ended June 30, 2026, \$nil was recognized at a point in time and all were recognized over time (three months ended June 30, 2025 - \$nil and \$2.0 million, respectively). During the six months ended June 30, 2026, no financing fees were recognized at a point in time and \$0.3 million was recognized over time (six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$nil and \$4.0 million, respectively).

(iv) During the three months ended June 30, 2026, \$nil was recognized at a point in time and \$0.2 million was recognized over time (three months ended June 30, 2025 - \$nil and \$0.4 million, respectively). During the six months ended June 30, 2026, \$nil was recognized at a point in time and \$0.6 million was recognized over time (six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$nil and \$0.8 million, respectively).

17. INVESTMENT AND OTHER INCOME (LOSS)

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Transaction gains (losses) and other income (losses), net	\$ (4,588)	\$ 1,155	\$ (4,312)	\$ 3,579
Provision for credit losses on mortgage and loans receivable (i)	—	—	(3,390)	—
Fair value loss on loans receivable (i)	—	—	(32,912)	—
	\$ (4,588)	\$ 1,155	\$ (40,614)	\$ 3,579

(i) Refer to Note 4 and Note 6 for additional information.

18. INTEREST INCOME

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Interest income from mortgages and loans receivable	\$ 5,118	\$ 8,212	\$ 10,647	\$ 17,997
Other interest income (i)	2,115	1,459	4,610	3,076
	\$ 7,233	\$ 9,671	\$ 15,257	\$ 21,073

(i) Includes interest from finance subleases of \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$0.6 million and \$1.3 million, respectively).

19. INTEREST COSTS

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Total interest (i)	\$ 75,049	\$ 76,937	\$ 151,201	\$ 150,832
Less: Interest capitalized	(3,906)	(6,948)	(8,149)	(14,163)
	\$ 71,143	\$ 69,989	\$ 143,052	\$ 136,669

(i) Includes interest from lease liabilities of \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million, respectively).

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, interest was capitalized to properties under development and residential inventory at a weighted average effective interest rate of 4.05% and 4.05%, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - 4.16% and 4.17%, respectively).

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20. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Non-recoverable salaries and benefits, net	\$ 5,597	\$ 4,939	\$ 13,001	\$ 9,832
Unit-based compensation expense	2,338	1,526	3,702	3,489
Depreciation and amortization	400	314	793	629
Other general and administrative expenses (i)	3,537	4,567	6,314	7,789
G&A expense before Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) implementation / IT transformation costs	11,872	11,346	23,810	21,739
ERP implementation and IT transformation costs (ii)	952	—	1,307	—
Total G&A expense	\$ 12,824	\$ 11,346	\$ 25,117	\$ 21,739

- (i) Other general and administrative expenses include information technology costs, public company costs, professional fees, travel expenses, occupancy costs, donations, advertising, promotion and marketing costs.
- (ii) ERP implementation and IT transformation costs include salaries and benefits, and consultant and licensing costs. IT transformation costs include certain IT initiatives related to new ERP modules and the implementation of a data management strategy.

21. TRANSACTION AND OTHER COSTS

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, transaction and other costs were \$3.0 million and \$5.6 million, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$1.6 million and \$2.5 million, respectively), and includes \$nil and \$0.6 million provision for guarantee losses related to the RC-HBC LP (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - \$nil and \$nil, respectively). The remaining costs primarily include property disposition costs and marketing.

22. NET INCOME PER UNIT

Net income per basic and diluted Unit is calculated based on net income available to Unitholders divided by the weighted average number of Units outstanding taking into account the dilution effect of Unit options.

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Net income attributable to Unitholders	\$ 151,237	\$ 145,615	\$ 244,399	\$ 61,459
Weighted average number of Units outstanding (in thousands):				
Basic	291,117	296,093	291,313	296,873
Dilutive effect of Unit options (i)	188	—	137	—
Diluted	291,305	296,093	291,450	296,873
Net income per unit (basic)	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.21
Net income per unit (diluted)	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.21

- (i) The calculation of diluted weighted average number of Units outstanding excludes 0.8 million and 1.1 million Unit options for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2025 - 3.1 million and 3.4 million Unit options, respectively), as the exercise price of these Unit options was greater than the average market price of Units.

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23. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the consolidated balance sheets is as follows:

As at	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets measured at fair value:						
Other investments	\$ 2,037	\$ —	\$ 73,156	\$ 615	\$ —	\$ 63,538
Investment properties:						
Income producing properties	—	—	13,056,845	—	—	13,044,829
Properties under development	—	—	548,200	—	—	584,130
Properties held for sale	—	—	102,000	—	—	46,500
Mortgages and loans receivable	—	—	—	—	—	51,521
Interest rate swaps	—	395	—	—	—	—
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 2,037	\$ 395	\$ 13,780,201	\$ 615	\$ —	\$ 13,790,518
Liabilities measured at fair value:						
Interest rate swaps	—	170	—	—	726	—
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$ —	\$ 170	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 726	\$ —

For assets and liabilities measured at fair value as at June 30, 2026, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2026. For changes in fair value measurements of investment properties and properties held for sale included in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, refer to Note 3 for details on the changes in beginning and ending balances.

Fair value of financial instruments

The following presents the carrying values and fair values of the Trust's financial instruments, excluding those classified as amortized cost and whose carrying value reasonably approximates their fair value, and lease liabilities. Financial instruments that are classified as amortized cost and whose carrying value reasonably approximates their fair value include net contractual rents and other tenant receivables, amounts due on condominium final closings, funds held in trust, other receivables, accounts payable related to property operating costs, development expenditures, capital expenditures and leasing commissions, other trade payables and accruals, and deposits received from customers on residential inventory.

As at	June 30, 2026		December 31, 2025	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets:				
Other investments	\$ 75,193	\$ 75,193	\$ 64,153	\$ 64,153
Finance lease receivables	38,836	38,836	42,068	42,068
Mortgages and loans receivable measured at amortized cost	241,687	241,571	286,811	287,050
Mortgages and loans receivable measured at fair value through profit and loss	—	—	51,521	51,521
Interest rate swap assets	395	395	—	—
Financial liabilities:				
Debentures payable	\$ 3,939,514	\$ 4,029,307	\$ 4,338,865	\$ 4,443,037
Mortgages payable (i)	1,945,302	1,936,491	2,212,649	2,214,341
Lines of credit and other bank loans	1,106,879	1,107,552	601,194	601,400
Guarantee liability (ii)	—	—	12,449	12,449
Contingent consideration (iii)	42,814	42,814	42,814	42,814
Interest rate swap liabilities	170	170	726	726

- (i) Includes \$75.6 million in mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale (December 31, 2025 - \$28.3 million) .
(ii) Refer to Note 4, Note 21 and Note 29 for additional information.
(iii) Refer to Note 12 for more details.

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST

NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(In thousands of Canadian dollars, tabular amounts in thousands, except per unit amounts or unless otherwise noted)

The fair values of the Trust's financial instruments were determined as follows:

Other investments

Other investments primarily include an investment in a real estate debt investment fund for which fair value is determined based on the reported Net Asset Value, where the underlying assets are carried at fair value, provided by the investment fund manager and is considered a Level 3 input. RC-HBC LP ceased to be accounted for as an equity-accounted investment and was reclassified as an investment measured at FVTPL effective March 31, 2026. As at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2026, the fair value of the investment was \$nil. Refer to Note 4 for more details.

Finance lease receivables

The fair value of finance lease receivables is determined by the discounted cash flow method using applicable inputs such as prevailing discount rates. Fair value measurements of these instruments were estimated using Level 3 inputs.

Mortgages and loans receivable

The fair value of mortgages and loans receivable is determined by the discounted cash flow method using applicable inputs such as prevailing interest rates, contractual rates and discounts, and considers the fair value of the underlying collateral. Fair value measurements of these instruments were estimated using Level 3 inputs. The carrying values of short-term and variable rate loans generally approximate their fair values.

Debentures payable, mortgages payable, mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale, and lines of credit and other bank loans

The fair values of these instruments are estimates made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information. These estimates are based on quoted market prices for the same or similar issues or on the current rates offered to the Trust for similar financial instruments subject to similar risk and maturities. Fair value measurements of these instruments were estimated using Level 2 inputs. The carrying values of short-term and variable rate debt generally approximate their fair values.

Interest rate swaps

The fair values of the interest rate swaps reported in receivables and other assets and accounts payable and other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets represent estimates at a specific point in time using financial models based on interest rates that reflect current market conditions, the credit quality of counterparties and interest rate curves. Fair value measurements of these instruments were estimated using Level 2 inputs.

Guarantee liability

The fair value of guarantees is measured based on an assessment of the probability of default of the loan outstanding and the recoverable value of the underlying real estate collateral. The fair value measurement was estimated using Level 3 inputs.

Contingent consideration

The contingent consideration is measured at fair value based on management's assessment of the likelihood and timing of potential cash outflows. The fair value measurement was estimated using Level 3 inputs.

24. RISK MANAGEMENT

The main risks arising from the Trust's financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Trust's approach to managing these risks is summarized below.

Interest rate risk

The Trust is exposed to interest rate risk on its borrowings and could be adversely affected if it were unable to obtain cost-effective financing. The majority of the Trust's debt is financed at fixed rates with maturities staggered over a number of years, thereby mitigating its exposure to changes in interest rates and financing risks. As at June 30, 2026, approximately 12.7% (December 31, 2025 - 5.8%) of the Trust's debt is financed at variable rates (including mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale, if applicable, and excluding debt that has been hedged to fixed rates), exposing the Trust to interest rate risk.

From time to time, the Trust may enter into floating-for-fixed interest rate swaps as part of its strategy for managing its exposure to interest rate risk on debt with floating interest rates. The Trust may also enter into bond forward contracts to hedge its exposure to movements in interest rates from the time it determines it will refinance or issue a fixed rate debt and the time the fixed rate debt is issued. The intent is to use the bond forwards to manage the change in cash flows of the future interest payments on the anticipated fixed rate debt.

As at June 30, 2026, the outstanding notional amount of the floating-for-fixed interest rate swaps is \$550.0 million (December 31, 2025 - \$570.0 million) and the term to maturity of these agreements ranges from March 2027 to January 2030.

As at June 30, 2026, the Trust did not have any unrealized bond forward contracts outstanding (December 31, 2025 - nil).

The Trust assessed the effectiveness of its continuing hedging relationships and determined all such designated hedging relationships are effective as at June 30, 2026. As at June 30, 2026, the fair value of the interest rate swaps is, in aggregate, a net financial asset of \$0.2 million (December 31, 2025 - net financial liability of \$0.7 million).

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As at June 30, 2026, the carrying value of the Trust's floating rate debt that is not subject to a hedging strategy is \$889.1 million (December 31, 2025 - \$413.5 million), and a 50 basis point increase or decrease in interest rates would result in an annualized increase or decrease in interest expensed or capitalized in aggregate of \$4.4 million (December 31, 2025 - \$2.1 million).

Currency risk on U.S. dollar borrowings

From time to time, the Trust funds its Canadian assets by electing to draw on the revolving unsecured operating line of credit in U.S. dollars, bearing interest at USD-SOFR when it is determined that it is economically advantageous to do so. The Trust will concurrently enter into cross-currency swaps to hedge foreign exchange risk on these U.S. dollar borrowings. As at June 30, 2026, the Trust has no cross-currency swaps outstanding.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Trust may not have access to sufficient debt and equity capital to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Trust mitigates its liquidity risk by staggering the maturity dates of its long-term debt, actively renewing expiring credit arrangements, utilizing undrawn operating lines of credit, maintaining a large number of assets unencumbered by debt and issuing equity when considered appropriate.

- For the timing of expected settlements of debentures, mortgages, and funds drawn against the Trust's lines of credit and other bank loans, refer to Note 9, Note 10 and Note 11 for details.

The Trust expects to meet its future financing requirements through existing cash balances, internally generated cash flows, refinancing maturing debt, utilization of its operating lines of credit, credit facilities, construction financing facilities, mortgaging unencumbered assets, issuance of unsecured debentures, the sale of non-core assets, sales proceeds from residential inventory or air rights sales, strategic development partnerships and the issuance of equity when considered appropriate.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to RioCan that arises from the possibility that:

- Tenants may experience financial difficulty and are unable to fulfill their lease commitments or tenants fail to occupy and pay rent in accordance with existing lease agreements, some of which are conditional.
- Borrowers default on the repayment of their mortgages or loans receivable to the Trust or investment entity in which the Trust has an investment.
- Third parties default on the repayment of debt whereby RioCan has provided guarantees, including guarantees by RioCan on behalf of its co-owners and on behalf of purchasers who assumed mortgages on property dispositions.
- Customers may not be able to close financing on a condominium unit previously occupied and recognized in revenue.

The Trust mitigates tenant credit risk through geographical diversification, staggered lease maturities, diversification of revenue sources resulting from a large tenant base, avoiding dependence on any single tenant by ensuring no individual tenant contributes a significant percentage of the Trust's gross revenue, ensuring a considerable portion of the Trust's revenue is earned from national and anchor tenants, and conducting credit assessments for new tenants. Furthermore, RioCan holds security deposits and letters of credit from a number of tenants, which can serve to offset rents owed on a tenant-by-tenant basis in the unfortunate event of unresolved tenant defaults. For condominium or townhouse sales, RioCan and its partners require deposits on signing, mortgage pre-approvals, actively monitor the collection of interim occupancy payments, work closely with project-specific mortgage brokers where applicable, retain title to the unit until final closing and initiate recovery procedures when required.

Management reviews contractual rent receivables and amounts due on condominium final closings on a regular basis and reduces carrying amounts through the use of allowance for doubtful accounts recognizing the amount of any loss in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of income within non-recoverable property operating costs and residential inventory cost of sales, respectively.

As at June 30, 2026, the allowance for doubtful accounts related to contractual rent receivables and the allowance for doubtful accounts related to condominium final closings were \$7.9 million and \$0.5 million, respectively (December 31, 2025 - \$8.8 million and \$3.3 million, respectively). RioCan holds approximately \$42.9 million of security deposits and approximately \$2.1 million in letters of credit from a number of tenants, which could be used to offset rents owed on a tenant-by-tenant basis in the event of unresolved tenant defaults.

Credit risk relating to mortgages and loans receivable and third-party guarantees is mitigated through recourse against such counterparties and/or the underlying real estate. These financial instruments are generally considered to have low credit risk. The Trust monitors the debt service ability and the fair value of the properties underlying the mortgages and loans receivable and third-party guarantees to assess for changes in credit risk. Credit risk relating to finance lease receivables is mitigated through recourse against such counterparties and/or re-recognition of the forfeited leased unit as investment property. Refer to Note 29 for third-party guarantees.

As at June 30, 2026, the allowance for credit losses on mortgages and loans receivable and guarantee liabilities were \$19.9 million and \$nil, respectively, and were related to RC-HBC LP (December 31, 2025 - \$16.5 million and \$12.4 million, respectively). Refer to Note 4 for more information.

RioCan's Declaration of Trust contains provisions that have the effect of limiting the amount of space that can be leased to one tenant and its investment in mortgages and loans receivable.

The maximum exposure to credit risk on financial assets on the consolidated balance sheets is their carrying values.

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
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(In thousands of Canadian dollars, tabular amounts in thousands, except per unit amounts or unless otherwise noted)

25. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Trust defines capital as the aggregate of Unitholders' equity and debt. The Trust's capital management framework is designed to maintain a level of capital that complies with investment and debt restrictions pursuant to RioCan's Declaration of Trust, complies with existing debt covenants, enables the Trust to achieve target credit ratings, implement its business strategies and builds long-term Unitholder value. The key elements of RioCan's capital management framework are approved by its Unitholders via the Trust's Declaration of Trust and by its Board through their annual review of the Trust's strategic plan and budget, supplemented by periodic Board and Board Committee meetings. Capital adequacy is monitored by the Trust by assessing performance against the approved annual plan throughout the year, which is updated accordingly, and by monitoring adherence to investment and debt restrictions contained in the Declaration of Trust and debt covenants.

As at and during the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust is in compliance with its investment and debt restrictions pursuant to RioCan's Declaration of Trust.

The Trust's debentures payable have covenants that include a maximum Debt to Aggregate Assets Ratio (defined in the indenture) of 60%, maintenance of at least \$1 billion of Adjusted Book Equity (defined in the indenture) and maintenance of at least an Interest Coverage Ratio (defined in the indenture) of 1.65x for a rolling twelve-month period. As at and for the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust is in compliance with these covenants.

The following table presents RioCan's capital structure:

As at	Note	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Debentures payable	9	\$ 3,939,514	\$ 4,338,865
Mortgages payable	10	1,869,708	2,184,306
Lines of credit and other bank loans	11	1,106,879	601,194
Mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale	10	75,594	28,343
Total debt		6,991,695	7,152,708
Unitholders' equity		7,177,174	7,157,263
Total capital		\$ 14,168,869	\$ 14,309,971

Revolving unsecured operating line of credit and non-revolving unsecured credit facilities

The Trust is subject to certain key financial covenants pursuant to the agreement governing its revolving unsecured operating line of credit and non-revolving unsecured credit facilities, which are calculated on a rolling twelve-month basis. As at June 30, 2026, the Trust is in compliance with all applicable financial covenants.

The following table summarizes the Trust's performance relative to these key financial covenants:

As at	Key covenant	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Total Indebtedness (i) (vi)	< 60%	48.6 %	50.0 %
Secured Indebtedness (ii) (vi)	< 40%	14.8 %	18.6 %
Debt Service Coverage (iii) (vi)	> 1.5x	2.0x	2.0x
Minimum Unitholders' equity (in millions)	> \$5,000	\$7,177	\$7,157
Ratio of Unencumbered Property Assets to Unsecured Indebtedness (iv) (v) (vi)	> 1.5x	1.9x	1.9x
Properties held for development as a percentage of consolidated gross book value of assets	< 15%	5.3 %	5.5 %

- (i) Effective June 25, 2025, Total Indebtedness consists of the contractual amounts outstanding on mortgages payable, lines of credit and other bank loans, debentures payable, capital lease obligations, contingent liabilities and guarantee liabilities recorded on the balance sheet, and the maximum exposure to loss for all third-party debt where RioCan has provided a financial guarantee or indemnity, in aggregate in excess of \$400 million.
- (ii) Secured Indebtedness includes mortgages payable, mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale, secured construction lines and other bank loans, and capital lease obligations, which are secured against investment properties. It also includes guarantee liabilities recorded on the consolidated balance sheets, and the maximum exposure to loss for all third-party debt where RioCan has provided a financial guarantee or indemnity, in aggregate in excess of \$400 million.
- (iii) Debt Service Coverage is calculated on a rolling twelve-month basis and includes regular mortgage principal and interest payments, including interest capitalized on properties under development.
- (iv) Effective June 25, 2025, Unsecured Indebtedness includes the contractual amounts outstanding of the revolving unsecured operating line of credit, non-revolving unsecured credit facilities, debentures payable, contingent liabilities and guarantee liabilities recorded on the balance sheet, and the maximum exposure to loss for all third-party debt where RioCan has provided a financial guarantee, in aggregate in excess of \$400 million.
- (v) Unencumbered Property Assets consist of properties that have not been pledged as security for debt. The Unencumbered Property Assets to Unsecured Indebtedness Ratio is calculated as Unencumbered Assets divided by Unsecured Indebtedness.
- (vi) These ratios reflect equity-accounted investments on a proportionately consolidated basis.

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
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(In thousands of Canadian dollars, tabular amounts in thousands, except per unit amounts or unless otherwise noted)

26. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Operating activities

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Interest received	\$ 3,393	\$ 7,031	\$ 8,515	\$ 30,562
Interest paid	(77,468)	(78,737)	(148,557)	(151,858)

Investing activities

The following table provides a reconciliation of capital expenditures on income producing properties:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Recoverable and non-recoverable costs	\$ (1,627)	\$ (6,486)	\$ (3,963)	\$ (17,790)
Tenant improvements and external leasing commissions	(13,223)	(14,115)	(23,054)	(34,338)
Capital expenditures on income producing properties	\$ (14,850)	\$ (20,601)	\$ (27,017)	\$ (52,128)

Financing activities

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Distributions paid:				
Distributions declared during the period	\$ (84,278)	\$ (85,601)	\$ (168,534)	\$ (170,460)
Distributions declared in the prior period paid in the current period	(28,067)	(28,679)	(28,338)	(27,790)
Distributions declared in the current period paid in the next period	28,067	28,456	28,067	28,456
Distributions paid	\$ (84,278)	\$ (85,824)	\$ (168,805)	\$ (169,794)

The following provides a reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

Six months ended June 30, 2026	Mortgages payable	Lines of credit and other bank loans	Debentures
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 2,212,649	\$ 601,194	\$ 4,338,865
Proceeds/advances, net	43,844	635,328	198,999
Repayments	(200,058)	(130,207)	(600,000)
Non-cash changes:			
Deferred financing costs and premiums and discounts	9,661	564	1,650
VTB mortgage or contractual principal assumed on acquisition/disposition, net	(120,794)	—	—
Balance, end of period	\$ 1,945,302	\$ 1,106,879	\$ 3,939,514
Mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale	75,594	—	—
	\$ 1,869,708	\$ 1,106,879	\$ 3,939,514

Six months ended June 30, 2025	Mortgages payable	Lines of credit and other bank loans	Debentures
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 2,851,602	\$ 383,658	\$ 4,088,654
Proceeds/advances, net	26,149	441,351	547,851
Repayments	(352,999)	(87,827)	(500,000)
Non-cash changes:			
Deferred financing costs and premiums and discounts	1,355	308	1,554
VTB mortgage or contractual principal assumed on acquisition/disposition, net	—	34,084	—
Balance, end of period	\$ 2,526,107	\$ 771,574	\$ 4,138,059
Mortgages payable associated with assets held for sale	98,815	—	—
	\$ 2,427,292	\$ 771,574	\$ 4,138,059

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST **NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** **FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2026 AND 2025**

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, tabular amounts in thousands, except per unit amounts or unless otherwise noted)

27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

RioCan's related parties include the following persons and/or entities:

- Associates, joint ventures or entities that are controlled or significantly influenced by the Trust; and
- Key management personnel including the Trustees and those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of RioCan, directly or indirectly.

Activity and transactions with associates and joint ventures are disclosed in Note 4.

On March 23, 2026, the Trust appointed the Senior Vice President, Finance as Interim Chief Financial Officer, during the temporary medical leave of the Chief Financial Officer.

Effective June 29, 2026, Ms. Susan McArthur was appointed to RioCan's Board as a Trustee.

As at June 30, 2026, the Trust's key management personnel include each of the Trustees and the following officers: President & Chief Executive Officer, Senior Vice President, Finance & Interim Chief Financial Officer, Chief Investment Officer and Chief Operating Officer.

Remuneration of the Trust's Trustees and Key Executives during the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 were as follows:

	Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
	Trustees		Key Executives		Trustees		Key Executives	
	2026	2025	2026	2025 (i)	2026	2025	2026	2025 (i)
Compensation and benefits	\$ 89	\$ 87	\$ 1,625	\$ 1,325	\$ 177	\$ 195	\$ 3,203	\$ 2,784
Unit-based compensation	1,260	1,422	1,443	647	1,612	1,784	1,940	1,822
Post-employment benefit costs	—	—	71	60	—	—	129	115
	\$ 1,349	\$ 1,509	\$ 3,139	\$ 2,032	\$ 1,789	\$ 1,979	\$ 5,272	\$ 4,721

(i) The comparative for unit-based compensation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 has been restated.

28. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

RioCan primarily owns, develops, manages and operates retail-focused properties located in Canada. In measuring its performance, the Trust does not distinguish or group its operations on a geographical or other basis and, accordingly, has a single reportable segment. Management has applied judgment by aggregating its operating segments into one reportable segment for disclosure purposes. Such judgment considers the nature of property operations, tenant mix and an expectation that operating segments within a reportable segment have similar long-term economic characteristics. The Trust's President and Chief Executive Officer is the chief operating decision-maker and regularly reviews RioCan's operations and performance on an individual property basis. RioCan does not have any single major tenant or a significant group of tenants.

29. CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

Third-party guarantees

As at June 30, 2026, the maximum exposure to credit loss resulting from the Trust's debt guarantees on behalf of certain co-owners' or joint-venture partners' interests and mortgages assumed by purchasers on property dispositions is \$304.7 million (December 31, 2025 - \$351.3 million), which expires between 2026 and 2029. As at June 30, 2026, the Trust has accrued guarantee liabilities of \$nil. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, the Trust has accrued provision for guarantee losses of \$nil and \$0.6 million in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Refer to Note 4 and Note 12 for more details.

Letters of credit and surety bonds

The Trust has aggregate letter of credit facilities with certain Schedule I banks totalling \$52.5 million (December 31, 2025 - \$55.2 million). As at June 30, 2026, the Trust's outstanding letters of credit under these facilities are \$27.0 million (December 31, 2025 - \$29.4 million).

The Trust is contingently liable for surety bonds that have been provided to support condominium developments and warranties in the amount of \$38.3 million (December 31, 2025 - \$124.5 million).

Investment commitments

As at June 30, 2026, the Trust has total unfunded investment commitments of \$84.8 million relating to equity-accounted investments and other investments (December 31, 2025 - \$95.3 million). In addition, within RioCan's investment in equity-accounted investments, there are \$9.6 million in construction commitments at RioCan's ownership interest pertaining to development activities (December 31, 2025 - \$10.4 million). Refer to Note 3 for investment property purchase commitments.

Construction commitments

RioCan has entered into commitments for development activity and building renovations from leasing activity. As at June 30, 2026, the commitments for investment properties and residential inventory are \$76.1 million (December 31, 2025 - \$58.0 million).

RIOCAN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
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(In thousands of Canadian dollars, tabular amounts in thousands, except per unit amounts or unless otherwise noted)

Litigation

The Trust is involved with litigation and claims that arise from time to time in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, any liability that may arise from such contingencies will not have a significant adverse effect on the Trust's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Jonathan Gitlin, President and Chief Executive Officer

Dennis Blasutti, Chief Financial Officer⁽¹⁾

Franca Smith, Interim Chief Financial Officer and Senior Vice President, Finance

John Ballantyne, Chief Operating Officer

Andrew Duncan, Chief Investment Officer

Terri Andrianopoulos, Senior Vice President, People and Brand

Oliver Harrison, Senior Vice President, Leasing and Tenant Experience

Jennifer Suess, O.Ont., Senior Vice President, General Counsel, ESG and Corporate Secretary

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Edward Sonshine, O.Ont., K.C.

Non-Executive Chairman

Siim A. Vanaselja^{(3),(4)}

Lead Trustee and Chair of the Nominating, Environmental, Social and Governance Committee

Janice Fukakusa, C.M.⁽²⁾

Chair of the Audit Committee

Jonathan Gitlin

Marie-Josée Lamothe^{(2),(5)}

Dale H. Lastman, C.M., O.Ont.

Jane Marshall⁽⁵⁾

Chair of the People, Culture and Compensation Committee

Susan McArthur^{(2),(3)}

Guy Metcalfe^{(4),(5)}

Charles M. Winograd⁽³⁾

Chair of the Investment Committee

UNITHOLDER INFORMATION

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Investor Relations

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TSX Trust Company

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Website: www.tsxtrust.com

Email: shareholderinquiries@tmx.com

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

The Toronto Stock Exchange

Trading Symbol: Trust Units – REI.UN

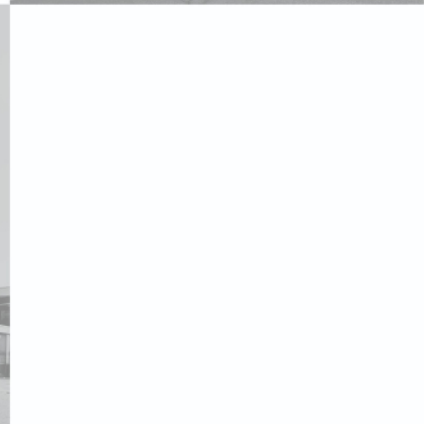
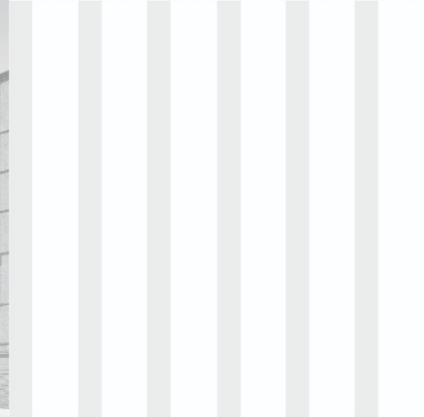
1) Mr. Blasutti is currently on a temporary medical leave of absence.

2) Member of the Nominating, Environmental, Social and Governance Committee.

3) Member of the Audit Committee.

4) Member of the People, Culture and Compensation Committee.

5) Member of the Investment Committee.



RIO CAN

REAL VISION. SOLID GROUND.

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